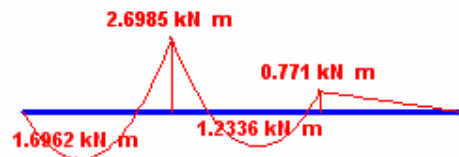




SARGONI®

MAIN BEAMS CLEVER SOLVER TEST SCHEDULES



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These tests are mainly intended to prove Sargon static solver reliability, and are a first set of tests regarding “main beams”, that is simple beam models easy to check by hand or using published data. Since in statically indeterminate structure results depend on shear areas, and since usually published results do not take into account the effect of shear deformation energy, shear areas have in these cases been set to 0, thus neglecting shear energy contributions. These tests do use notional section data values, such as 1 for second moment of area and so on.

The results obtained are always quite satisfactory, that is error are always almost un-existent. Sometimes the need of defining numbers having periodic set of digits (e.g. 1/3) can lead to error different from 0.

Setting up benchmarks like these is not a trivial matter. Extensive work has been done to assure the highest reliability of all data. Errors have been computed automatically by program “checksolvers”, a software testing tool developed by Castalia srl.

This work is open and can be used elsewhere. We ask, nonetheless, to be informed of any use of these data and we ask that these data are used but citing the source, that is the following:

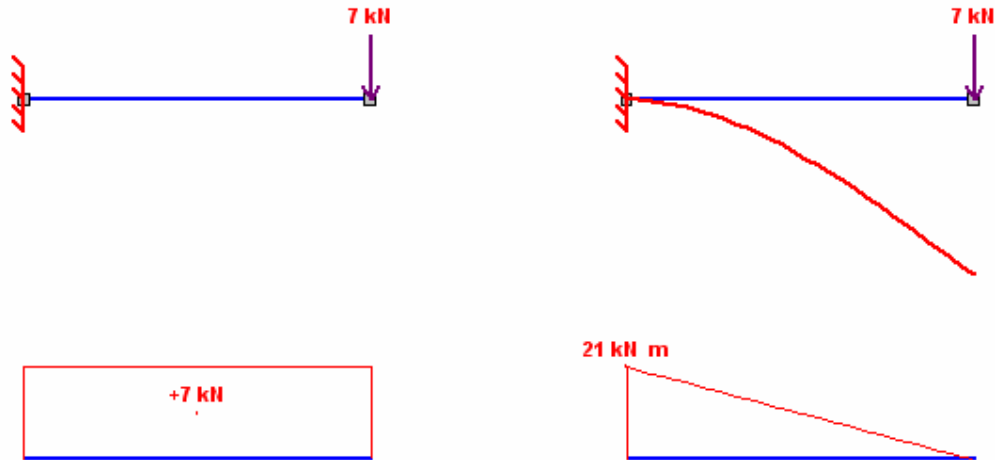
*“Data have been computed by Castalia srl for its fem static solver “CLEVER” validation.
Castalia srl: <http://www.castaliaweb.com>“*

*“Questi dati sono stati calcolati da Castalia srl per la validazione del proprio solutore statico fem CLEVER.
Castalia srl: <http://www.castaliaweb.com>“*

Milan, May 2007

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT001

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT001
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Cantilever with end shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT001

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT001
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Free tip
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.0000e+003	Th	7.0000e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.0000e+003	Th	-7.0000e+003	0.0000e+000	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.1000e+007	Th	-2.1000e+007	0.0000e+000	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000

C_v computed valueT_v target valueT_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

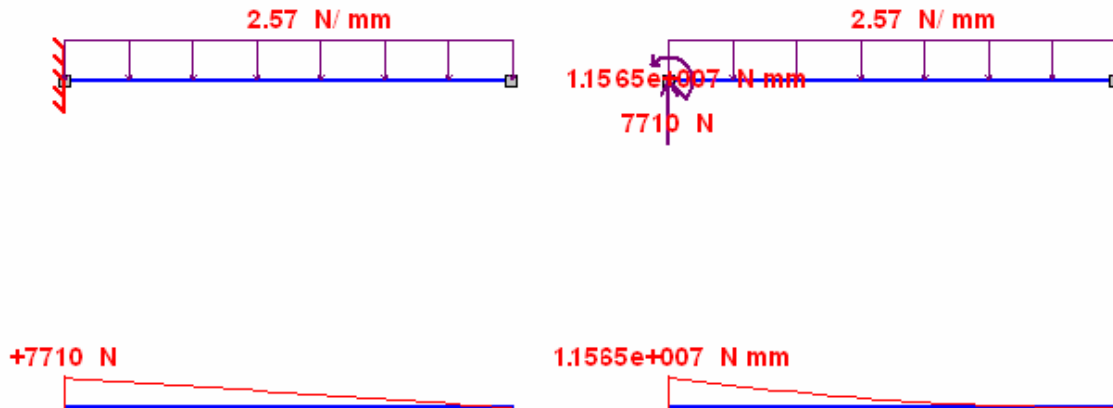
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(C_v - T_v) / T_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli**Computed errors:** checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT002		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT002
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Cantilever with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT002

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT002
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.7100e+003	Th	7.7100e+003	-1.8190e-012	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	1.3642e-012	1.3642e-012	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.1565e+007	Th	-1.1565e+007	3.7253e-009	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	3.2596e-009	3.2596e-009	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

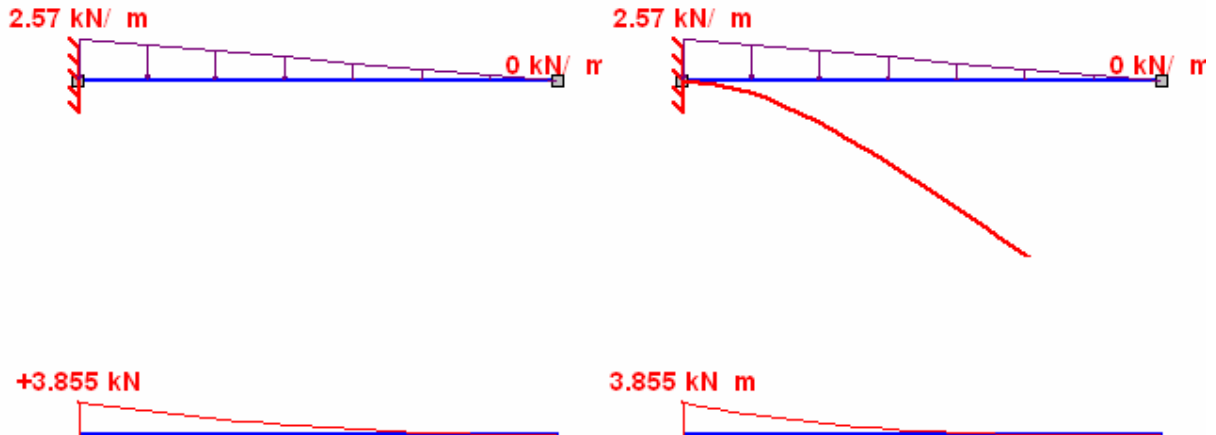
100(C_v - T_v) / T_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT003		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT003
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Cantilever with distributed linear load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT003

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT003
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]			Constraints
3000		-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Points of application
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_v [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	9.0949e-013	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.5475e-013	-4.5475e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.8550e+006	Th	-3.8550e+006	-5.5879e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-6.9849e-010	-6.9849e-010	-0.0000

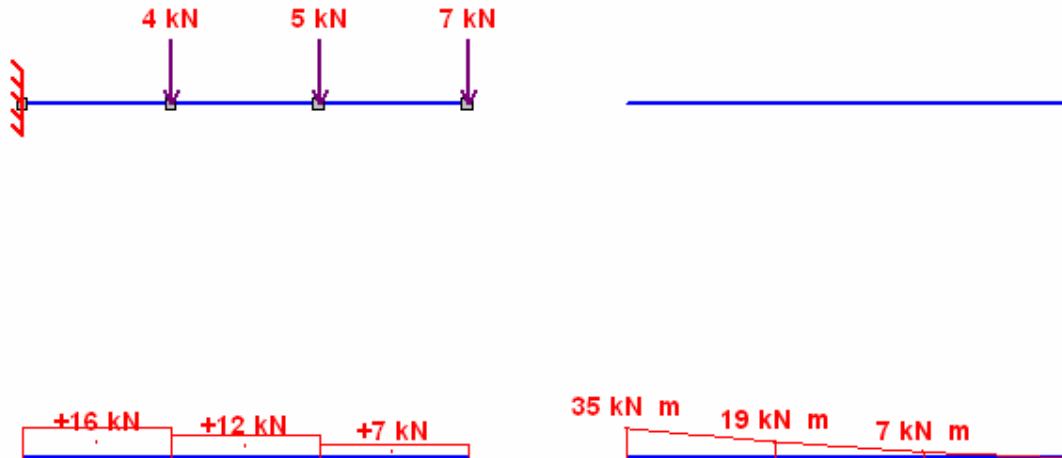
Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Cv - Tv) / Tv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT004

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT004
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Cantilever with end and internal shear forces

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT004

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT004
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Free tip
NODAL FORCE	5.000e+003	Dx2
NODAL FORCE	4.000e+003	Dx1
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.6000e+004	Th	1.6000e+004	1.7462e-010	0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.2000e+004	Th	1.2000e+004	8.7311e-011	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-1.9000e+007	Th	-1.9000e+007	-1.6391e-007	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	-7.0000e+006	Th	-7.0000e+006	-1.0431e-007	0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

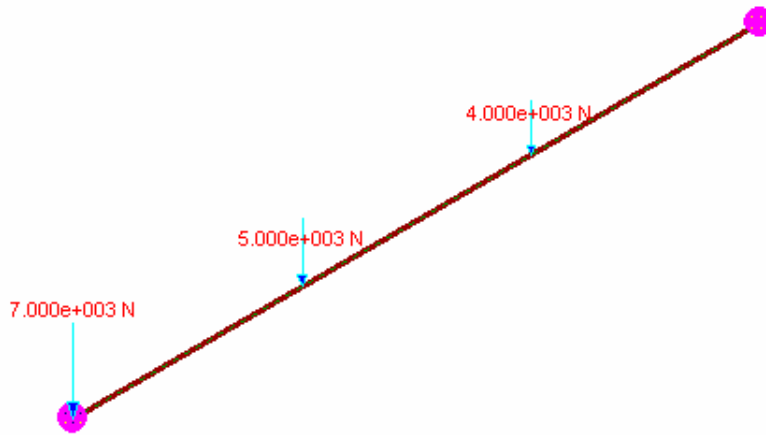
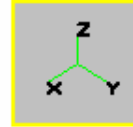
100(Cv - Tv) / Tv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT004BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT004BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Cantilever with end and internal shear forces

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT004BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT004BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Free tip	
force concentrated	4.000e+003	Dx1	
force concentrated	5.000e+003	Dx2	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.6000e+004	Th	1.6000e+004	-5.4570e-012	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.0000e+003	Th	-7.0000e+003	5.4570e-012	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.5000e+007	Th	-3.5000e+007	-1.0000e-001	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	3.7253e-009	3.7253e-009	0.0000

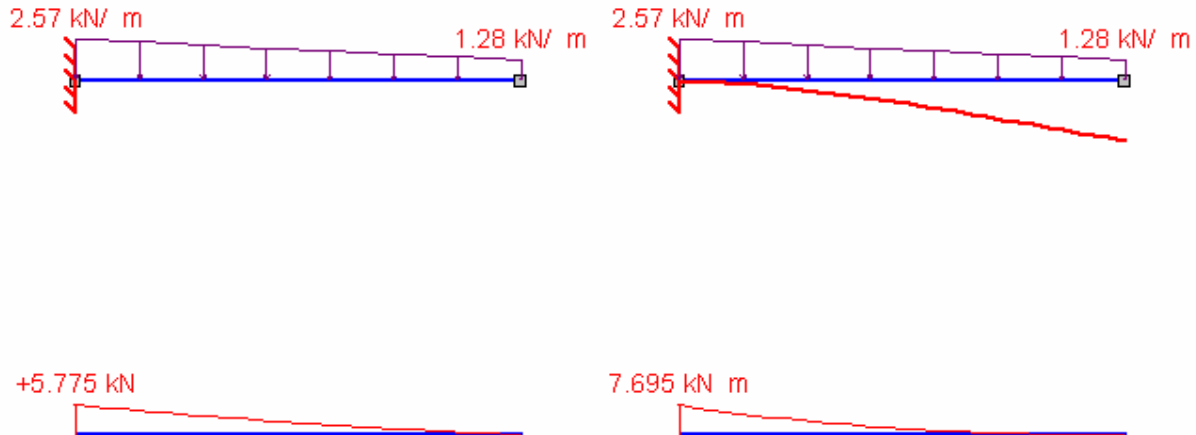
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(C_v - T_v) / T_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT005

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT005
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Cantilever with linear load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT005

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT005
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 1.280e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_v [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES

vs

COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	5.7750e+003	Th	5.7750e+003	1.8190e-012	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-9.0949e-013	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.6950e+006	Th	-7.6950e+006	-4.6566e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-2.3283e-010	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

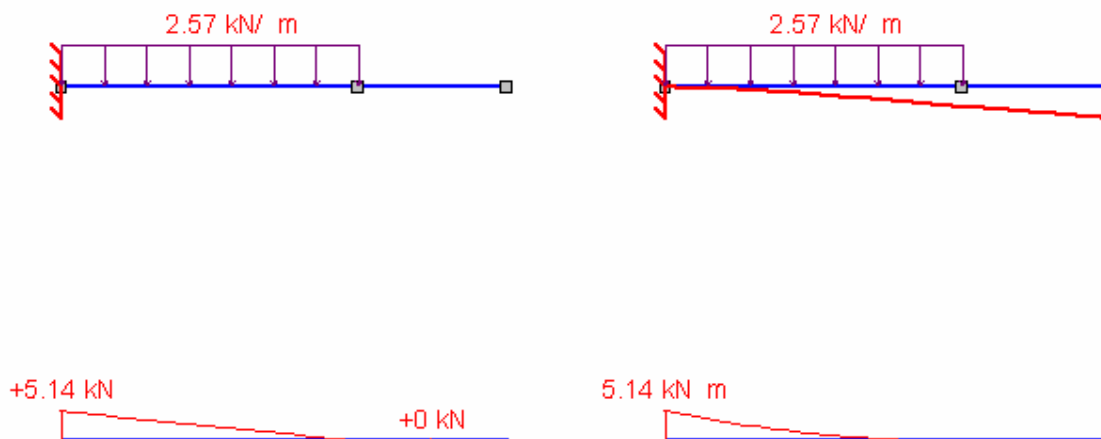
100(Cv - Tv) / Tv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT006

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT006
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Cantilever with distributed internal constant load (clamped side)

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely not been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT006

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT006
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	2000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Clamped tip-Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES
vs
COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	5.1400e+003	Th	5.1400e+003	9.0949e-012	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-9.0949e-012	-9.0949e-012	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-5.1400e+006	Th	-5.1400e+006	-2.8871e-008	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	1.0710e-008	1.0710e-008	0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

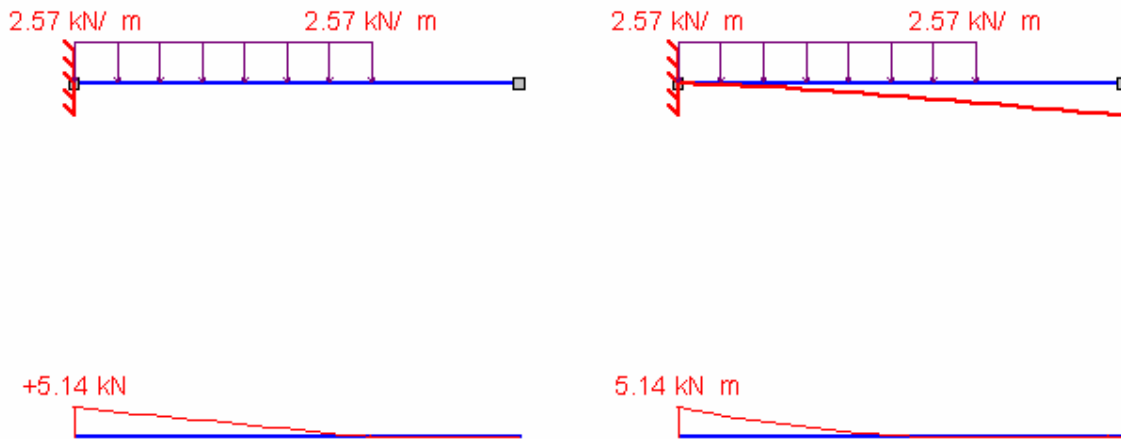
 $100(C_v - T_v) / T_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT006BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT006BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Cantilever with distributed internal constant load (clamped side)

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT006BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT006BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	2000	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Clamped tip-Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	5.1400e+003	Th	5.1400e+003	2.5700e-004	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-5.1400e+006	Th	-5.1400e+006	-5.1400e-001	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-6.9849e-010	-6.9849e-010	-0.0000

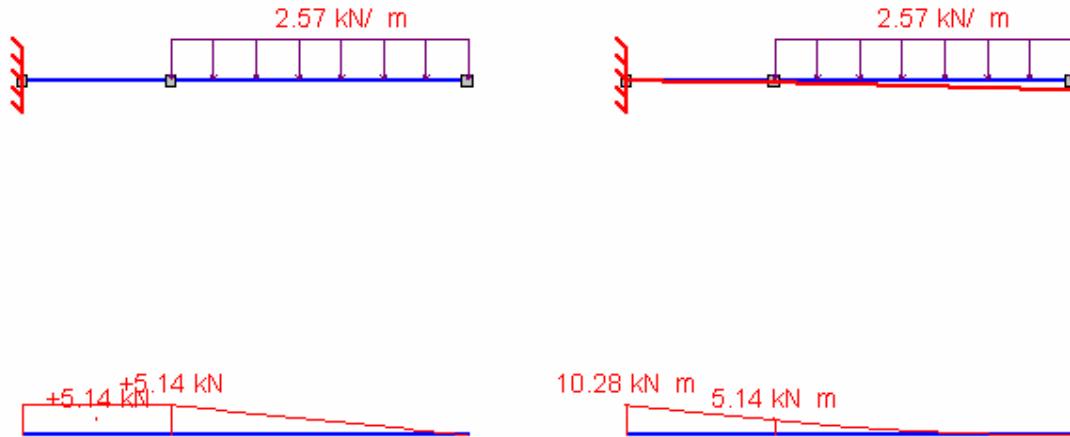
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(C_v - T_v) / T_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT007

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT007
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Cantilever with distributed internal constant load (free tip side)

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT007

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT007
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Dx1-Free tip
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	5.1400e+003	Th	5.1400e+003	1.4552e-011	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-3.6380e-012	-3.6380e-012	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.0280e+007	Th	-1.0280e+007	-1.4901e-008	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	5.1400e+006	Th	5.1400e+006	7.4506e-009	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

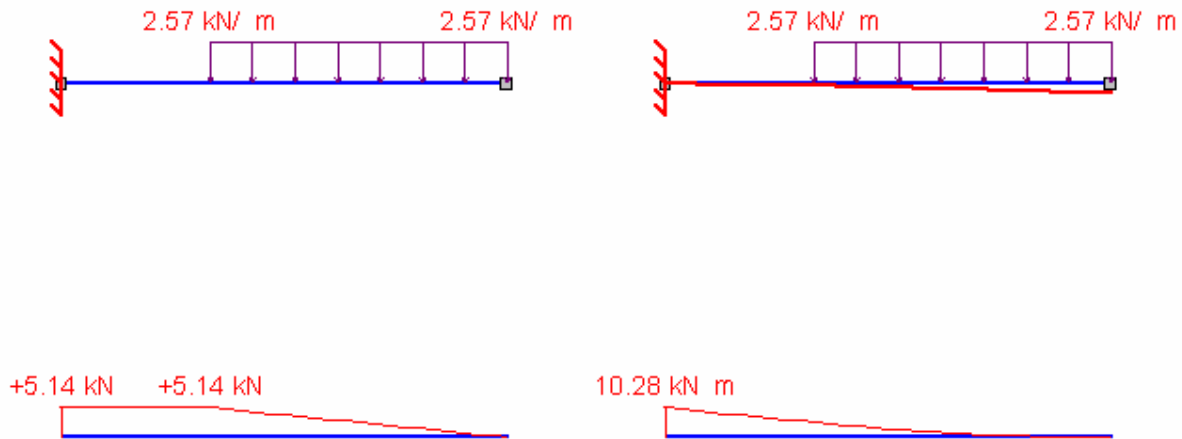
$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT007BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT007BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Cantilever with distributed internal constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT007BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT007BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1000	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx1-Free tip	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	5.1400e+003	Th	5.1400e+003	2.5700e-004	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.5475e-013	-4.5475e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.0280e+007	Th	-1.0280e+007	-2.5700e-001	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-6.9849e-010	-6.9849e-010	-0.0000

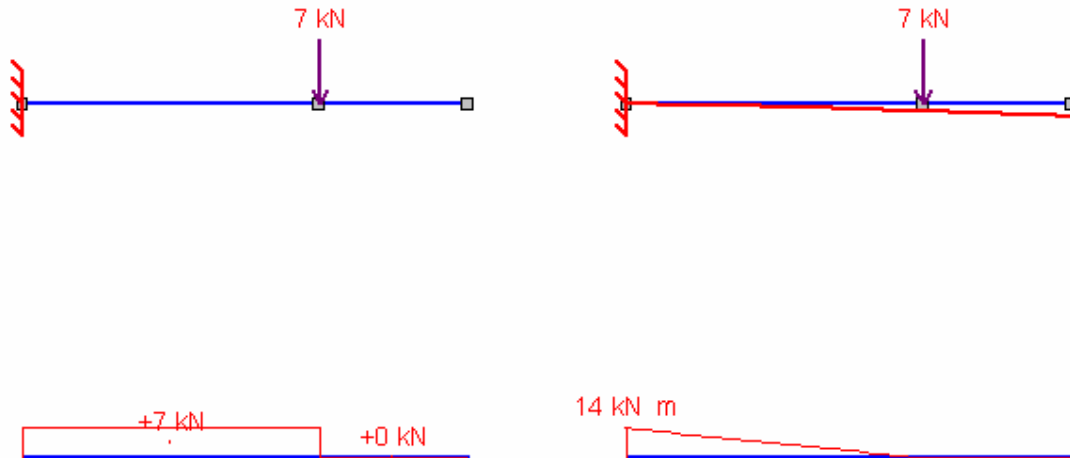
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT008

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT008
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Cantilever with internal shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT008

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT008
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	2000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.0000e+003	Th	7.0000e+003	3.6380e-011	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.0000e+003	Th	-7.0000e+003	-3.6380e-011	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.4000e+007	Th	-1.4000e+007	-1.0803e-007	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.8626e-008	-1.8626e-008	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

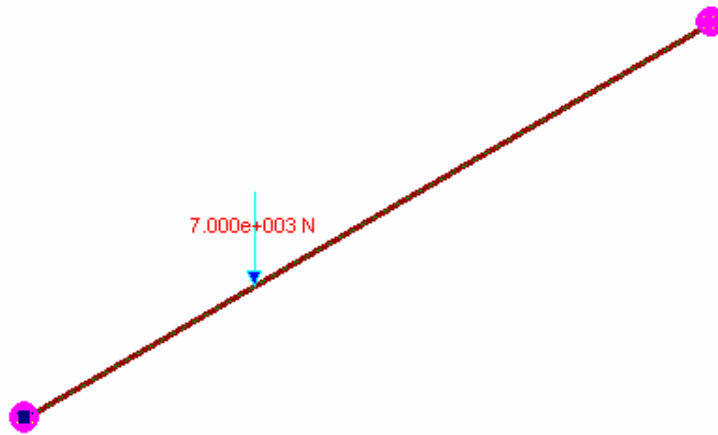
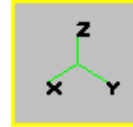
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT008BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT008BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Cantilever with internal shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT008BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT008BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	2000	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.0000e+003	Th	7.0000e+003	-1.8190e-012	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	1.8190e-012	1.8190e-012	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.4000e+007	Th	-1.4000e+007	-7.0000e-001	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	1.8626e-009	1.8626e-009	0.0000

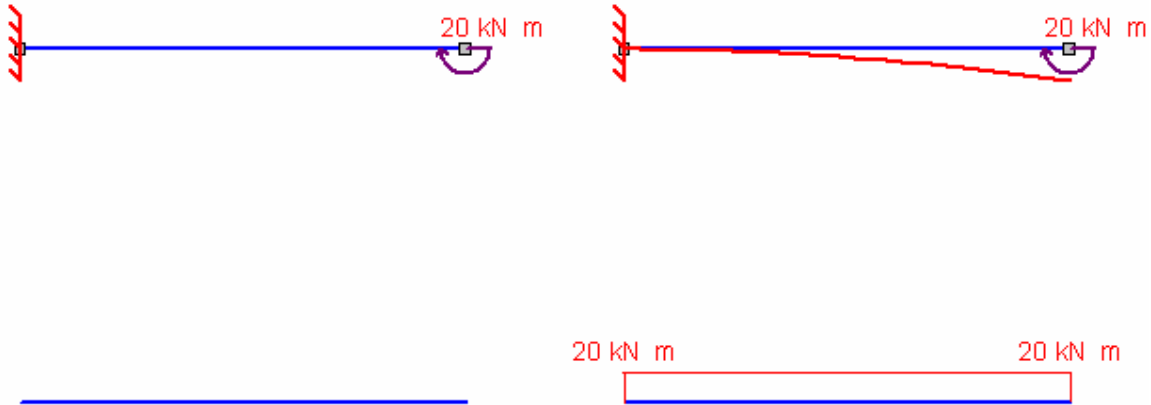
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT009

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT009
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Cantilever with end bending moment

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT009

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT009
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL MOMENT	2.000e+007	Free tip
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.0000e+007	Th	-2.0000e+007	-7.4506e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.0000e+007	Th	2.0000e+007	0.0000e+000	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

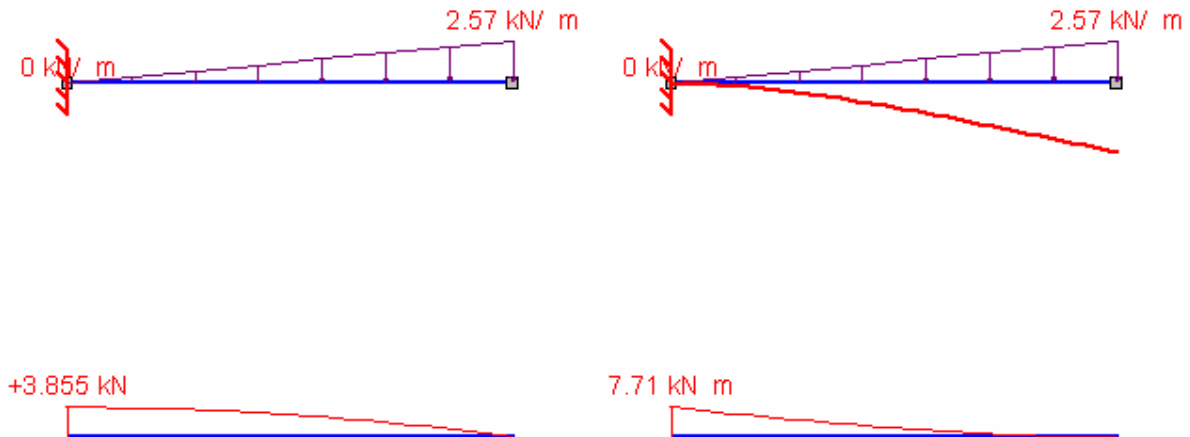
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT010

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT010
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Cantilever with distributed linear load (most loaded tip)

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT010

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT010
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_v [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vk}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	-1.8190e-012	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	9.0949e-013	9.0949e-013	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.7100e+006	Th	-7.7100e+006	3.7253e-009	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	1.6298e-009	1.6298e-009	0.0000

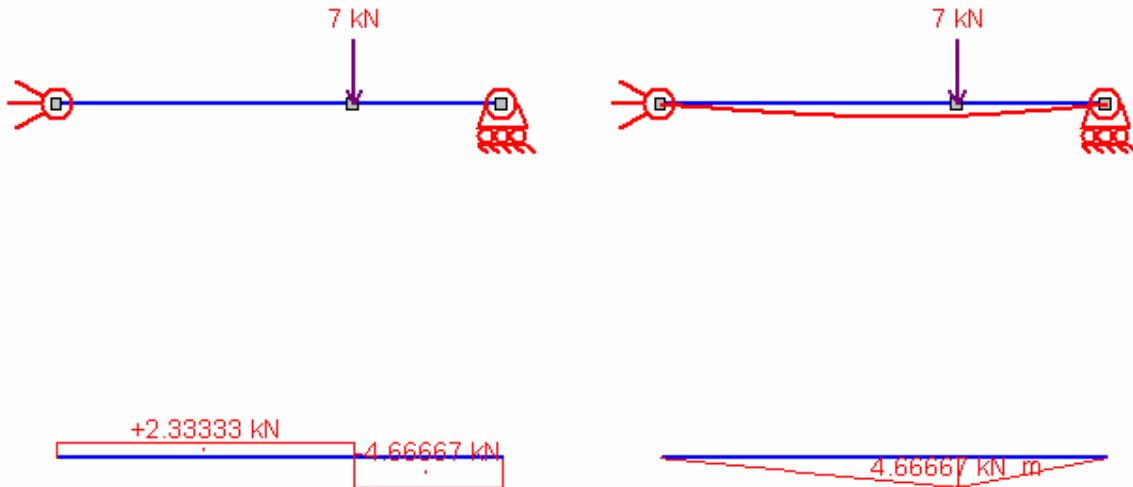
Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT011

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT011
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Simply supported beam with internal shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown – is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT011

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT011
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1			Constraints
3000	2000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.3333e+003	Th	2.3333e+003	3.3333e-007	0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-4.6667e+003	Th	-4.6667e+003	3.3334e-007	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.8626e-009	-1.8626e-009	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-4.6667e+006	Th	-4.6667e+006	3.3334e-004	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

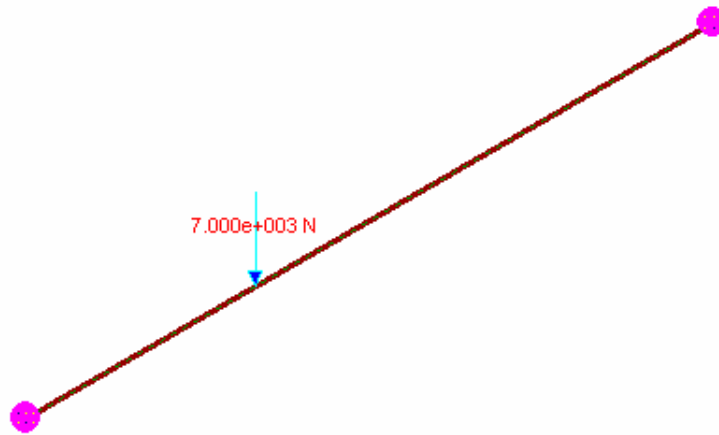
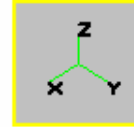
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT011BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT011BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with internal shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT011BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT011BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	2000	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.3333e+003	Th	2.3333e+003	-2.3300e-004	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	4.6667e+003	Th	4.6667e+003	2.3300e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	6.9849e-010	6.9849e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-9.3132e-010	-9.3132e-010	-0.0000

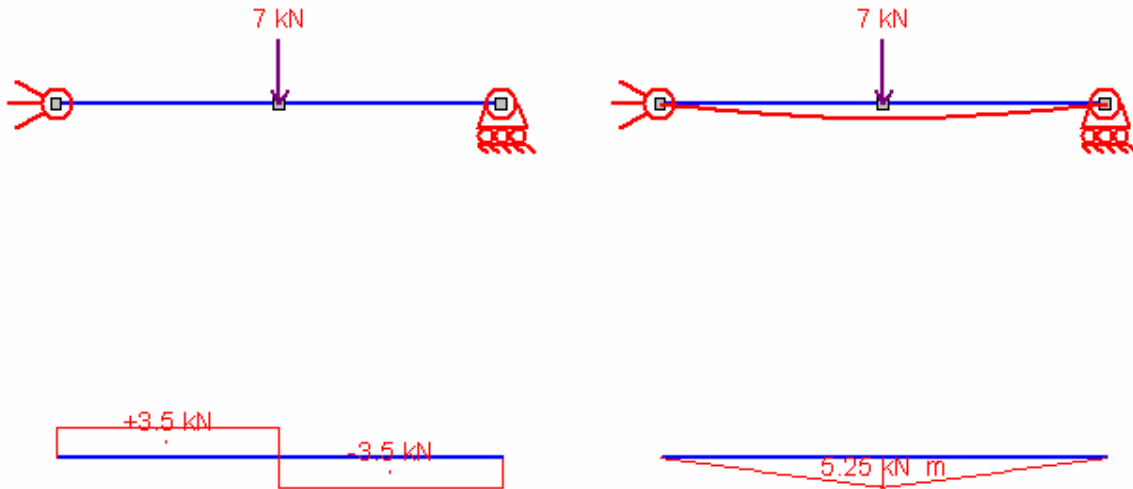
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT012

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT012
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Simply supported beam with internal shear force (midpoint)

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown – is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT012

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT012
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1500	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.5000e+003	Th	3.5000e+003	-1.8190e-012	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-3.5000e+003	Th	-3.5000e+003	1.8190e-012	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-5.2500e+006	Th	-5.2500e+006	-1.8626e-009	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

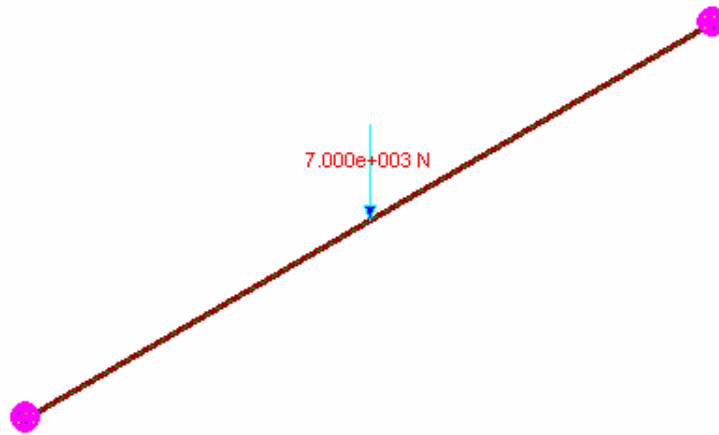
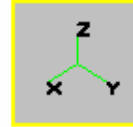
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT012BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT012BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with internal shear force (midpoint)

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT012BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT012BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1500	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.5000e+003	Th	3.5000e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.5000e+003	Th	3.5000e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-9.3132e-010	-9.3132e-010	-0.0000

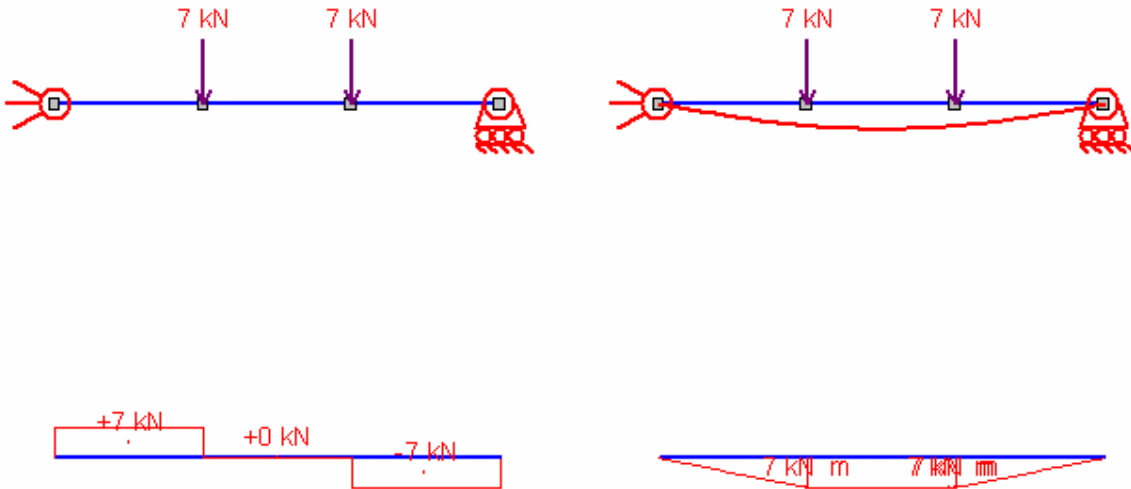
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT013

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT013
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two equal internal shear forces

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT013

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT013
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx2
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.0000e+003	Th	7.0000e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	7.0000e+003	Th	7.0000e+003	1.4552e-011	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-6.5193e-009	-6.5193e-009	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-7.0000e+006	Th	-7.0000e+006	-9.3132e-009	0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

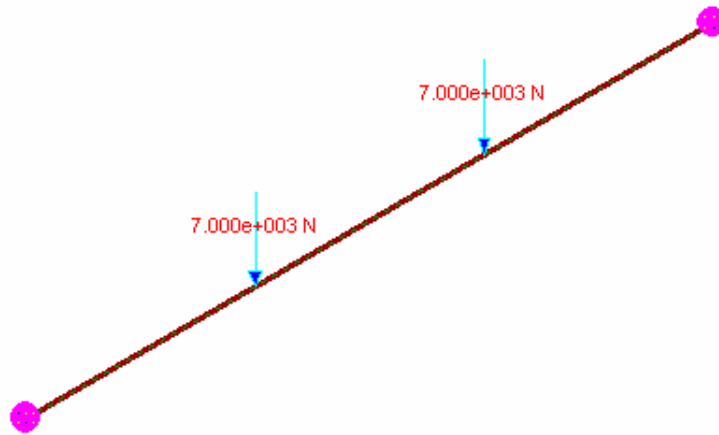
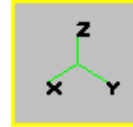
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT013BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT013BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two equal internal shear forces

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT013BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT013BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx2	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.0000e+003	Th	7.0000e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.0000e+003	Th	7.0000e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	1.8626e-009	1.8626e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-9.3132e-010	-9.3132e-010	-0.0000

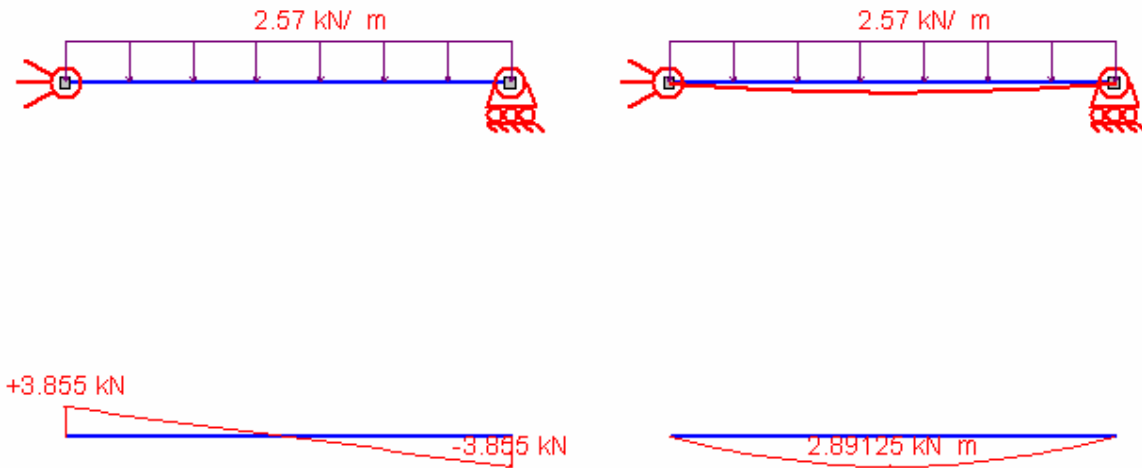
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT014

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT014
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT014

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT014
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

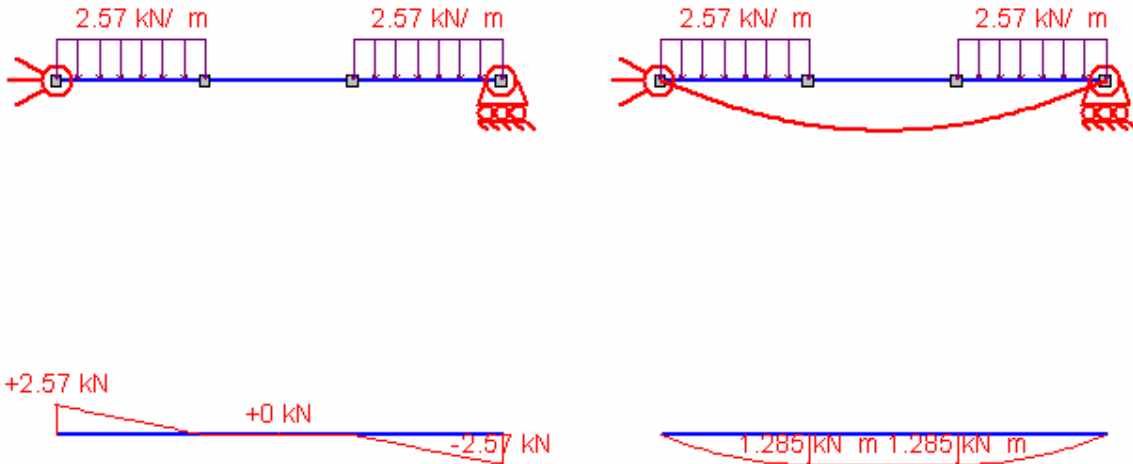
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT015

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT015
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two internal distributed constant loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT015

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT015
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1
force distributed	2.570e+000	Dx2-Right end
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.5700e+003	Th	2.5700e+003	1.3642e-012	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	2.5700e+003	Th	2.5700e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.2850e+006	Th	-1.2850e+006	4.6566e-010	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

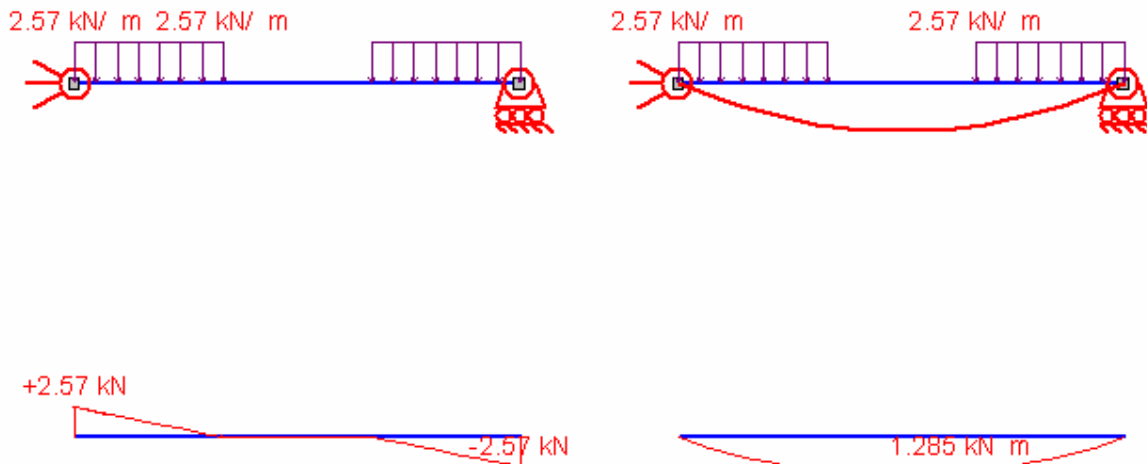
$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT015BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT015BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two internal distributed constant loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT015BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT015BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx2-Right end	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.5700e+003	Th	2.5700e+003	-2.5700e-004	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.5700e+003	Th	2.5700e+003	-2.5700e-004	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.1642e-010	-1.1642e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-2.3283e-010	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000

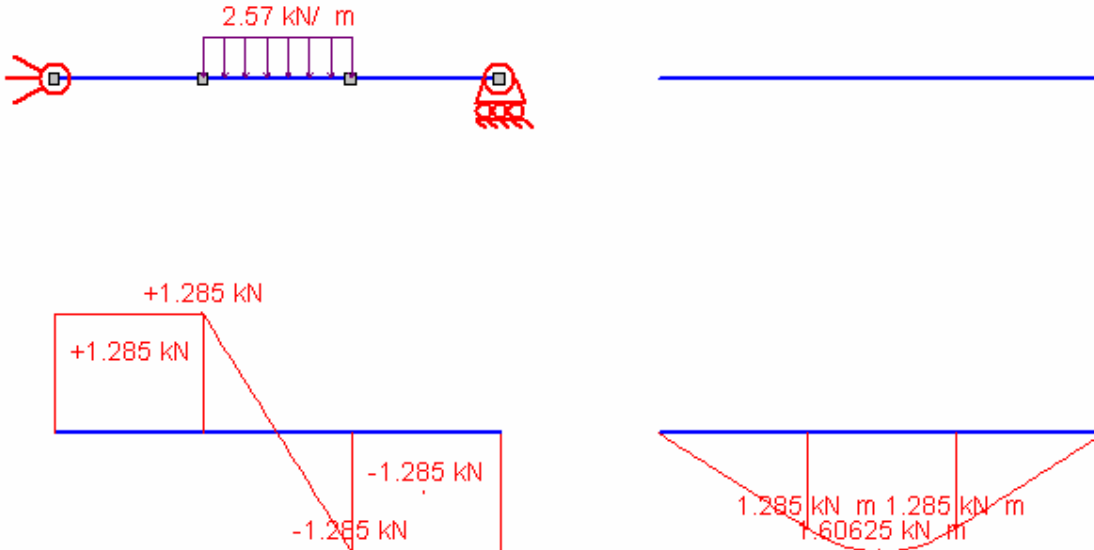
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT016

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT016
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Simply supported beam with internal distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT016

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT016
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Dx1-Dx2
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.2850e+003	Th	1.2850e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.2850e+003	Th	1.2850e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.2850e+006	Th	1.2850e+006	-2.0955e-009	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

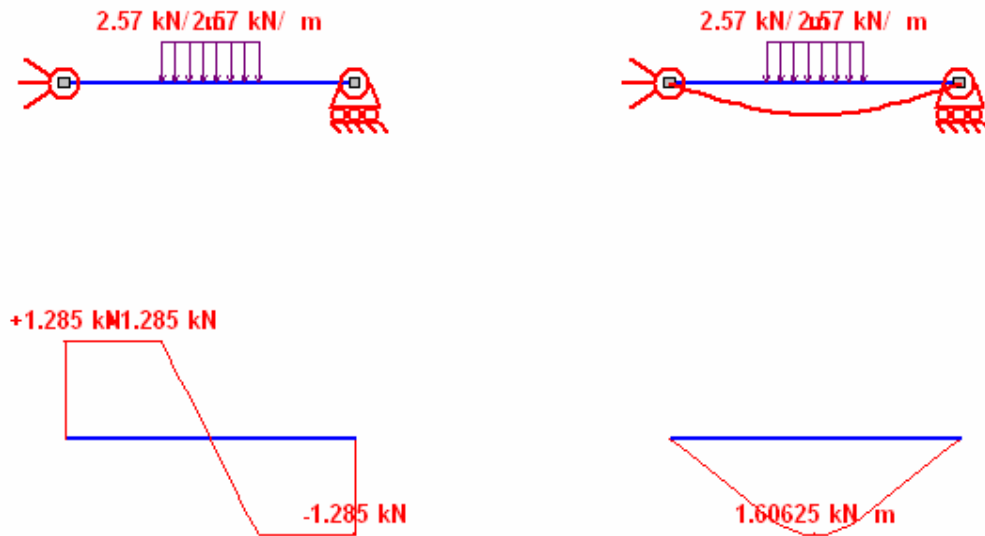
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT016BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT016BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with internal distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT016BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT016BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx1-Dx2	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.2850e+003	Th	1.2850e+003	2.5700e-004	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.2850e+003	Th	1.2850e+003	2.5700e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	1.1642e-010	1.1642e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-3.4925e-010	-3.4925e-010	-0.0000

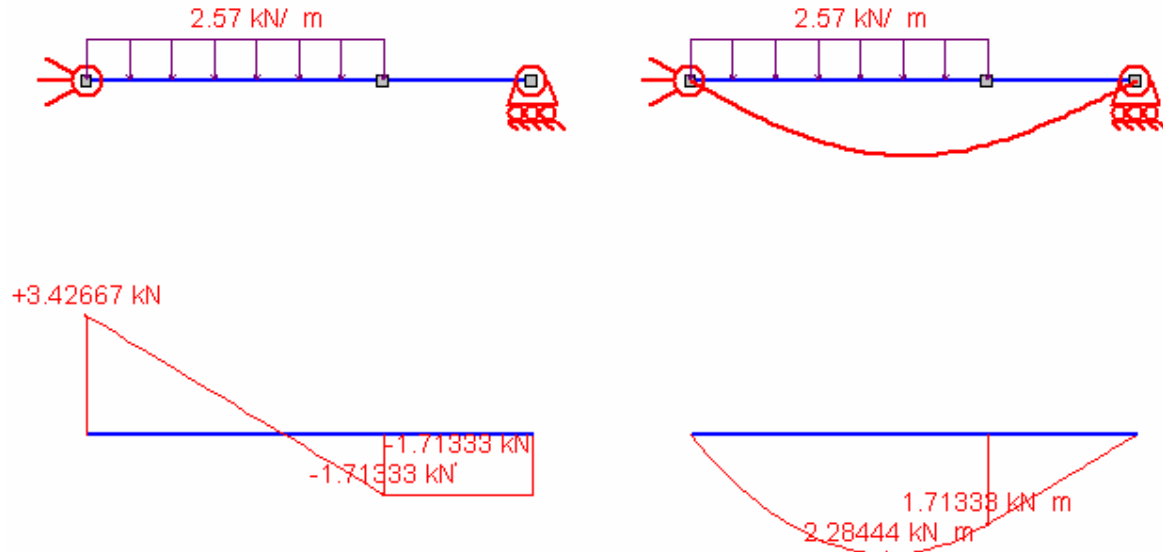
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT017

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT017
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with internal distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT017

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT017
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	2000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.4267e+003	Th	3.4267e+003	-3.3333e-007	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-1.7133e+003	Th	-1.7133e+003	-3.3334e-007	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-2.3283e-010	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.7133e+006	Th	-1.7133e+006	-3.3333e-004	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

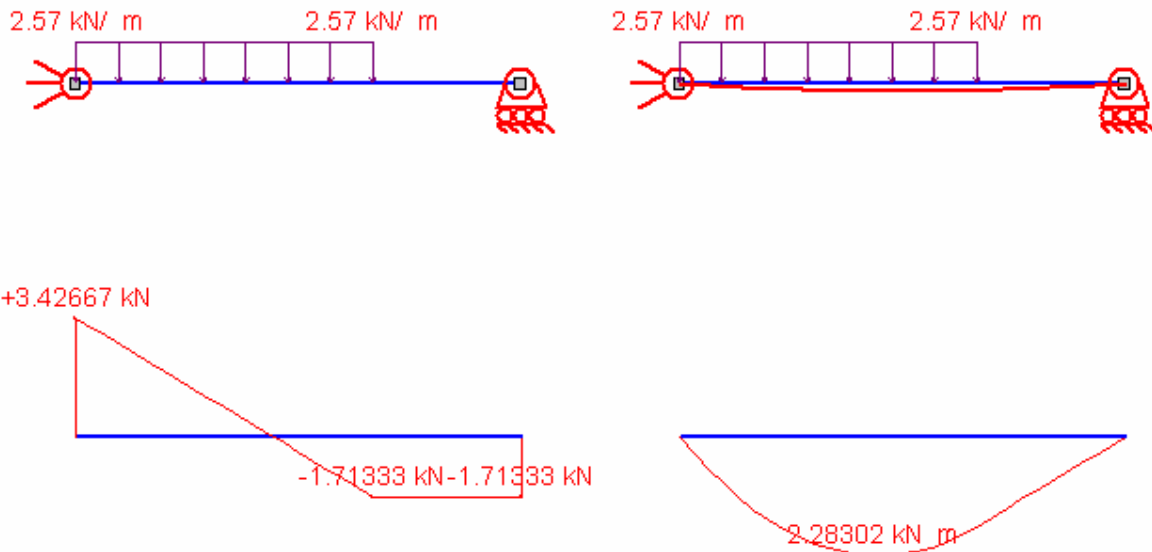
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT017BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT017BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with internal distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT017BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT017BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	2000	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.4267e+003	Th	3.4267e+003	8.5333e-005	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.7133e+003	Th	1.7133e+003	1.7167e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

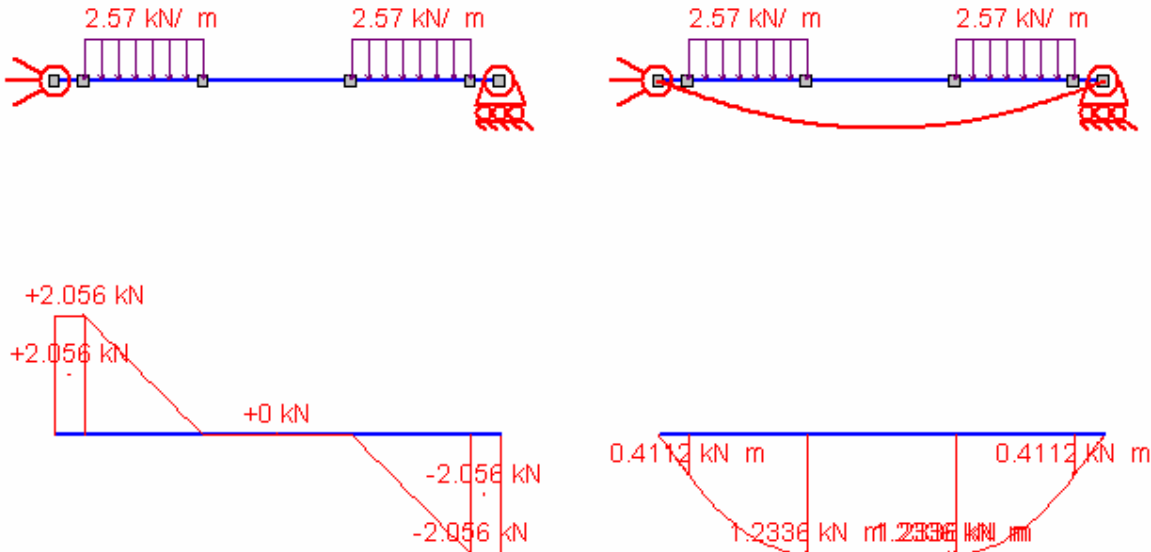
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT018

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT018
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two internal distributed constant loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT018

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT018
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1
force distributed	2.570e+000	Dx2-Right end
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	1.8190e-012	1.8190e-012	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 5. Load case # 1	2.0560e+003	Th	2.0560e+003	-5.8208e-011	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-4.1120e+005	Th	-4.1120e+005	1.1176e-008	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	1.2336e+006	Th	1.2336e+006	-1.6997e-008	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

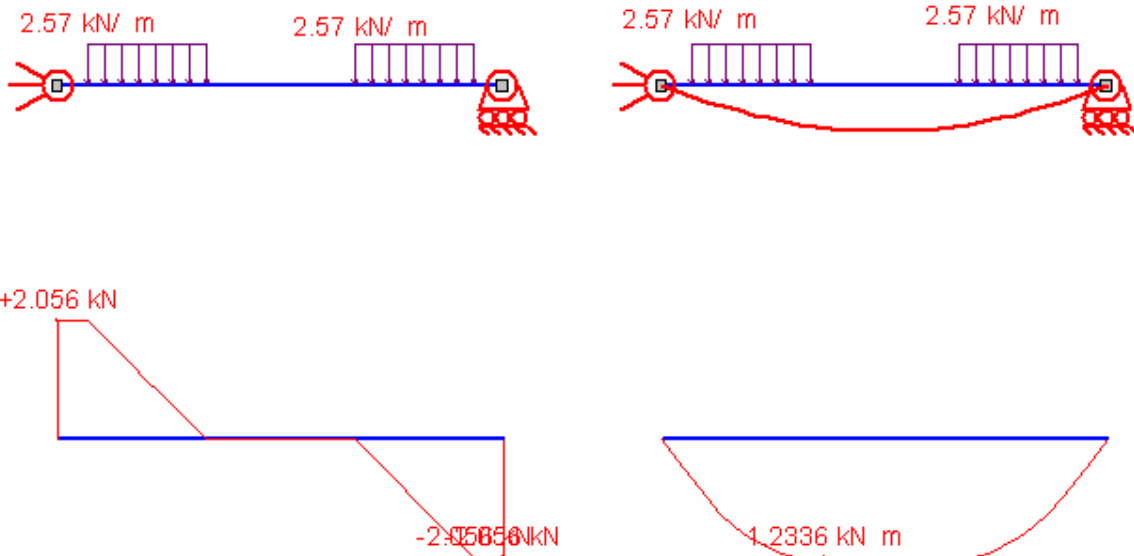
$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT018BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT018BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two internal distributed constant loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT018BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT018BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx2-Right end	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.0560e+003	Th	2.0560e+003	-2.9812e-004	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.0560e+003	Th	2.0560e+003	-4.9858e-004	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	1.1642e-010	1.1642e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-3.4925e-010	-3.4925e-010	-0.0000

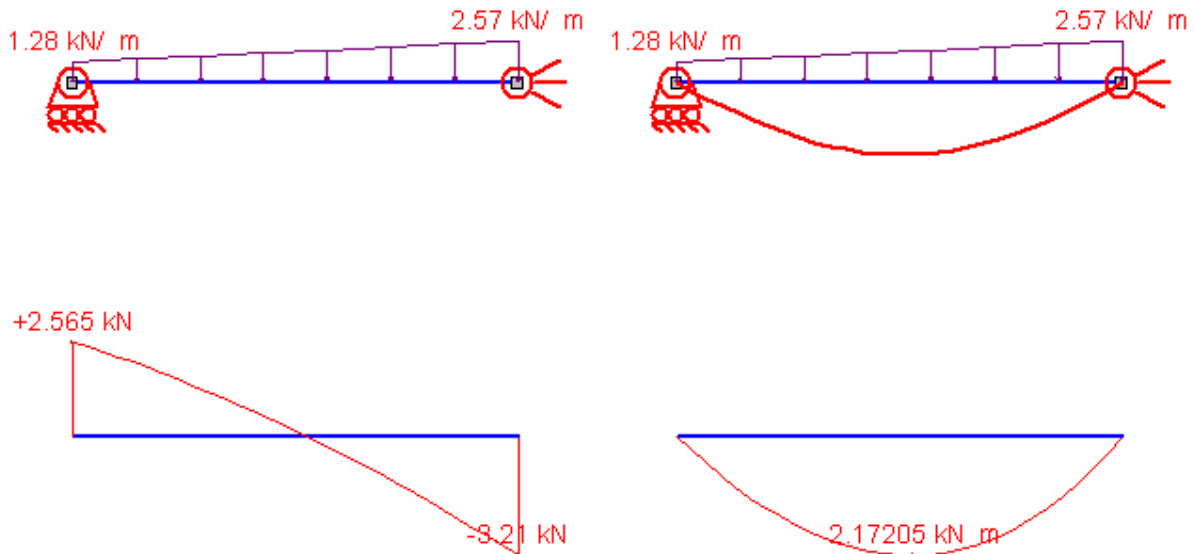
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT019

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT019
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Simply supported beam with distributed linear load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT019

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT019
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	1.280e+000- 2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_v [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES
vs
COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.5650e+003	Th	2.5650e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.2100e+003	Th	3.2100e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	4.6566e-010	4.6566e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

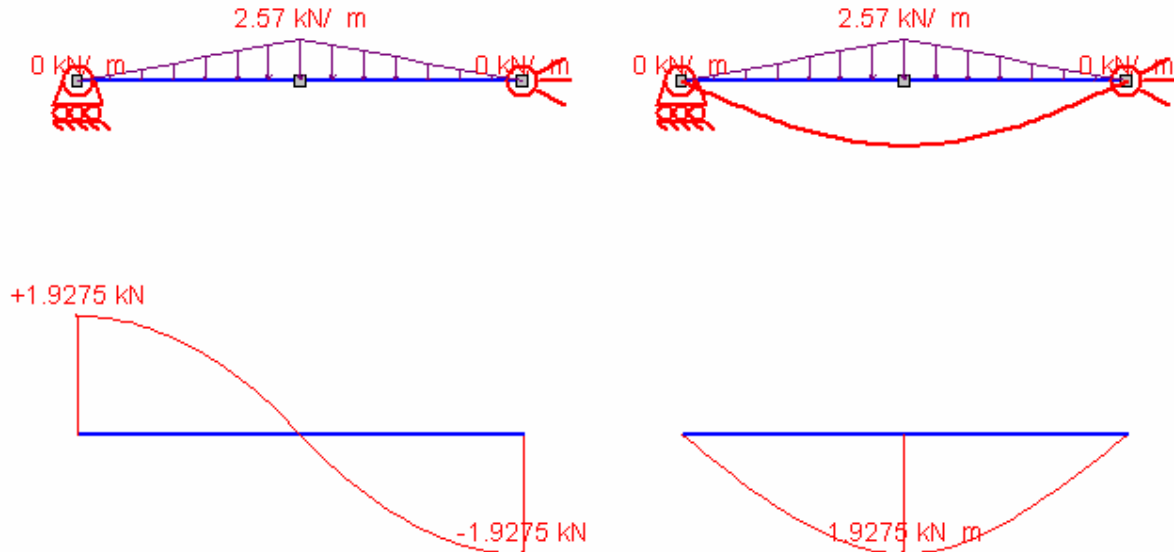
100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT020

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT020
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two distributed linear loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT020

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT020
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1500	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	Dx1-Right end
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES
vs
COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.9275e+003	Th	1.9275e+003	-1.1369e-012	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	6.8212e-013	6.8212e-013	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.9275e+006	Th	-1.9275e+006	9.3132e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-9.8953e-010	-9.8953e-010	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

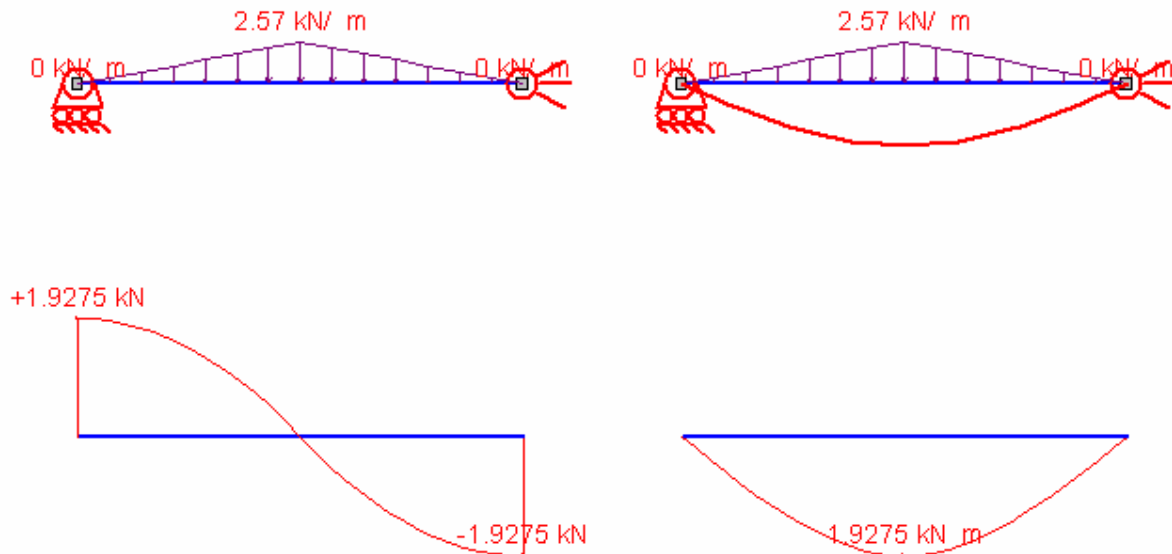
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT020BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT020BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two distributed linear loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT020BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT020BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1500	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	Dx1-Right end	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.9275e+003	Th	1.9275e+003	-1.3642e-012	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.9275e+003	Th	1.9275e+003	4.0927e-012	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	2.3283e-010	2.3283e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

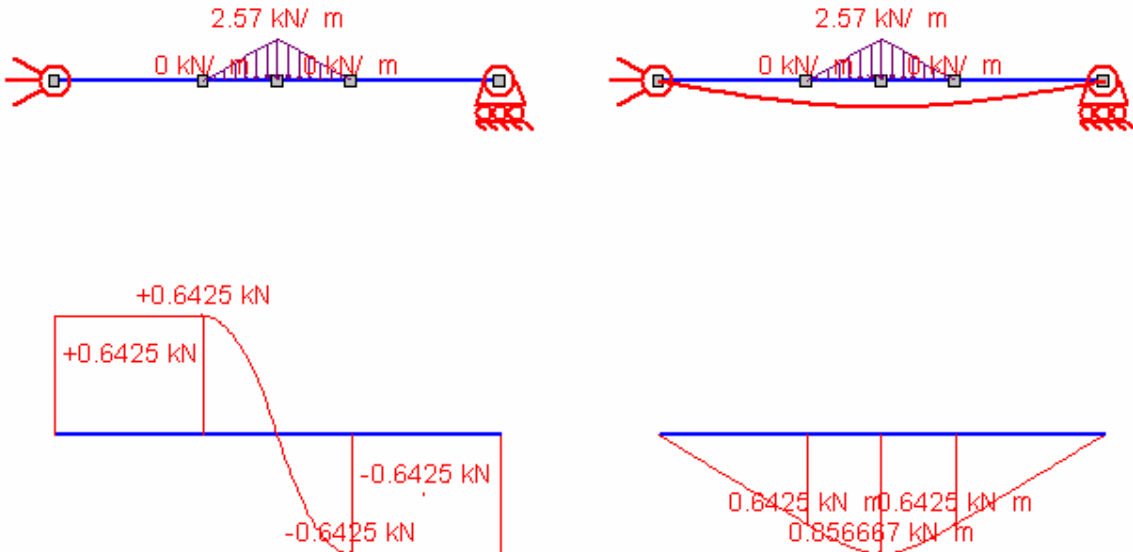
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT021

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT021
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two internal distributed linear loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT021

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT021
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]	Dx3 [mm]	Constraints
3000	1000	1500	2000	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx1-Dx2
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	Dx2-Dx3
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES
vs
COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	6.4250e+002	Th	6.4250e+002	-5.5707e-012	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 4. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.8190e-012	-1.8190e-012	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-6.4250e+005	Th	-6.4250e+005	4.1910e-009	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-8.5667e+005	Th	-8.5667e+005	3.3342e-005	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

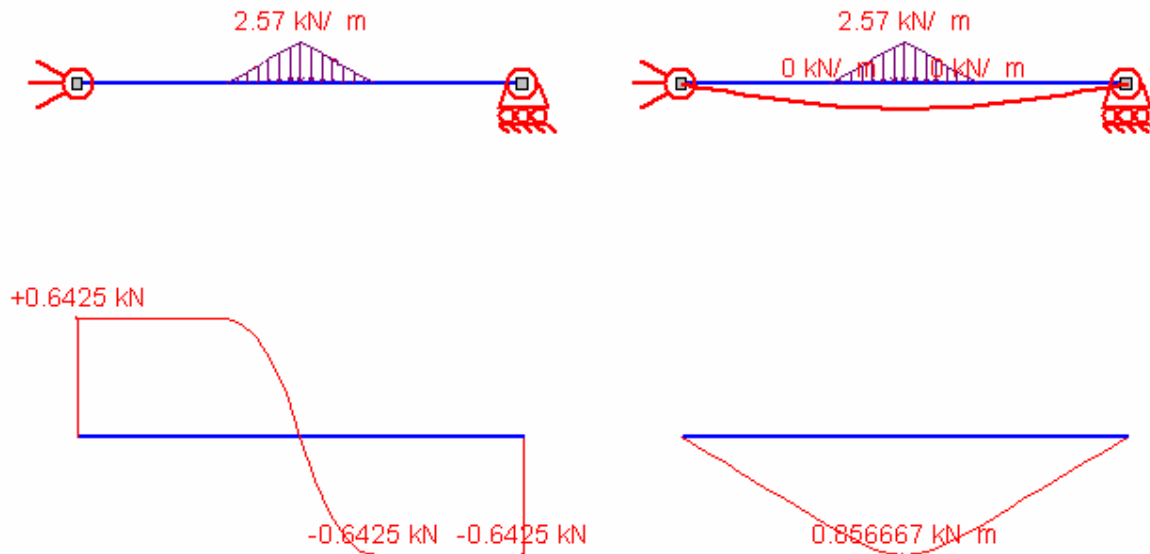
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT021BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT021BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two internal distributed linear loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT021BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT021BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]	Dx3 [mm]	Constraints
3000	1000	1500	2000	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx1-Dx2	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	Dx2-Dx3	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_v [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.4250e+002	Th	6.4250e+002	1.2850e-004	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.4250e+002	Th	6.4250e+002	1.2850e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	1.7462e-010	1.7462e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.1642e-010	-1.1642e-010	-0.0000

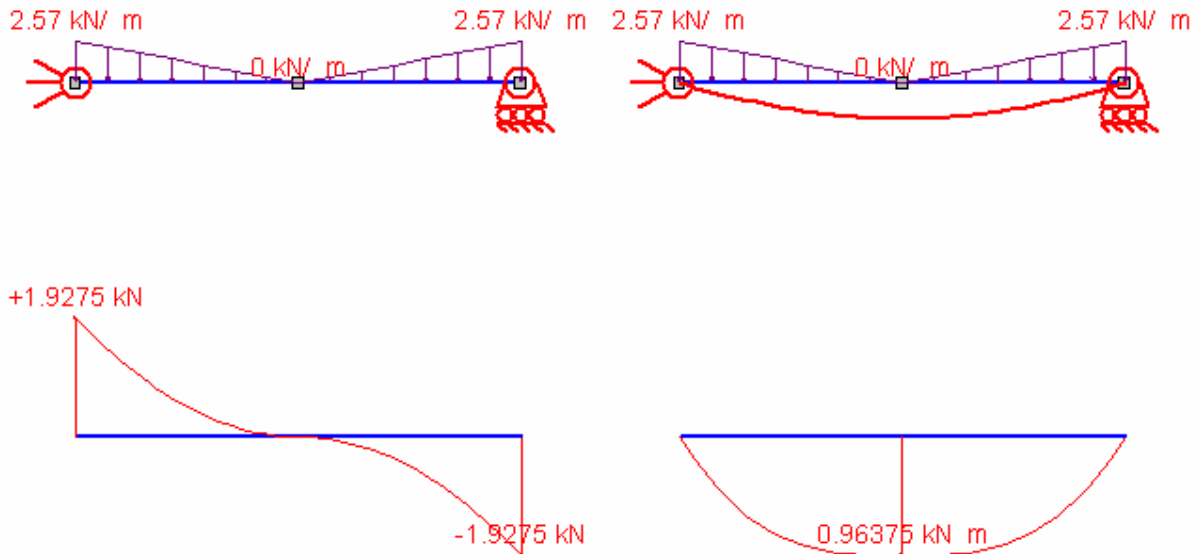
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT022

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT022
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two distributed linear loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT022

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT022
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1500	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	Left end-Dx1
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx1-Right end
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES
vs
COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.9275e+003	Th	1.9275e+003	-4.5475e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-9.0949e-013	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	6.4028e-010	6.4028e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	9.6375e+005	Th	9.6375e+005	1.1642e-009	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

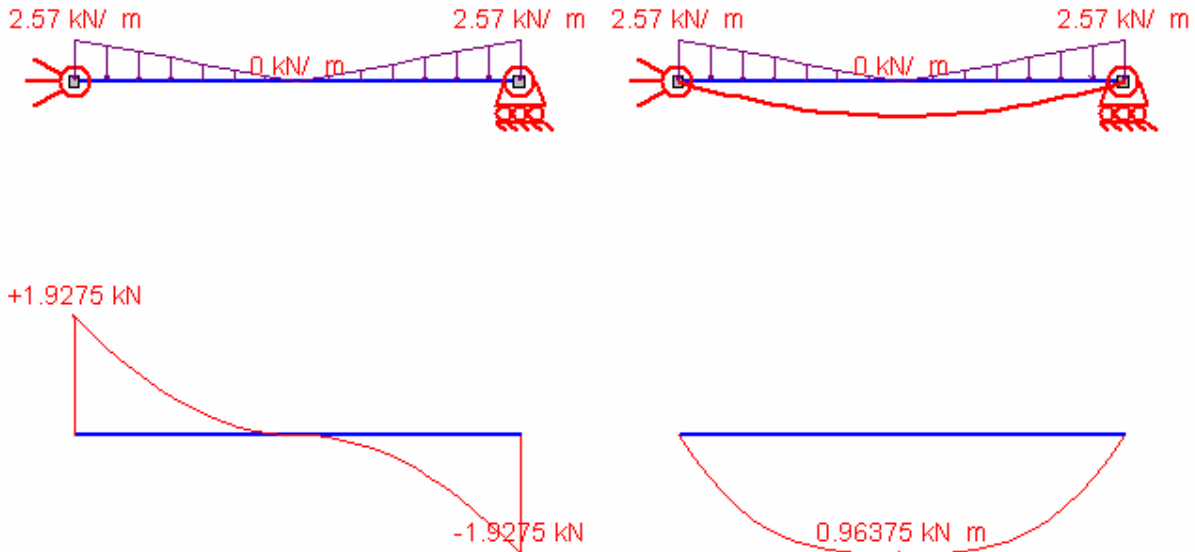
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT022BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT022BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two distributed linear loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT022BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT022BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1500	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	Left end-Dx1	
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx2-Right end	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_1 [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.9275e+003	Th	1.9275e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.9275e+003	Th	1.9275e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	5.8208e-010	5.8208e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000

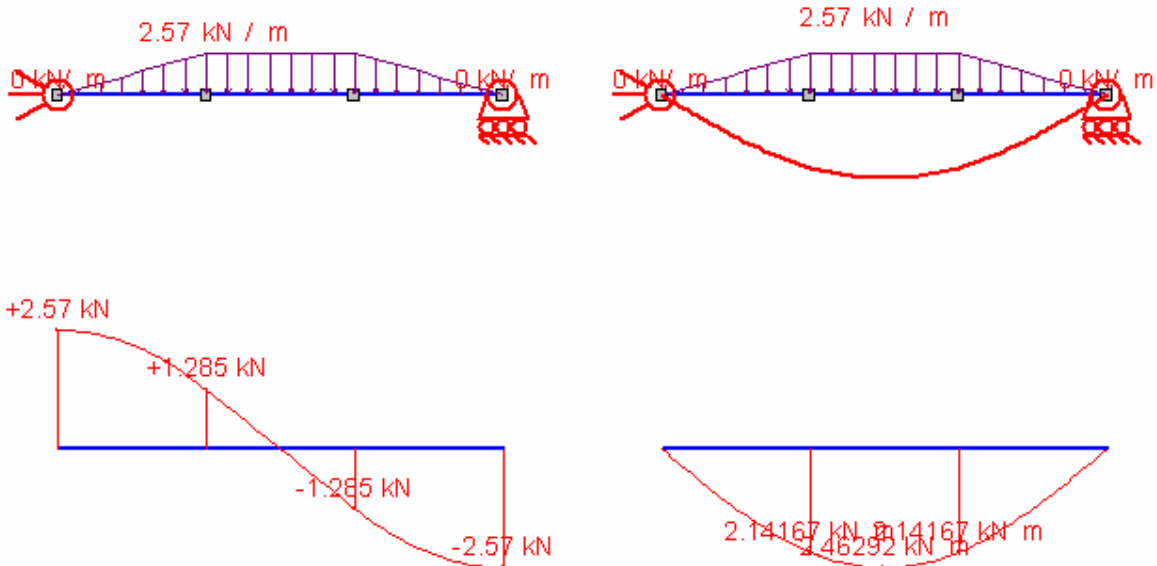
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT023

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT023
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Simply supported beam with distributed variable load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown – is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT023

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT023
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx1-Dx2
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	Dx2-Right end
		-

MATERIAL

					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES

vs

COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.2850e+003	Th	1.2850e+003	6.3665e-012	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	2.5700e+003	Th	2.5700e+003	4.0927e-012	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	3.3469e-010	3.3469e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-2.1417e+006	Th	-2.1417e+006	3.3333e-004	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

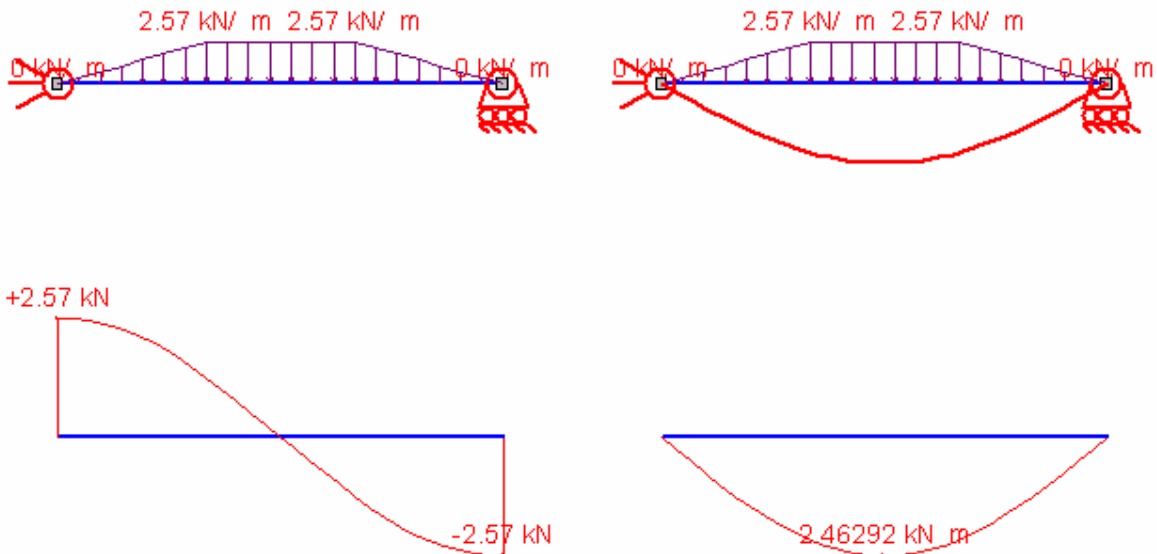
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT023BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT023BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with distributed variable load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT023BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT023BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx1-Dx2	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	Dx2-Right end	
		-	

MATERIAL						Fe360
f_v [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α		
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005		

CROSS-SECTION						IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]	
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004	
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]		
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001		

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.5700e+003	Th	2.5700e+003	1.2850e-004	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.5700e+003	Th	2.5700e+003	1.2850e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-2.3283e-010	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-9.3132e-010	-9.3132e-010	-0.0000

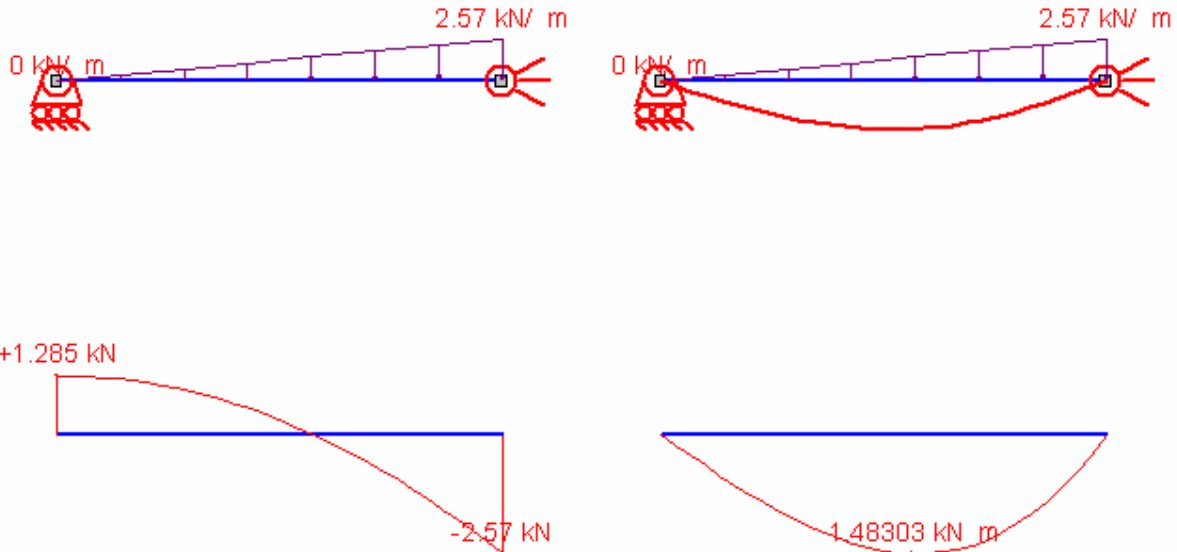
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT024

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT024
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Simply supported beam with distributed linear load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT024

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT024
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_v [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES
vs
COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.2850e+003	Th	1.2850e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.5700e+003	Th	2.5700e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	2.3283e-010	2.3283e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-2.3283e-010	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000

C_v

computed value

T_v

target value

T_{vK}

target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th

theoretical value

Cr

cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac

accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors:

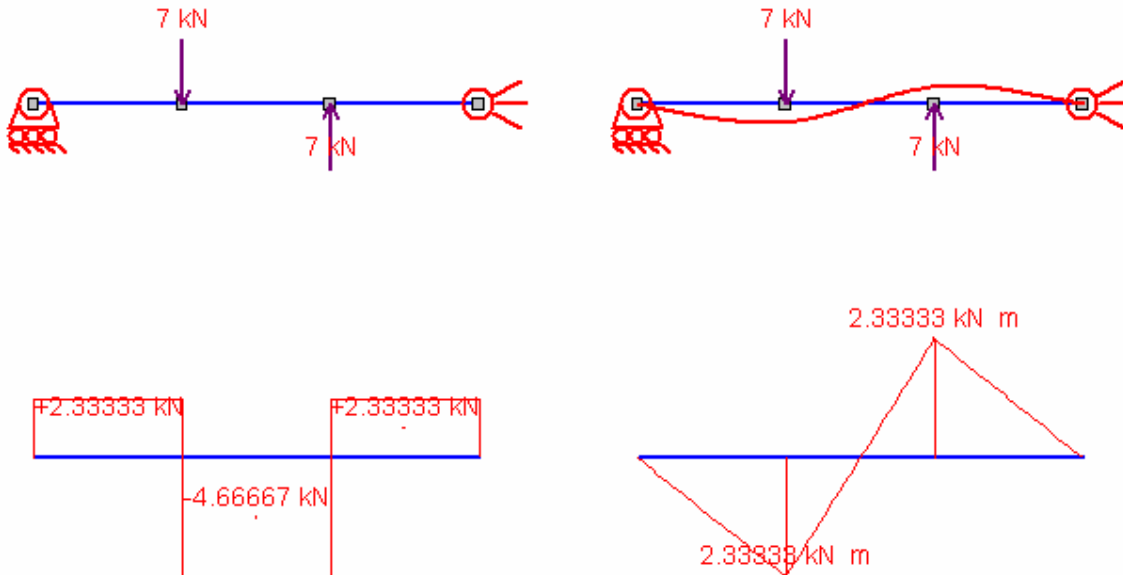
Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors:

checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT025

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT025
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two shear forces

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT025

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT025
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx2
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.3333e+003	Th	2.3333e+003	3.3333e-007	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	4.6667e+003	Th	4.6667e+003	-3.3333e-007	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	2.3333e+006	Th	2.3333e+006	3.3333e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

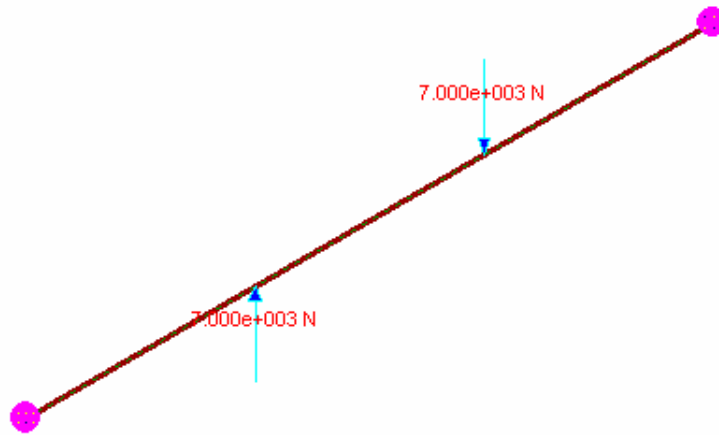
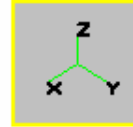
$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT025BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT025BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with two shear forces

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT025BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT025BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx2	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.3333e+003	Th	2.3333e+003	4.6700e-004	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.3333e+003	Th	-2.3333e+003	-4.6700e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	2.3283e-010	2.3283e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000

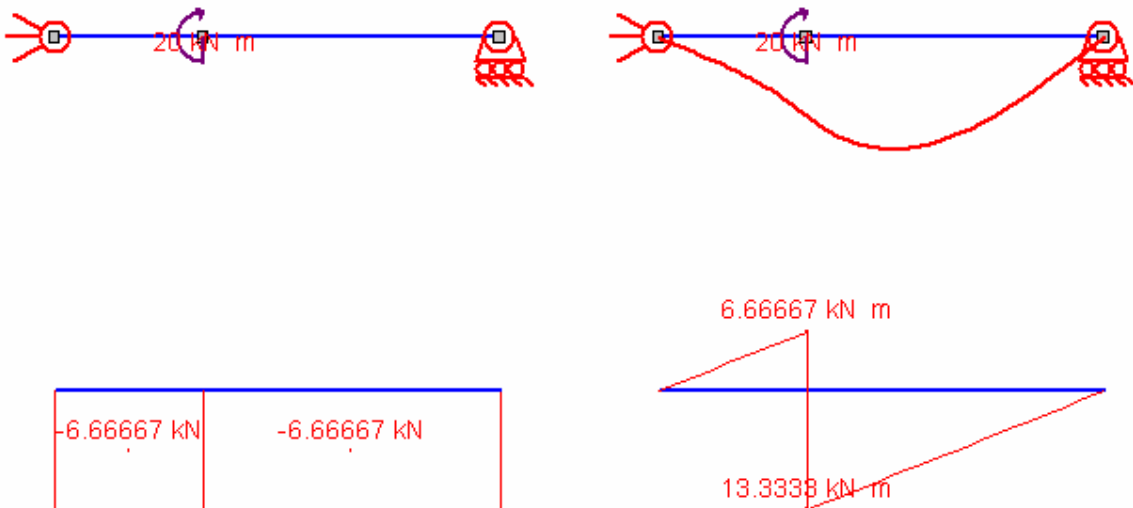
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT026

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT026
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Simply supported beam with internal bending moment

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT026

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT026
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL MOMENT	2.000e+007	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.6667e+003	Th	6.6667e+003	-3.3332e-007	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	6.6667e+003	Th	6.6667e+003	-3.3334e-007	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.6667e+006	Th	6.6667e+006	-3.3332e-004	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.3333e+007	Th	1.3333e+007	3.3333e-003	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

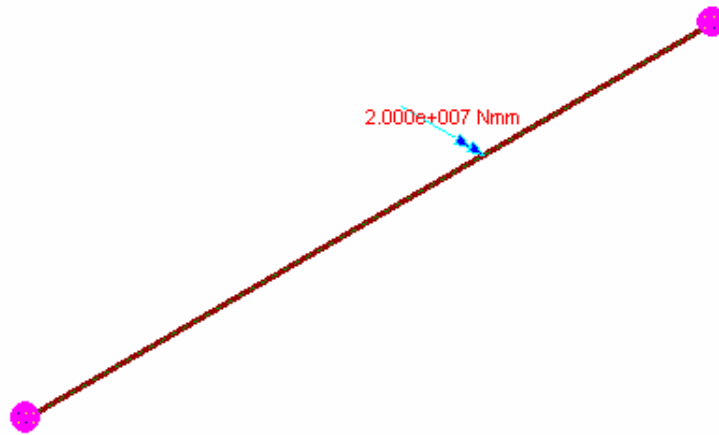
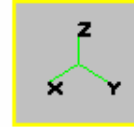
$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT026BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT026BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with internal bending moment

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT026BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT026BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1000	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
moment concentrated	2.000e+007	Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-6.6667e+003	Th	-6.6667e+003	3.3333e-007	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.6667e+003	Th	6.6667e+003	-3.3333e-007	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	1.5930e-010	1.5930e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.8626e-009	-1.8626e-009	-0.0000

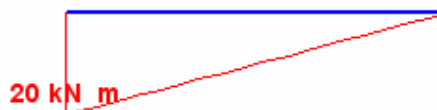
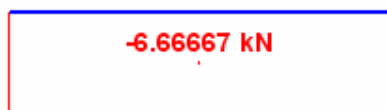
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT027

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT027
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Simply supported beam with end bending moment

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT027

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT027
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL MOMENT	2.000e+007	Left end
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-6.6667e+003	Th	-6.6667e+003	3.3333e-007	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.6667e+003	Th	6.6667e+003	-3.3333e-007	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.0000e+007	Th	2.0000e+007	3.7253e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.8626e-009	-1.8626e-009	-0.0000

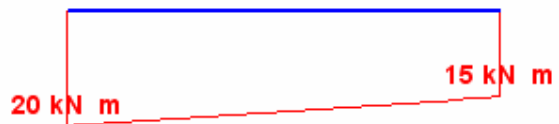
Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT028

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT028
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with bending moments at both ends

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT028

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT028
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL MOMENT	2.000e+007	Left end
NODAL MOMENT	1.500e+007	Right end
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.6667e+003	Th	-1.6667e+003	3.3333e-007	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.6667e+003	Th	1.6667e+003	-3.3333e-007	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.0000e+007	Th	2.0000e+007	7.4506e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.5000e+007	Th	-1.5000e+007	0.0000e+000	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

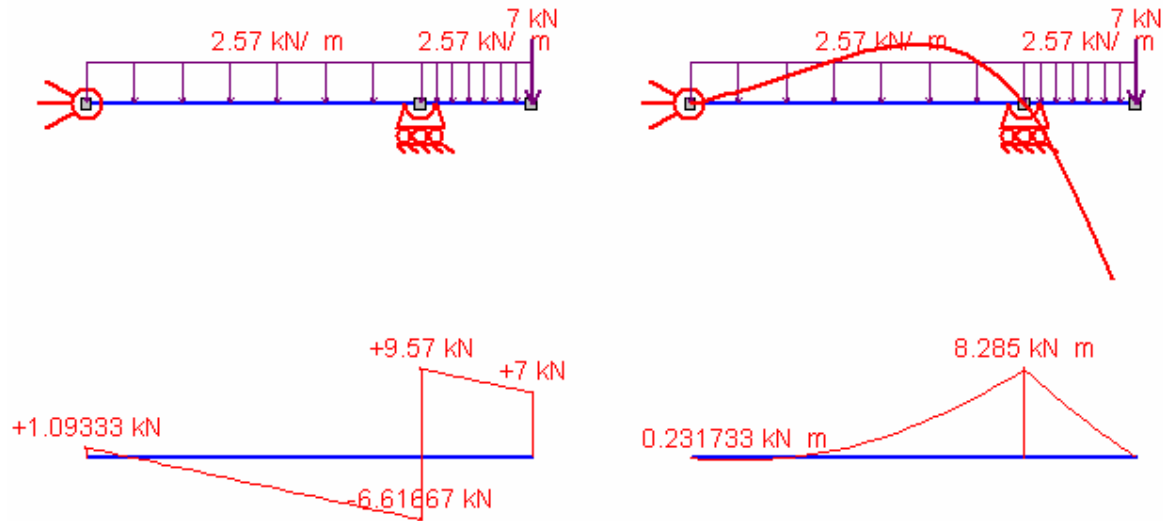
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT029

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT029
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Intermediate support beam with distributed constant load and end shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT029

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT029
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
4000=3000+1000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Free tip
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.0933e+003	Th	1.0933e+003	3.3333e-007	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.6167e+003	Th	6.6167e+003	-3.3333e-007	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	8.2850e+006	Th	8.2850e+006	1.8626e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	2.4447e-009	2.4447e-009	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

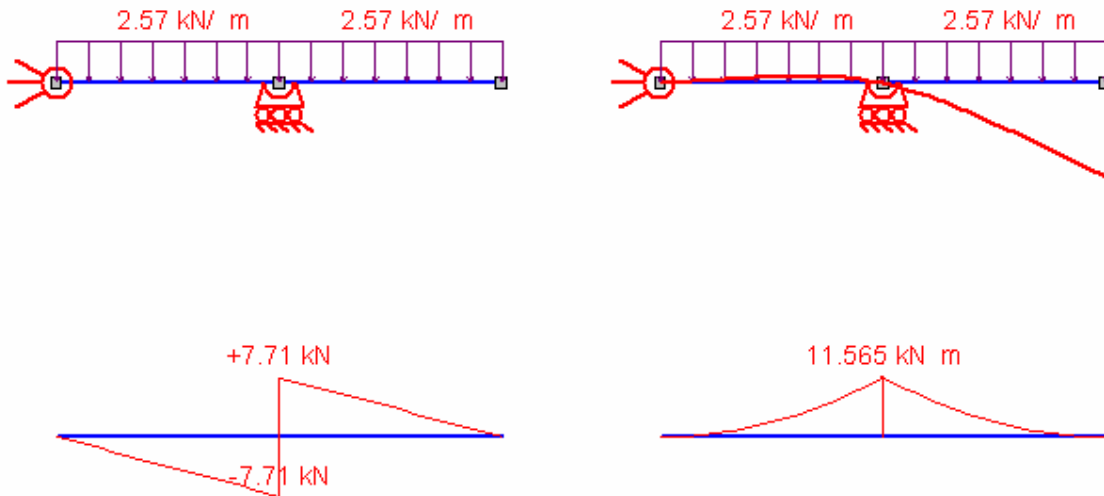
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT030

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT030
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Intermediate support beam with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT030

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT030
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
6000=3000+3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.3642e-012	-1.3642e-012	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.7100e+003	Th	7.7100e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.1565e+007	Th	1.1565e+007	3.7253e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

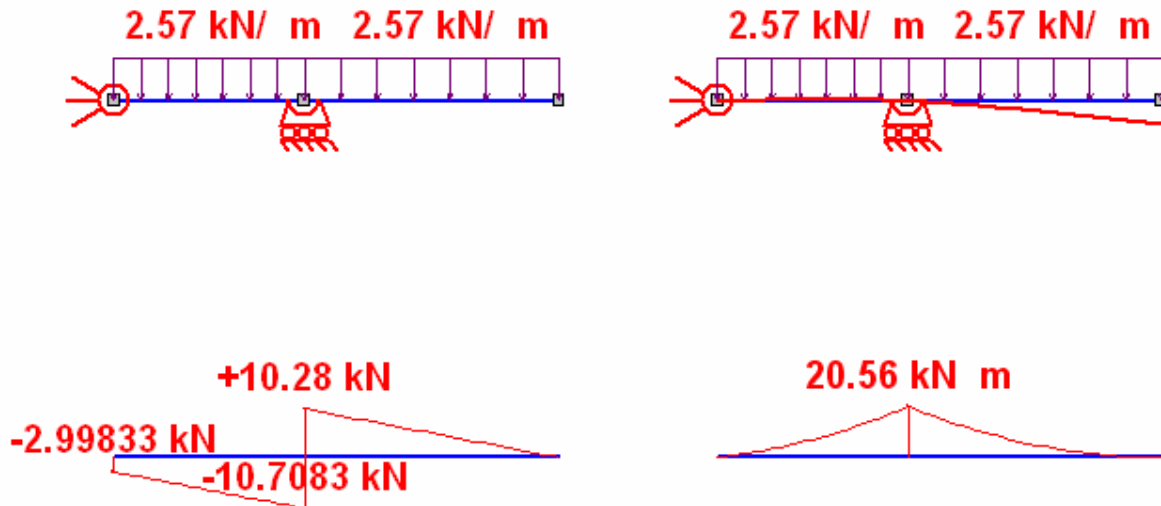
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT031

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT031
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Intermediate support beam with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT031

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT031
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
7000=3000+4000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.9983e+003	Th	-2.9983e+003	-3.3334e-007	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.0708e+004	Th	1.0708e+004	3.3333e-006	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.0560e+007	Th	2.0560e+007	7.4506e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	9.3132e-009	9.3132e-009	0.0000

 C_v computed value

 T_v target value

 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

 100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

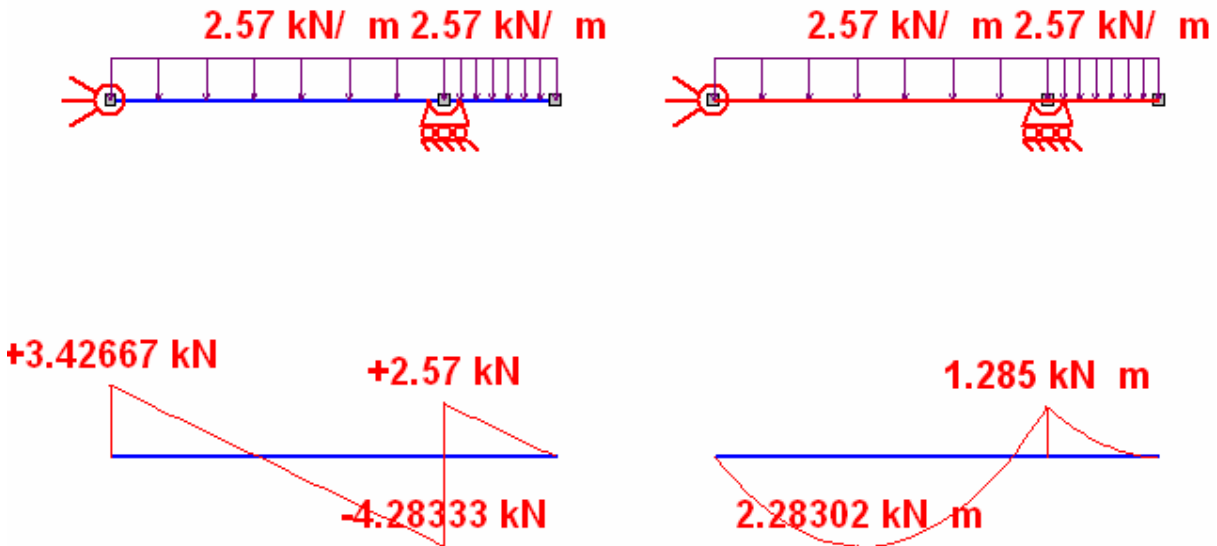
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT032

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT032
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Intermediate support beam with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT032

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT032
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
4000=3000+1000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.4267e+003	Th	3.4267e+003	-3.3333e-007	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	4.2833e+003	Th	4.2833e+003	3.3333e-007	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.2850e+006	Th	1.2850e+006	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-3.4925e-010	-3.4925e-010	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

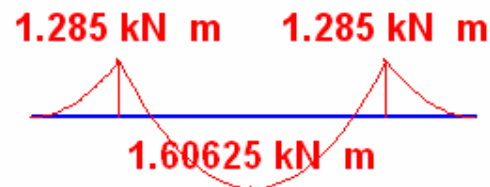
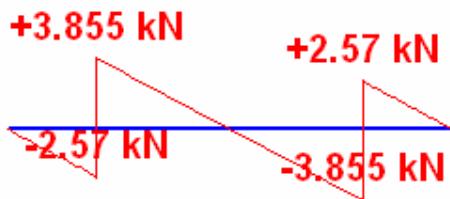
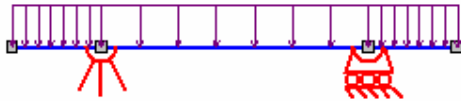
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT033

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT033
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

2.57 kN/ m

Problem description:

Intermediate support beam with two distributed constant loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT033

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT033
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
5000=1000+3000+1000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.5700e+003	Th	2.5700e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	-4.5475e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.2850e+006	Th	1.2850e+006	2.3283e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.2806e-009	-1.2806e-009	-0.0000

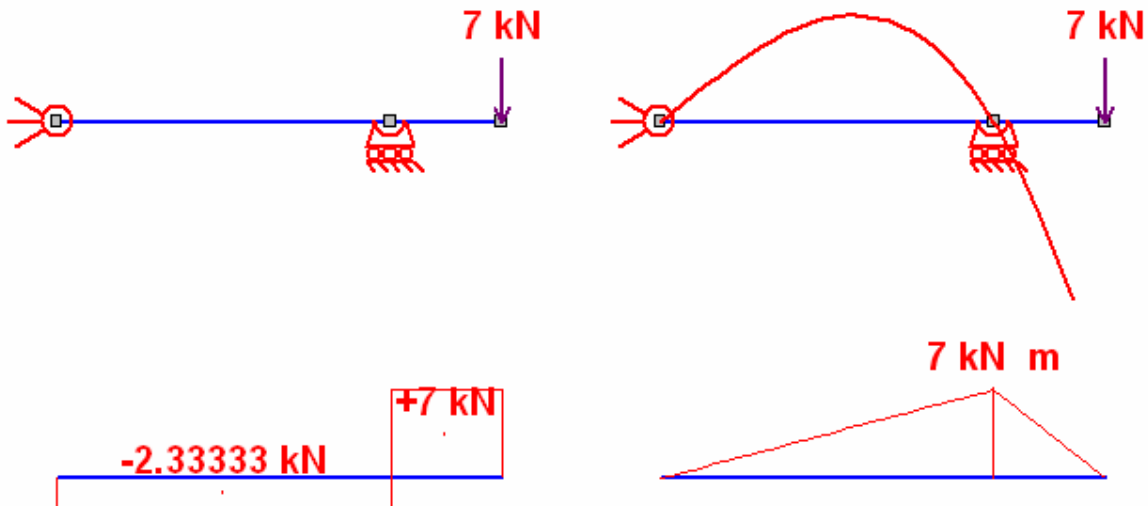
C_v computed value
T_v target value
T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
Th theoretical value
Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT034

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT034
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Intermediate support beam with end shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT034

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT034
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
4000=3000+1000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Free tip
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.3333e+003	Th	2.3333e+003	3.3333e-007	0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	7.0000e+003	Th	7.0000e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.0000e+006	Th	7.0000e+006	2.7940e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000

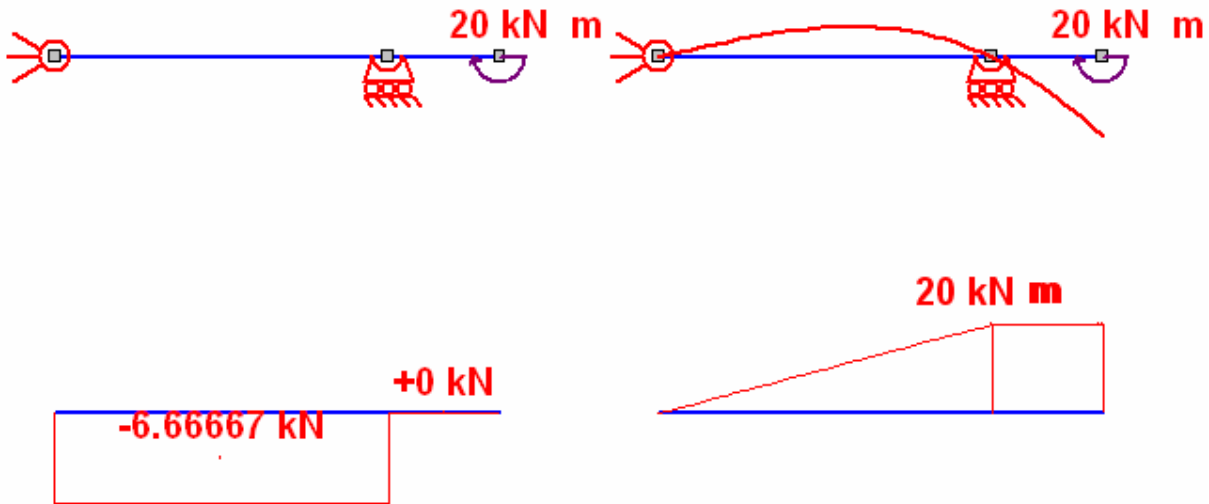
C_v computed value
T_v target value
T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
Th theoretical value
Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT035

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT035
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Intermediate support beam with end bending moment

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT035

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT035
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
4000=3000+1000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL MOMENT	2.000e+007	Free tip
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.6667e+003	Th	6.6667e+003	-3.3333e-007	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	2.9104e-011	2.9104e-011	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.8626e-009	-1.8626e-009	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	2.0000e+007	Th	2.0000e+007	2.9802e-008	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

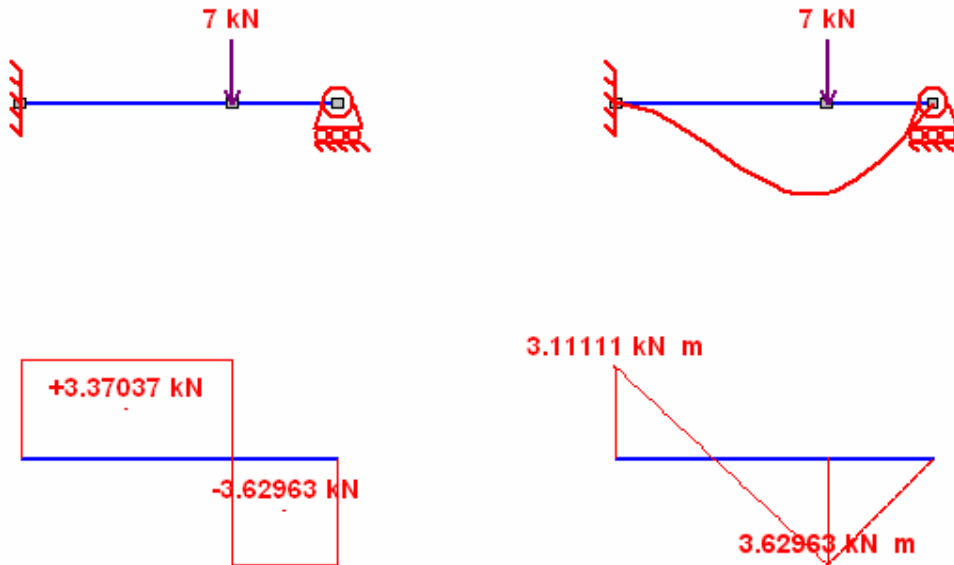
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT036

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT036
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Beam (end 1 fixed - end 2 simply supported) with internal shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT036

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT036
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	-	-	Constraints
3000	2000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

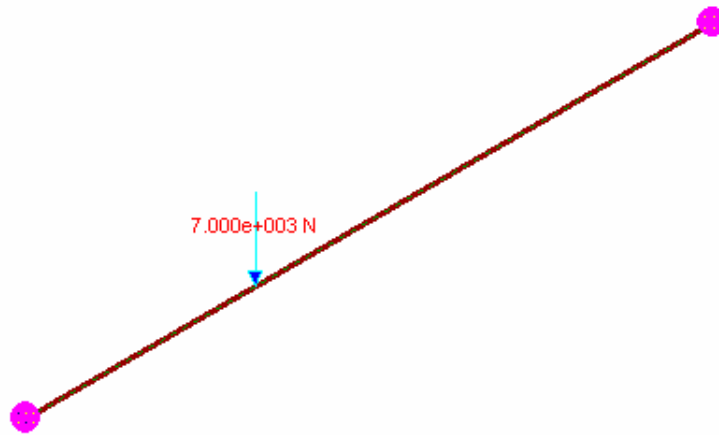
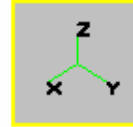
Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.3704e+003	Th	3.3704e+003	3.7037e-007	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	3.6296e+003	Th	3.6296e+003	-3.7037e-007	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.6296e+006	Th	-3.6296e+006	3.7037e-004	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.8626e-009	-1.8626e-009	-0.0000

Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT036BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT036BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (end 1 fixed - end 2 simply supported) with internal shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT036BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT036BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	2000	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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Description	T _v	T _{vk}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.3704e+003	Th	3.3704e+003	-3.1074e-004	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.6296e+003	Th	3.6296e+003	3.1074e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.1111e+006	Th	-3.1111e+006	2.3322e-001	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

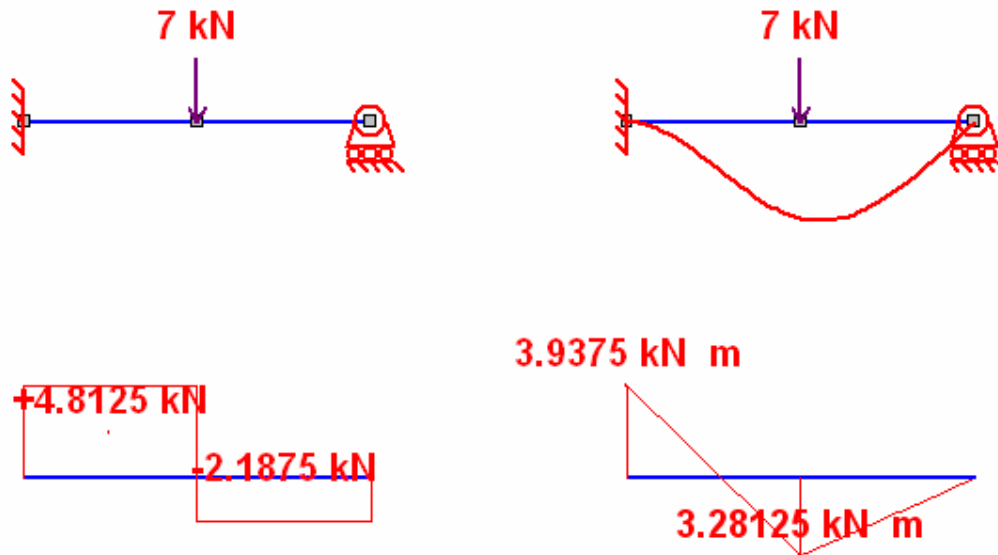
Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT037

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT037
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (end 1 fixed - end 2 simply supported) with internal shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where "theoretical" values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that's why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT037

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT037
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	-	-	Constraints
3000	1500	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	4.8125e+003	Th	4.8125e+003	9.0949e-013	0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-2.1875e+003	Th	-2.1875e+003	0.0000e+000	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.9375e+006	Th	-3.9375e+006	-9.3132e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.2813e+006	Th	-3.2813e+006	-9.3132e-010	0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

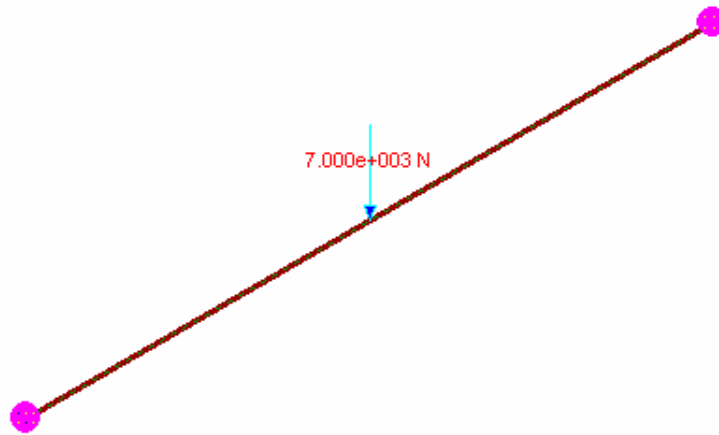
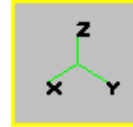
100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT037BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT037BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (end 1 fixed - end 2 simply supported) with internal shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT037BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT037BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1500	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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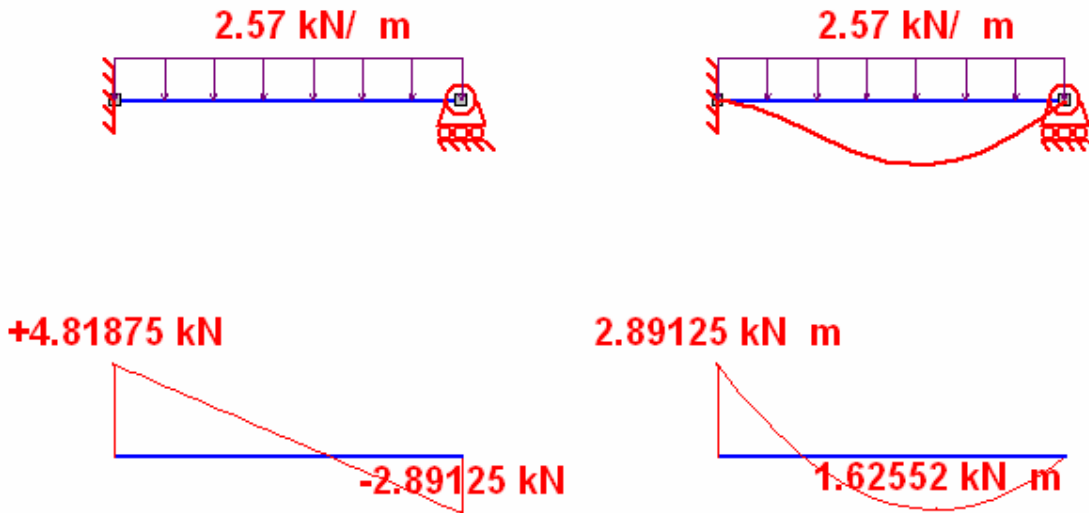
Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	4.8125e+003	Th	4.8125e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.1875e+003	Th	2.1875e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.9375e+006	Th	-3.9375e+006	0.0000e+000	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT038		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT038
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (end 1 fixed - end 2 simply supported) with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT038

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT038
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	4.8188e+003	Th	4.8187e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.8913e+003	Th	2.8912e+003	-4.5475e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.8913e+006	Th	-2.8913e+006	-9.3132e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

 C_v computed value

 T_v target value

 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

 100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT039

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT039
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

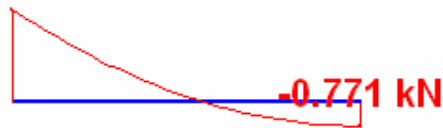
2.57 kN/ m



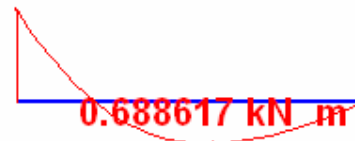
2.57 kN/ m



+3.084 kN



1.542 kN m


Problem description:

Beam (end 1 fixed - end 2 simply supported) with distributed linear load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT039

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT039
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_v [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES
vs
COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.0840e+003	Th	3.0840e+003	-4.5475e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.7100e+002	Th	7.7100e+002	1.2506e-012	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.5420e+006	Th	-1.5420e+006	-9.3132e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.1642e-010	-1.1642e-010	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

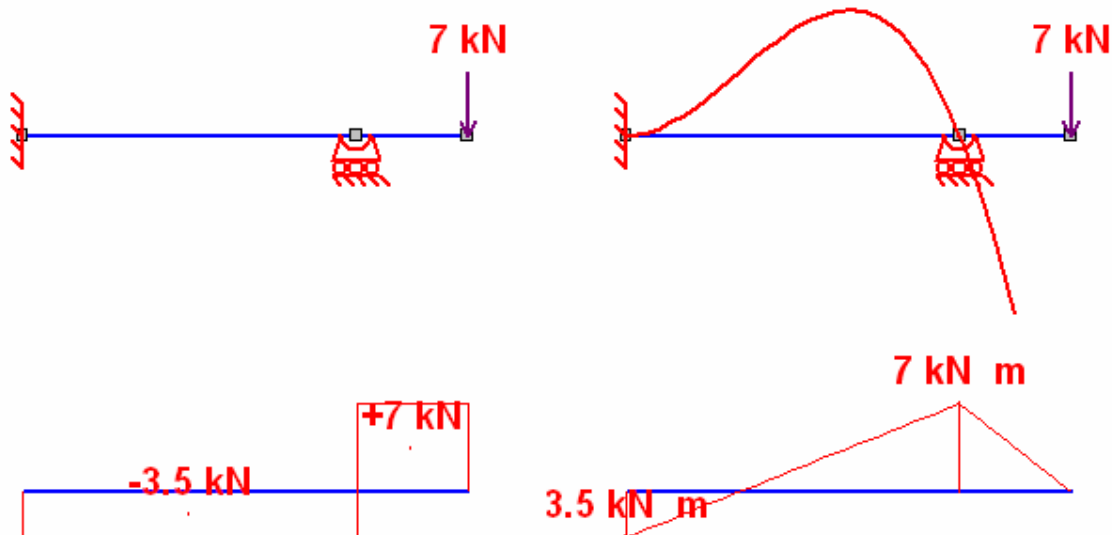
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT040		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT040
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Cantilever, intermediate support, with end shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT040

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT040
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
4000=3000+1000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Free tip
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.5000e+003	Th	-3.5000e+003	-7.2760e-012	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-7.0000e+003	Th	-7.0000e+003	-1.4552e-011	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.5000e+006	Th	3.5000e+006	7.4506e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.0000e+006	Th	7.0000e+006	1.4901e-008	0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

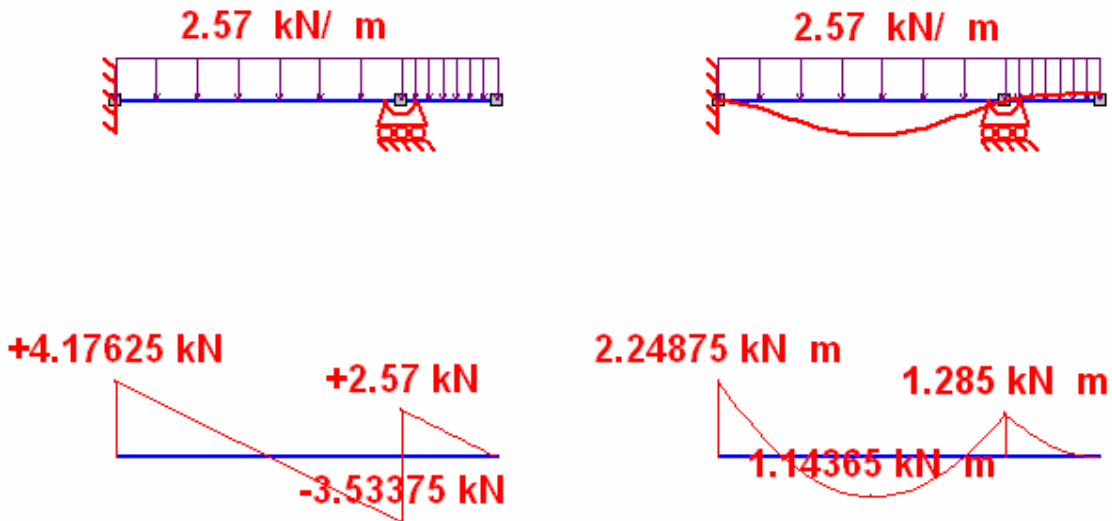
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT041

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT041
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Cantilever, intermediate support, with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT041

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT041
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
4000=3000+1000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	4.1763e+003	Th	4.1762e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	4.5475e-013	4.5475e-013	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.2850e+006	Th	1.2850e+006	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	5.8208e-011	5.8208e-011	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

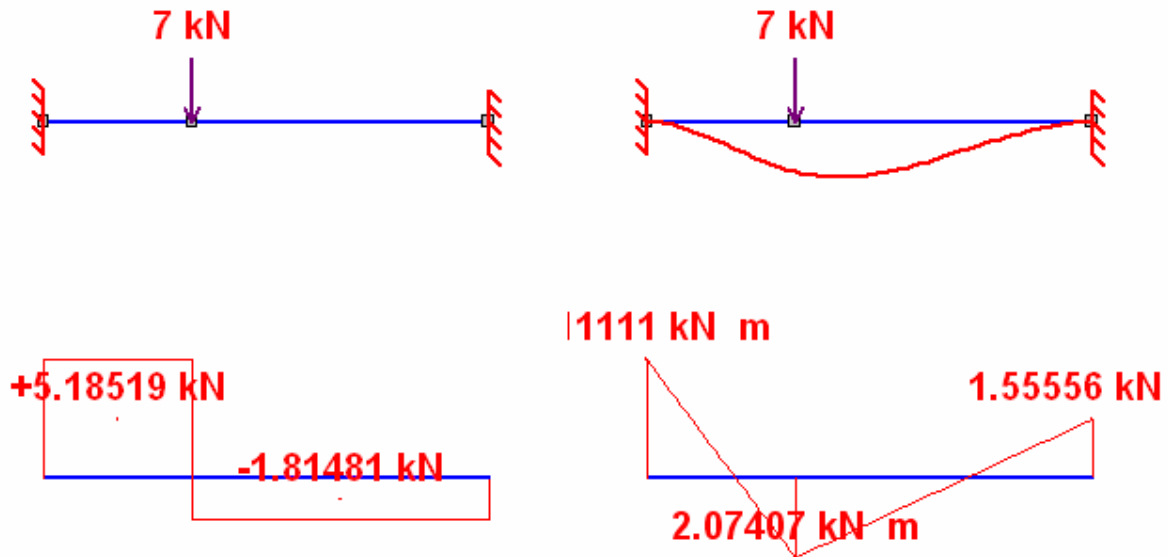
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT042		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT042
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with internal shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT042

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT042
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	-	-	Constraints
3000	1000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	5.1852e+003	Th	5.1852e+003	1.8518e-007	0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-1.8148e+003	Th	-1.8148e+003	1.8519e-007	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.1111e+006	Th	-3.1111e+006	-1.1111e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.0741e+006	Th	-2.0741e+006	-7.4074e-005	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

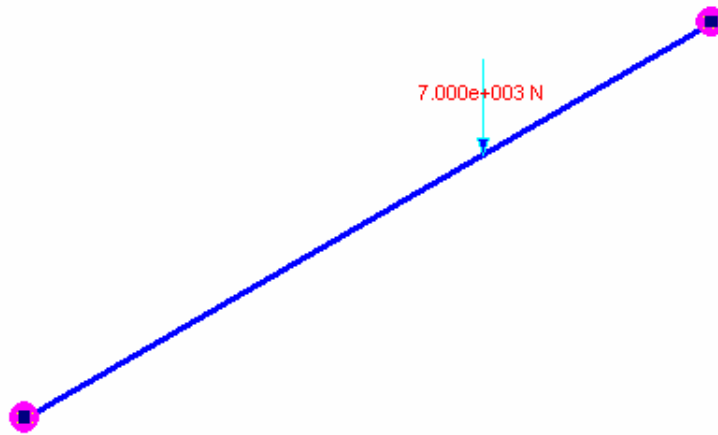
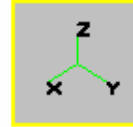
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT042BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT042BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with internal shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT042BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT042BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1000	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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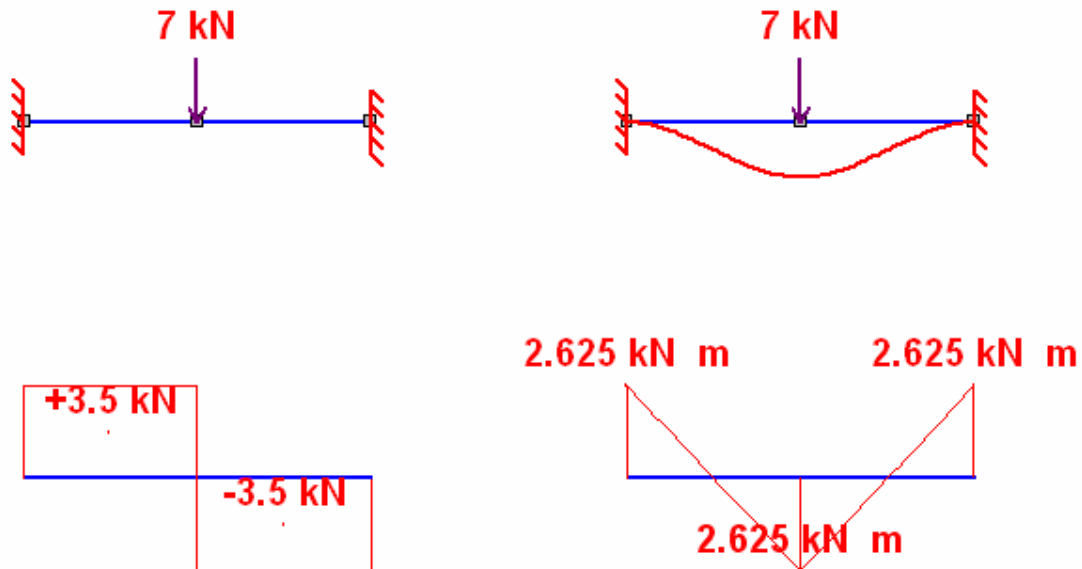
Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	5.1852e+003	Th	5.1852e+003	3.1130e-004	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.8148e+003	Th	1.8148e+003	-3.1130e-004	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.1111e+006	Th	-3.1111e+006	-1.1109e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.5556e+006	Th	1.5556e+006	-2.3378e-001	-0.0000

Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT043		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT043
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with internal shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT043

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT043
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	-	-	Constraints
3000	1500	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

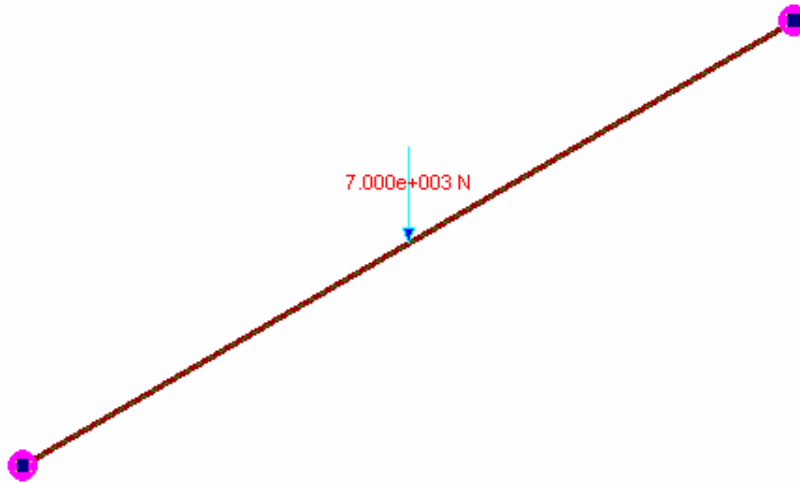
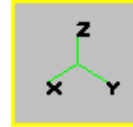
Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.5000e+003	Th	3.5000e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-3.5000e+003	Th	-3.5000e+003	9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.6250e+006	Th	-2.6250e+006	4.6566e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.6250e+006	Th	-2.6250e+006	4.6566e-010	-0.0000

Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT043BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT043BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with internal shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT043BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT043BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1500	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.5000e+003	Th	3.5000e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.5000e+003	Th	3.5000e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.6250e+006	Th	-2.6250e+006	0.0000e+000	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.6250e+006	Th	2.6250e+006	0.0000e+000	0.0000

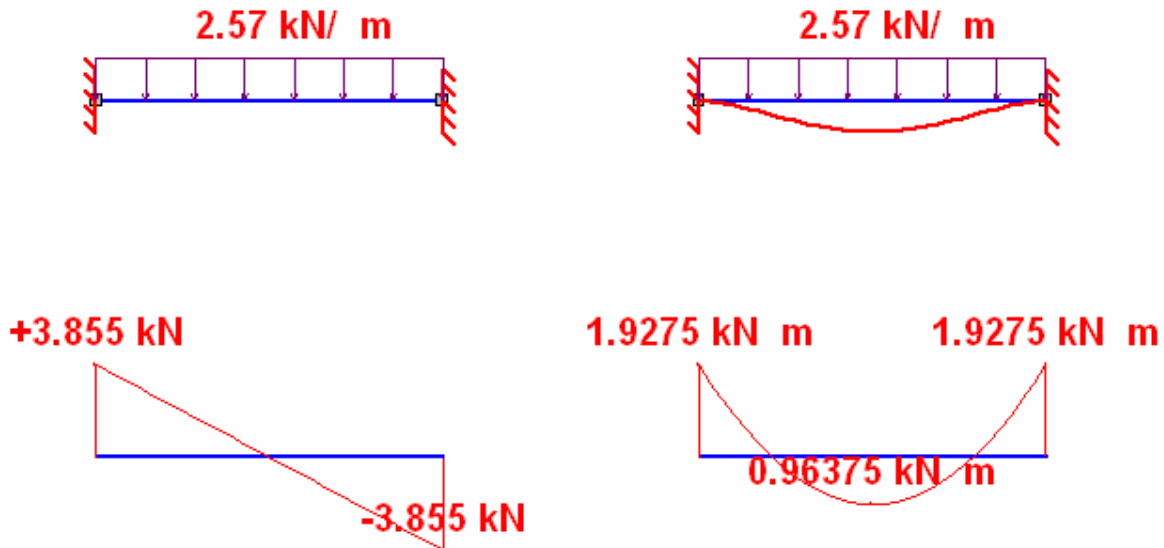
Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT044

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT044
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where "theoretical" values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown – is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that's why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT044

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT044
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	-4.5475e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	-4.5475e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.9275e+006	Th	-1.9275e+006	-6.9849e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.9275e+006	Th	1.9275e+006	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

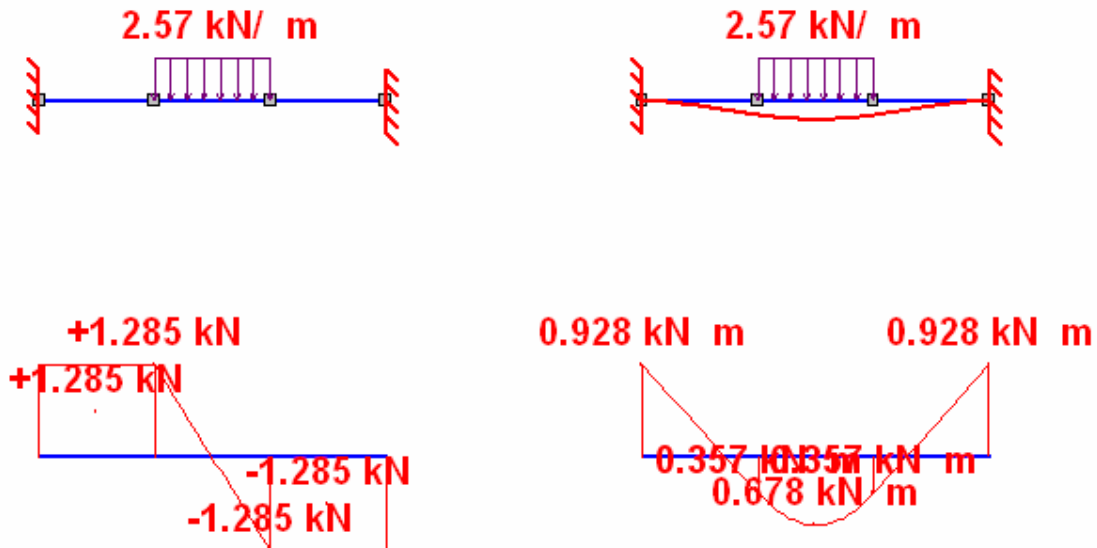
C_v computed value
T_v target value
T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
Th theoretical value
Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT045

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT045
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with internal distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT045

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT045
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Dx1-Dx2
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

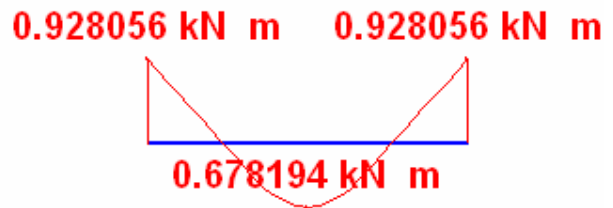
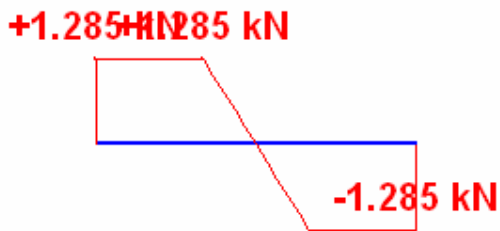
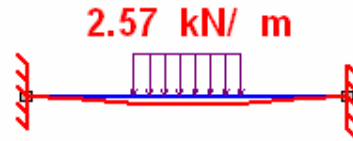
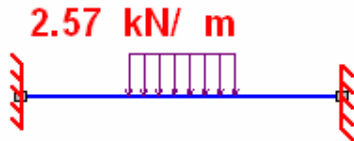
Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.2850e+003	Th	1.2850e+003	-2.2737e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.2850e+003	Th	1.2850e+003	-2.2737e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-9.2806e+005	Th	-9.2806e+005	4.4445e-005	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	9.2806e+005	Th	9.2806e+005	-4.4445e-005	-0.0000

C_v computed value
T_v target value
T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
Th theoretical value
Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT045BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT045BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with internal distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT045BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT045BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
3000	1000	2000	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx1-Dx2	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.2850e+003	Th	1.2850e+003	2.5700e-004	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.2850e+003	Th	1.2850e+003	2.5700e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-9.2806e+005	Th	-9.2806e+005	-1.7129e-001	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	9.2806e+005	Th	9.2806e+005	1.7129e-001	0.0000

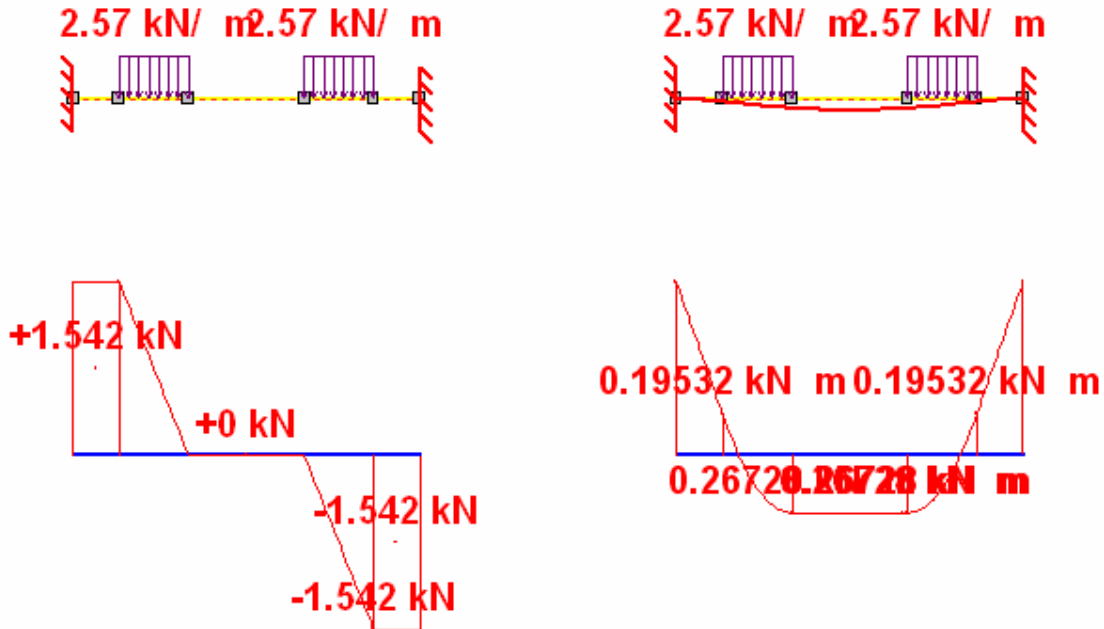
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT046

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT046
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with internal distributed constant loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT046

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT046
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]	Dx3 [mm]	Dx4 [mm]
3000	400	1000	2000	2600
Constraints				
As shown				

LOAD		
Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Dx1-Dx2
force distributed	2.570e+000	Dx3-Dx4
		-
		-

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_v [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

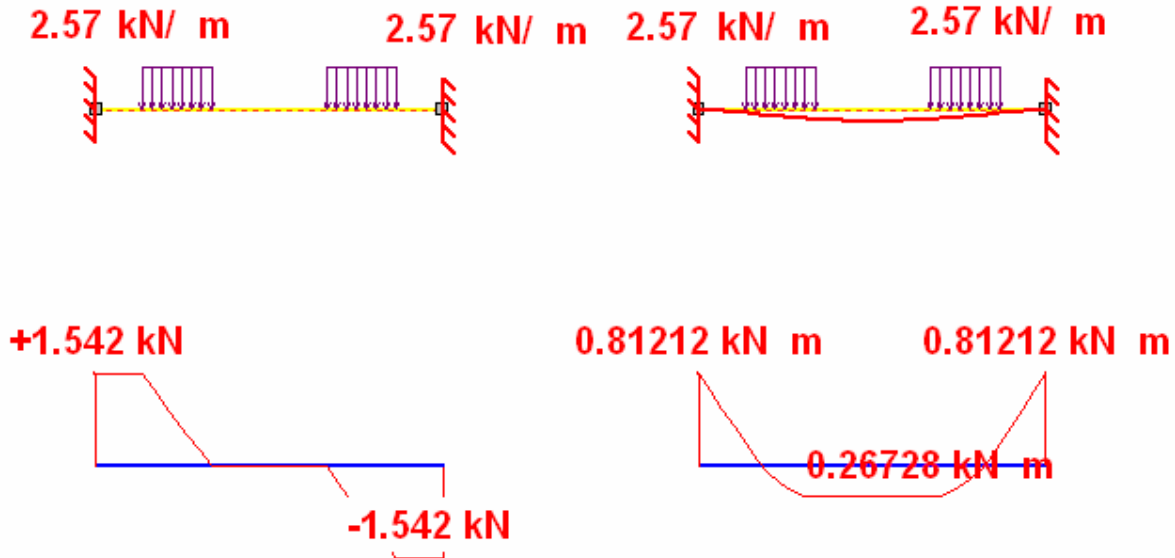
Description	T _v	T _{vk}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 4. Load case # 1	1.5420e+003	Th	1.5420e+003	-4.5475e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-8.1212e+005	Th	-8.1212e+005	-9.3132e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	2.6728e+005	Th	2.6728e+005	6.4028e-010	0.0000

Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT046BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT046BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with two internal distributed constant loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT046BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT046BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]	Dx3 [mm]	Dx4 [mm]
3000	400	1000	2000	2600
Constraints				
As shown				

LOAD		
Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx1-Dx2
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx3-Dx4
		-
		-

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_v [N/mm ²]	f_t [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.5420e+003	Th	1.5420e+003	-2.2737e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.5420e+003	Th	1.5420e+003	6.8212e-013	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-8.1212e+005	Th	-8.1212e+005	8.2240e-002	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	8.1212e+005	Th	8.1212e+005	-8.2240e-002	-0.0000

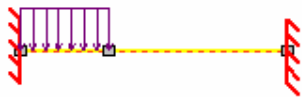
Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

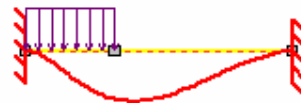
Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT047		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT047
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

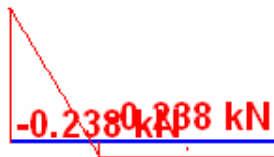
2.57 kN/ m



2.57 kN/ m



+2.332 kN



0.785 kN m



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with internal distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT047

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT047
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.3320e+003	Th	2.3320e+003	3.7037e-008	0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-2.3796e+002	Th	-2.3796e+002	3.7037e-008	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.8528e+005	Th	-7.8528e+005	2.2222e-005	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	2.1417e+005	Th	2.1417e+005	-3.3333e-005	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT047BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT047BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

2.57 kN 2.57 kN/ m



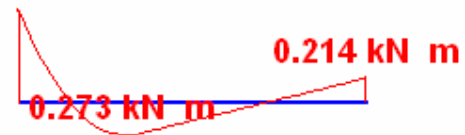
2.57 kN 2.57 kN/ m



+2.332 kN



0.785 kN m



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with internal distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT047BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT047BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1000	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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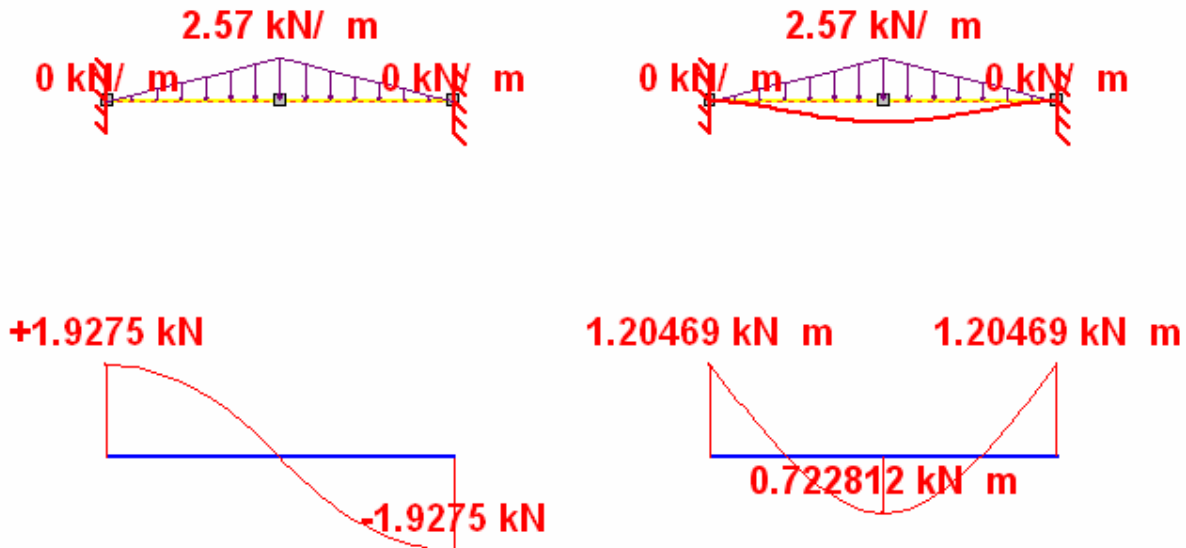
Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.3320e+003	Th	2.3320e+003	-1.9033e-004	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.3796e+002	Th	2.3796e+002	-6.6667e-005	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.8528e+005	Th	-7.8528e+005	1.1424e-001	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.1417e+005	Th	2.1417e+005	-5.7144e-002	-0.0000

C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT048		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT048
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with two distributed linear loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT048

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT048
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1500	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	Dx1-Right end
		-
		-

MATERIAL**Fe360**

f_v [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION**Sezione1**

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES

vs

COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.9275e+003	Th	1.9275e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	2.2737e-013	2.2737e-013	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.2047e+006	Th	-1.2047e+006	6.9849e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.2281e+005	Th	-7.2281e+005	4.6566e-010	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

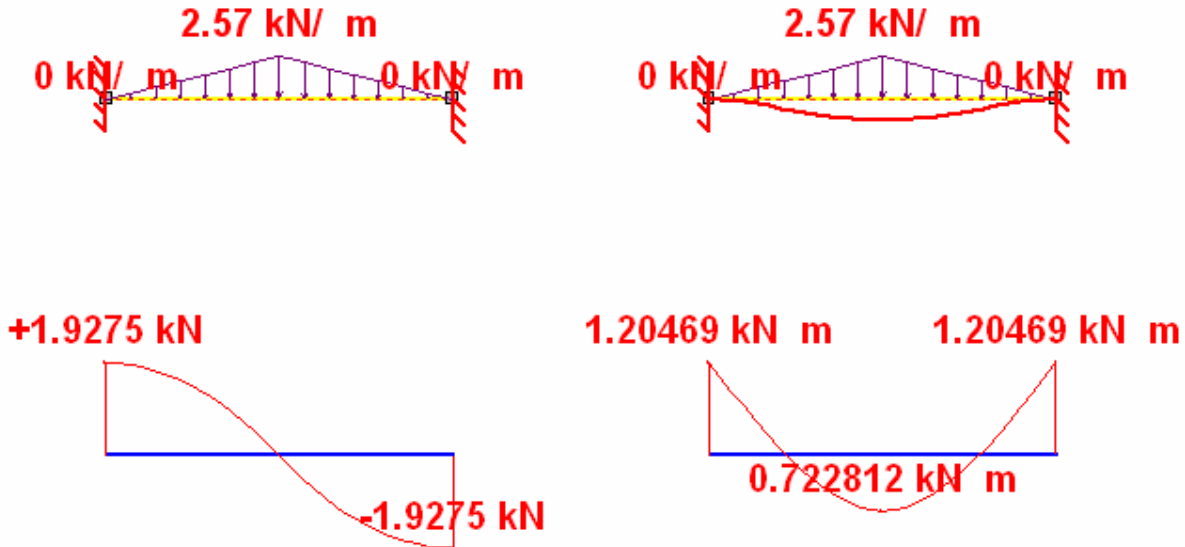
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT048BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT048BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with two distributed linear loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT048BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT048BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1500	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	Dx1-Right end	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.9275e+003	Th	1.9275e+003	-4.5475e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.9275e+003	Th	1.9275e+003	3.1832e-012	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.2047e+006	Th	-1.2047e+006	-3.4925e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.2047e+006	Th	1.2047e+006	1.1642e-009	0.0000

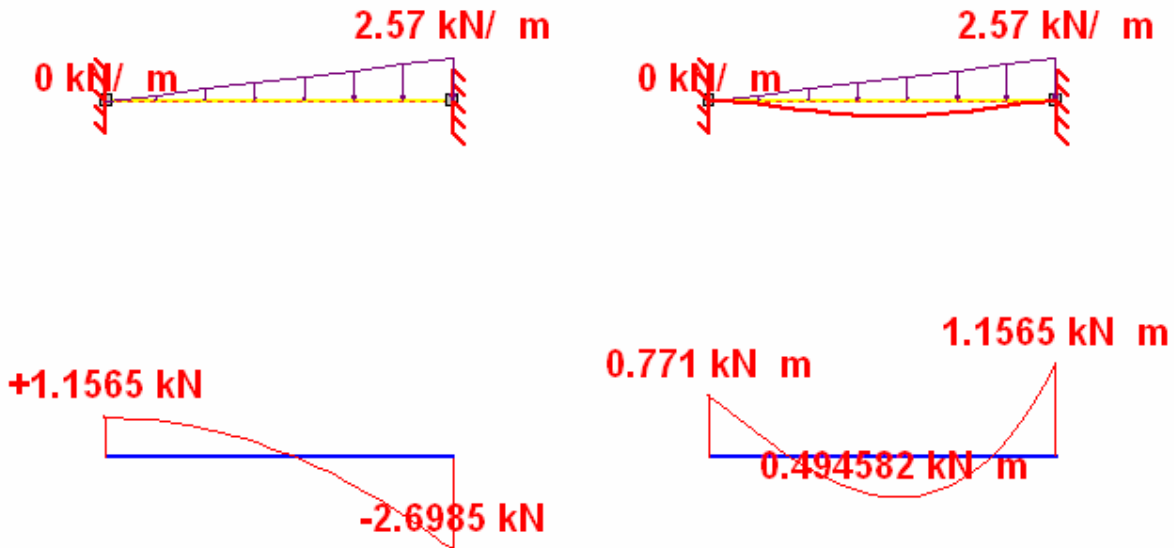
Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT049

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT049
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with distributed linear load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT049

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT049
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_v [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.1565e+003	Th	1.1565e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.6985e+003	Th	2.6985e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.7100e+005	Th	-7.7100e+005	2.3283e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.1565e+006	Th	1.1565e+006	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000

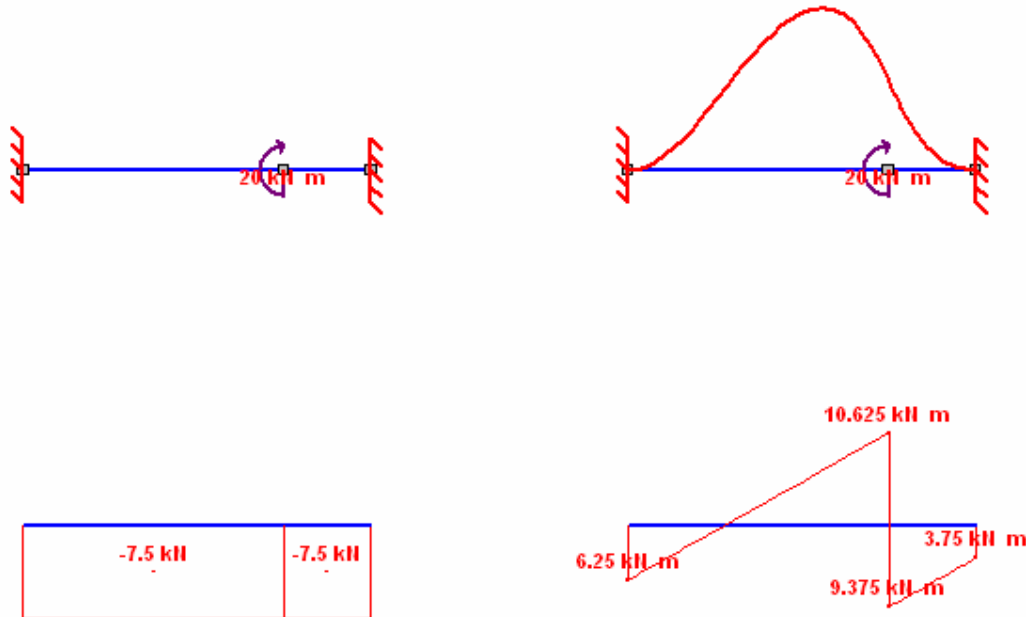
Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT050

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT050
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with internal bending moment

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT050

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT050
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	2250	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL MOMENT	2.000e+007	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.5000e+003	Th	-7.5000e+003	1.8190e-012	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.2500e+006	Th	6.2500e+006	-1.8626e-009	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.0625e+007	Th	1.0625e+007	-1.8626e-009	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-3.7500e+006	Th	-3.7500e+006	0.0000e+000	-0.0000

 C_v computed value

 T_v target value

 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

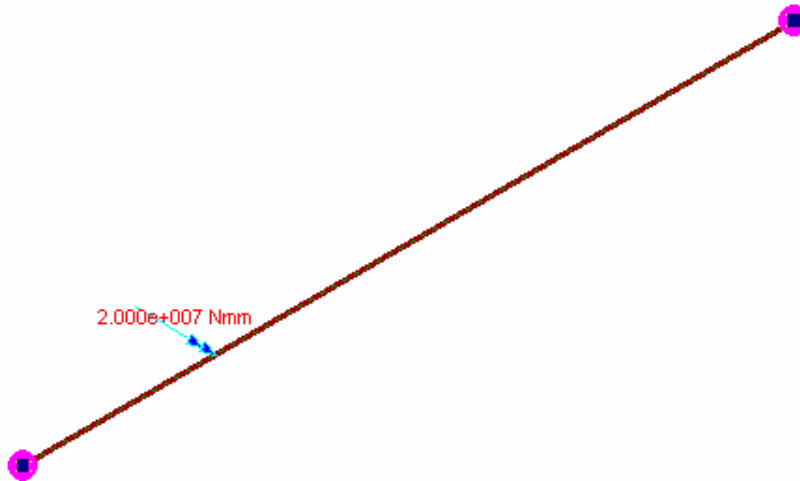
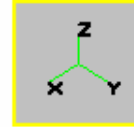
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT050BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT050BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Beam (both ends fixed) with internal bending moment

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT050BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT050BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	2250	-	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
moment concentrated	2.000e+007	Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T _v	T _{vk}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.5000e+003	Th	-7.5000e+003	0.0000e+000	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.5000e+003	Th	7.5000e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.2500e+006	Th	6.2500e+006	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.7500e+006	Th	-3.7500e+006	0.0000e+000	-0.0000

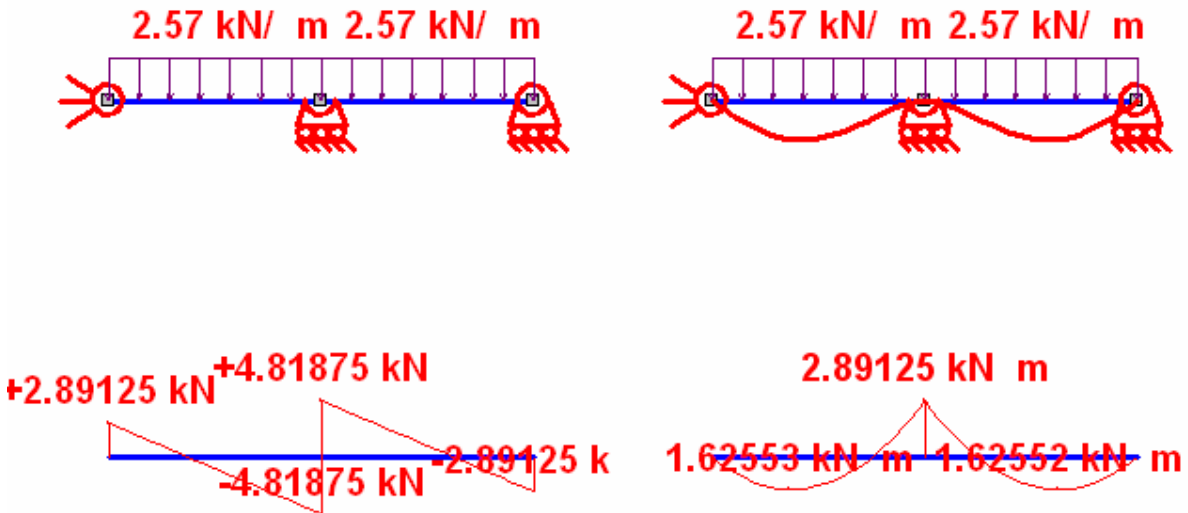
Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT051

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT051
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Continuous beam (2 spans) with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT051

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT051
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
6000=3000+3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.8913e+003	Th	2.8912e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	4.8188e+003	Th	4.8187e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-2.8913e+006	Th	-2.8913e+006	0.0000e+000	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

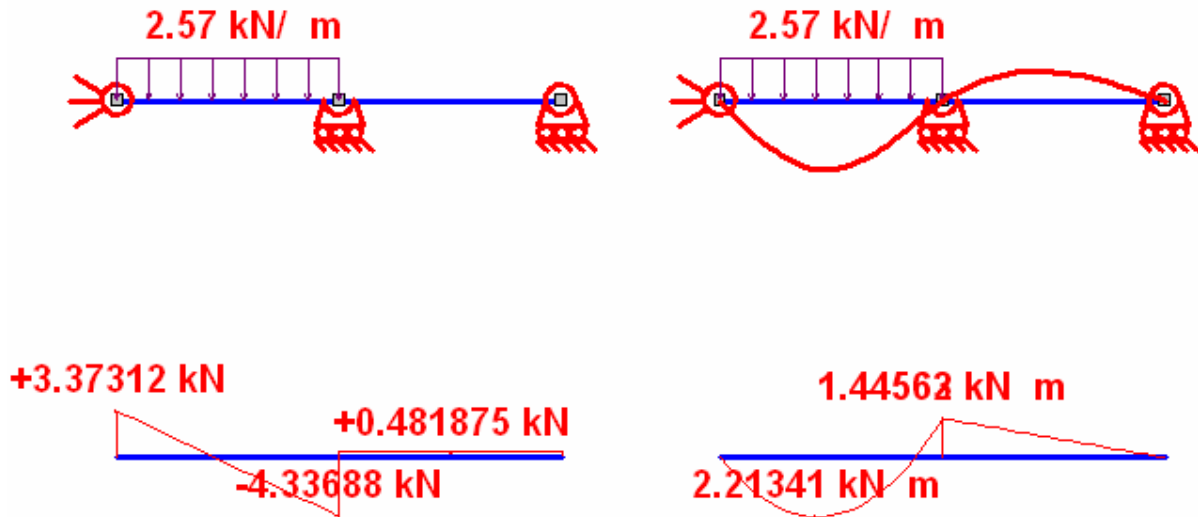
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT052		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT052
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Continuous beam (2 spans) with internal distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT052

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT052
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
6000=3000+3000	3000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.3731e+003	Th	3.3731e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	4.8188e+002	Th	4.8187e+002	-1.7053e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-2.3283e-010	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-1.4456e+006	Th	-1.4456e+006	2.3283e-010	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

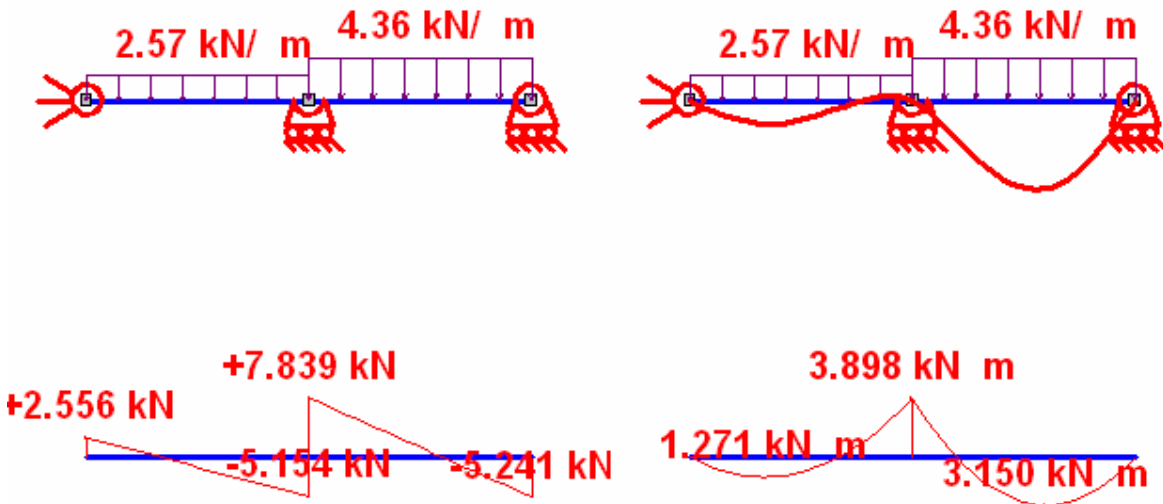
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT053

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT053
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Continuous beam (2 spans) with distributed variable load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT053

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT053
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
6000=3000+3000	3000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1
force distributed	4.360e+000	Dx1-Right end
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.5556e+003	Th	2.5556e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	5.2406e+003	Th	5.2406e+003	1.8190e-012	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	2.3283e-010	2.3283e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.8981e+006	Th	3.8981e+006	9.3132e-010	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

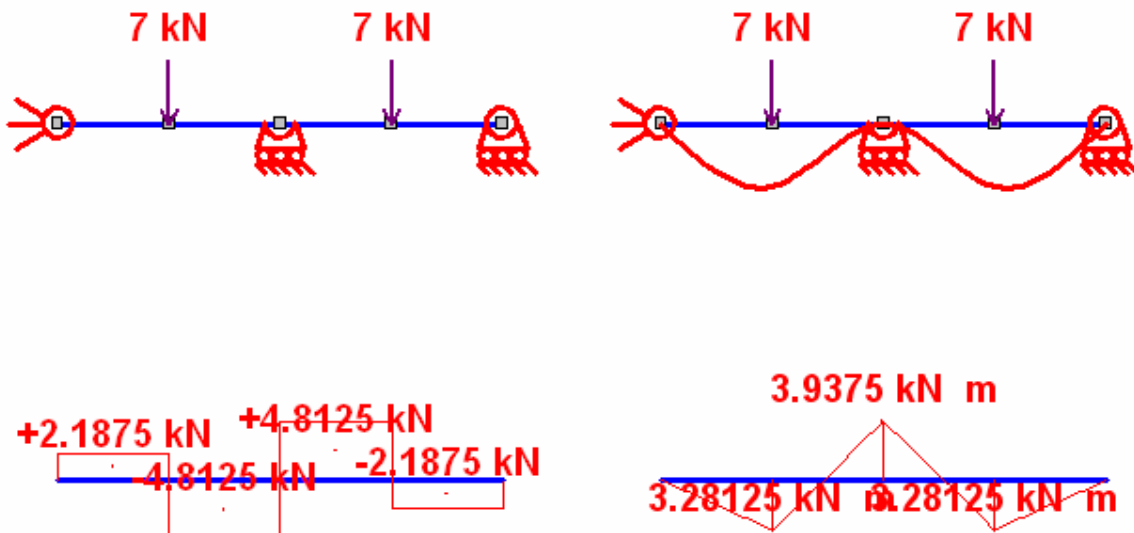
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT054

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT054
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Continuous beam (2 spans) with two shear forces

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT054

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT054
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
6000=3000+3000	1500	4500	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx2
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	-4.8125e+003	Th	-4.8125e+003	-9.0949e-013	0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 4. Load case # 1	-2.1875e+003	Th	-2.1875e+003	0.0000e+000	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.7462e-009	-1.7462e-009	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	3.9375e+006	Th	3.9375e+006	9.3132e-010	0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

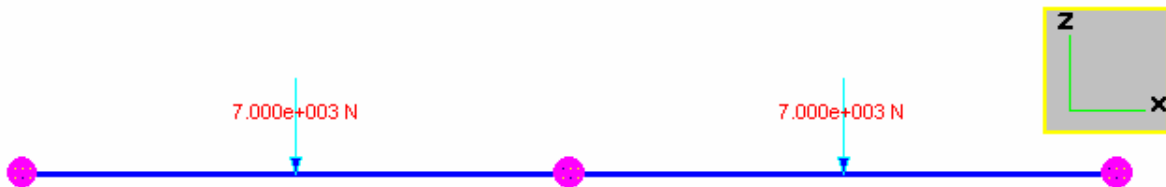
100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT054BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT054BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Continuous beam (2 spans) with two shear forces

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT054BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT054BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]		Constraints
6000=3000+3000	1500	4500	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx2	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione 1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T _v	T _{vk}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	2.1875e+003	Th	2.1875e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.1875e+003	Th	2.1875e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.9375e+006	Th	3.9375e+006	0.0000e+000	0.0000

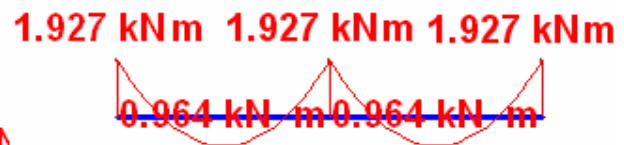
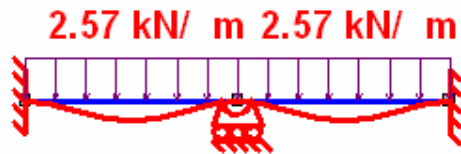
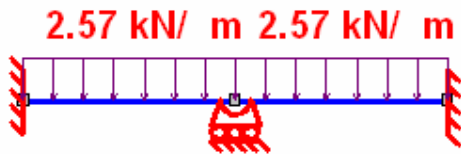
Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT055

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT055
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Continuous beam (2 spans, ends fixed) with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT055

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT055
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
6000=3000+3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.9275e+006	Th	-1.9275e+006	-4.6566e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.9275e+006	Th	1.9275e+006	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

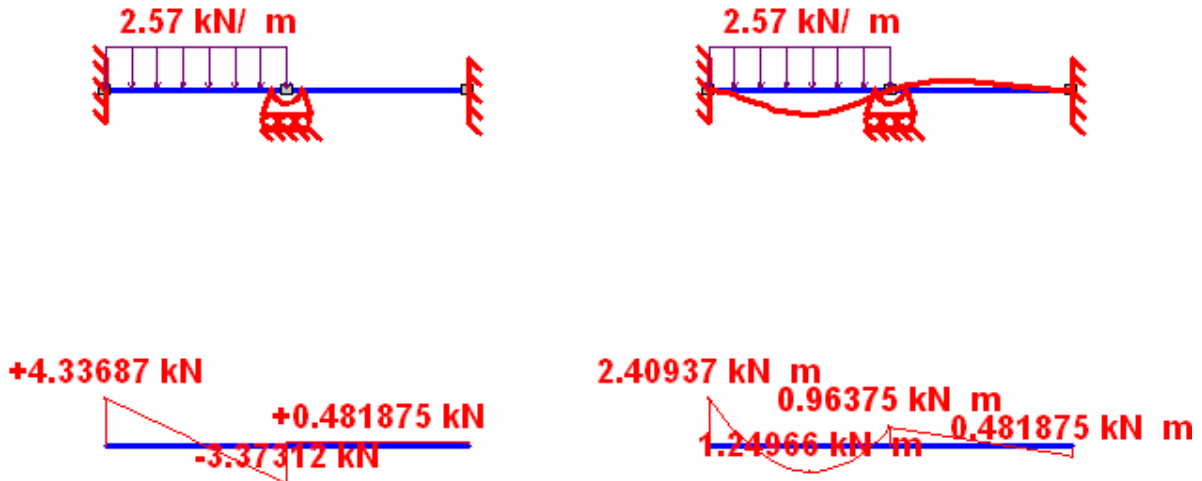
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT056

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT056
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Continuous beam (2 spans, ends fixed) with one internal distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT056

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT056
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
6000=3000+3000	3000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Left end-Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	4.3369e+003	Th	4.3369e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-4.8188e+002	Th	-4.8187e+002	1.1369e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.4094e+006	Th	-2.4094e+006	-4.6566e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-4.8188e+005	Th	-4.8187e+005	5.8208e-011	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

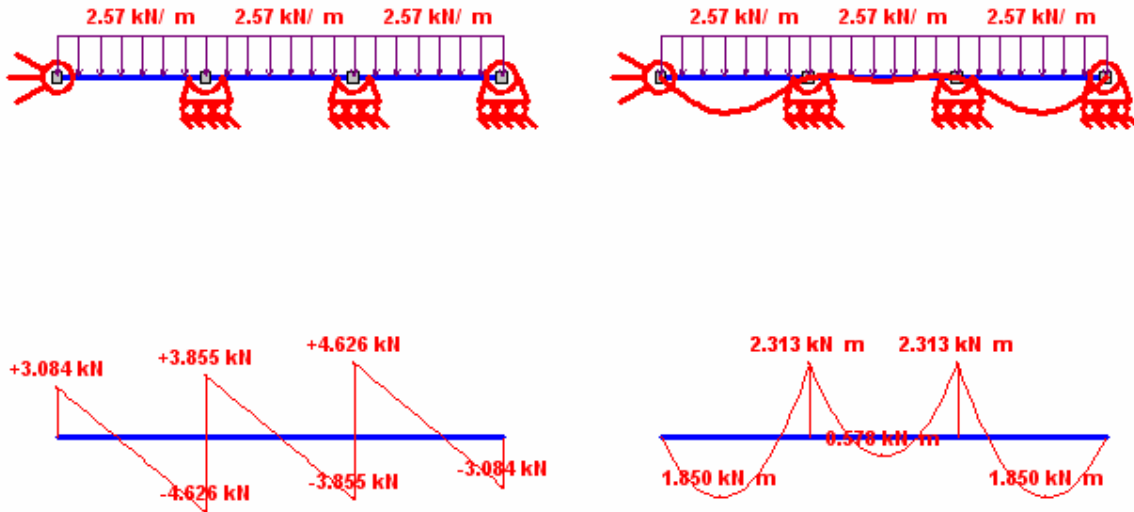
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT057

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT057
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Continuous beam (3 spans) with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT057

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT057
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
9000=3x3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES
vs
COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.0840e+003	Th	3.0840e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	4.6260e+003	Th	4.6260e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	2.3130e+006	Th	2.3130e+006	4.6566e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-2.3283e-010	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

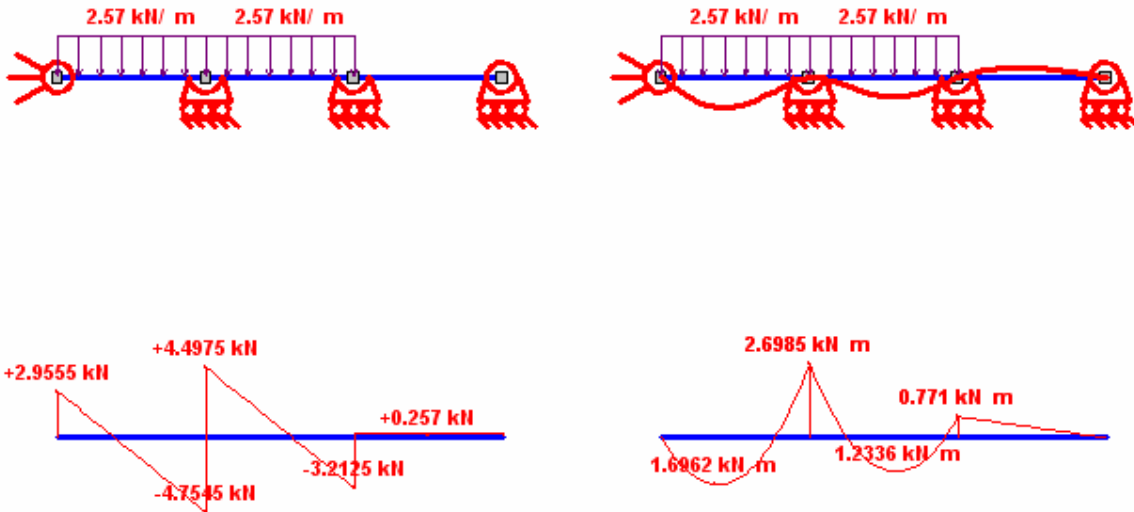
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT058

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT058
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Continuous beam (3 spans) with 2 internal distributed constant loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT058

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT058
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
9000=3x3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	First and second spans
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.9555e+003	Th	2.9555e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	2.5700e+002	Th	2.5700e+002	-1.1369e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	7.7100e+005	Th	7.7100e+005	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.6985e+006	Th	2.6985e+006	0.0000e+000	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

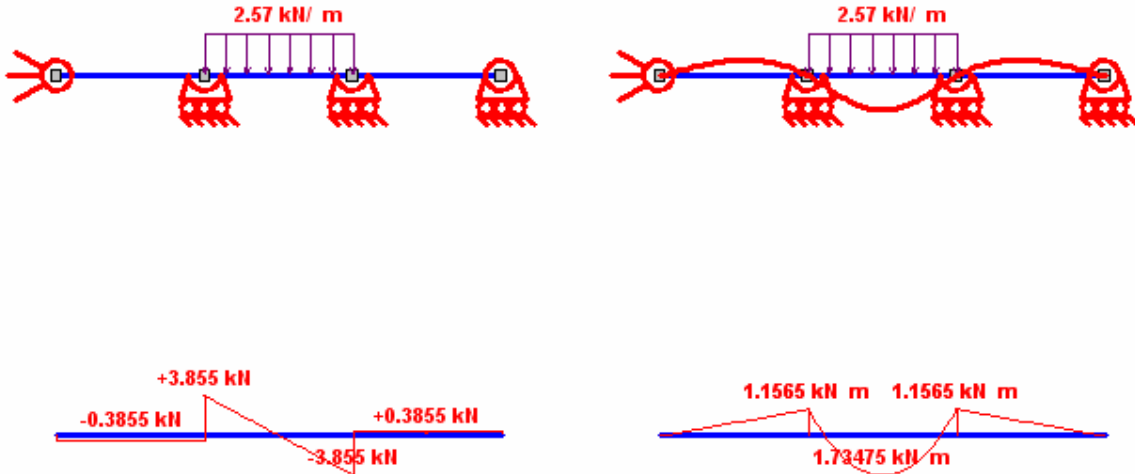
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT059

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT059
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Continuous beam (3 spans) with one internal distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT059

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT059
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
9000=3x3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Central span
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.8550e+002	Th	-3.8550e+002	0.0000e+000	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	-4.5475e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.1565e+006	Th	1.1565e+006	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	1.1642e-010	1.1642e-010	0.0000

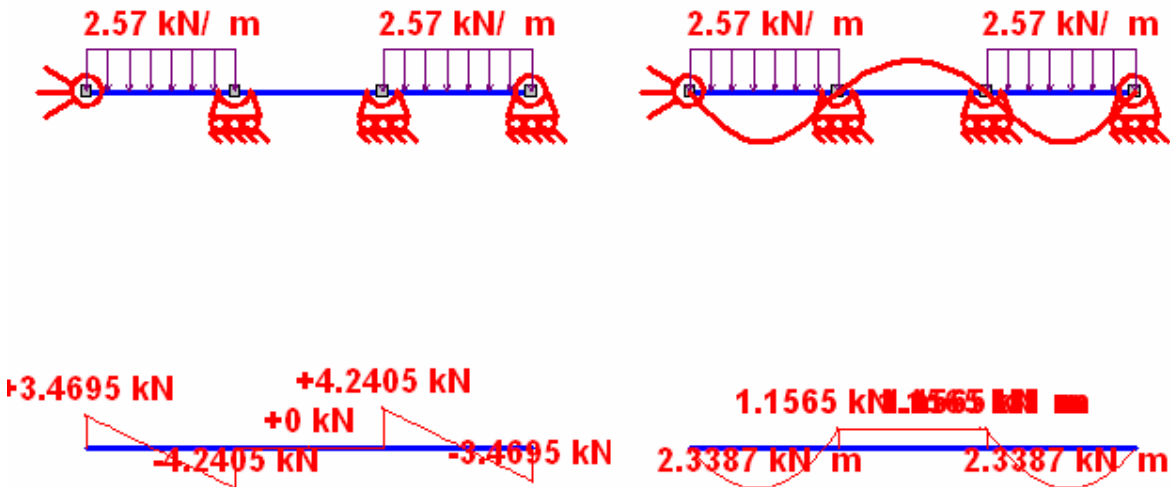
C_v computed value
T_v target value
T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
Th theoretical value
Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT060

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT060
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Continuous beam (3 spans) with two internal distributed constant loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT060

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT060
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
9000=3x3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	First span
force distributed	2.570e+000	Third span
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.4695e+003	Th	3.4695e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.5475e-013	-4.5475e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.1565e+006	Th	1.1565e+006	2.3283e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

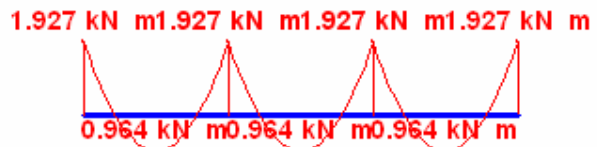
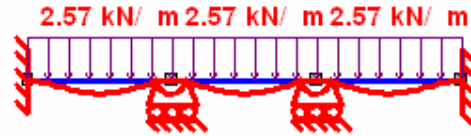
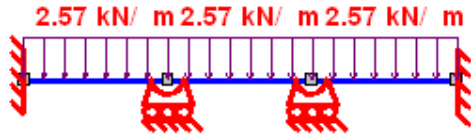
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT061

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT061
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Continuous beam (3 spans, ends fixed) with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT061

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT061
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
9000=3x3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.9275e+006	Th	1.9275e+006	2.3283e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.9275e+006	Th	-1.9275e+006	-4.6566e-010	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

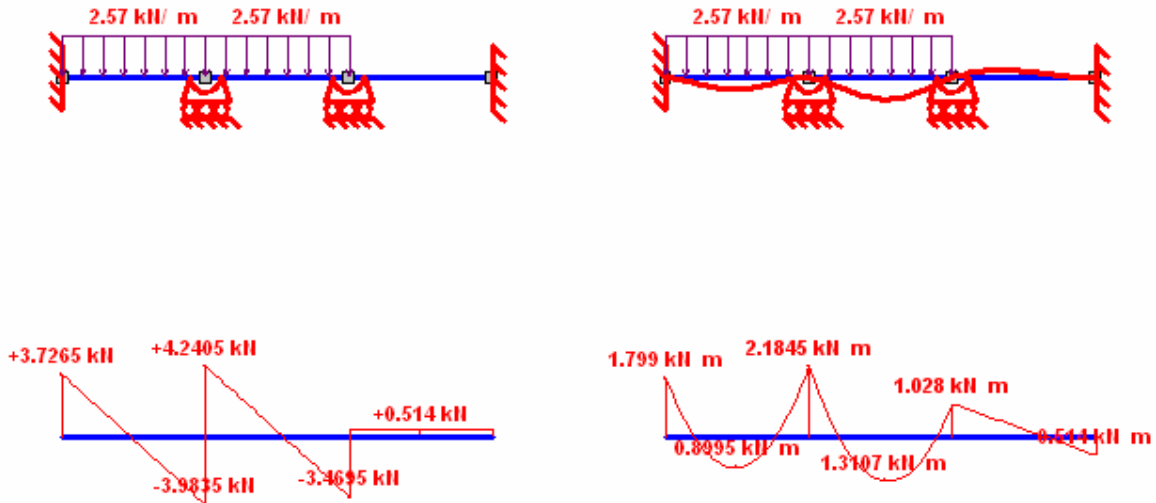
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT062

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT062
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Continuous beam (3 spans, ends fixed) with two internal distributed constant loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT062

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT062
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
9000=3x3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	First and second spans
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.7265e+003	Th	3.7265e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	4.2405e+003	Th	4.2405e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.0280e+006	Th	1.0280e+006	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.7990e+006	Th	-1.7990e+006	-4.6566e-010	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

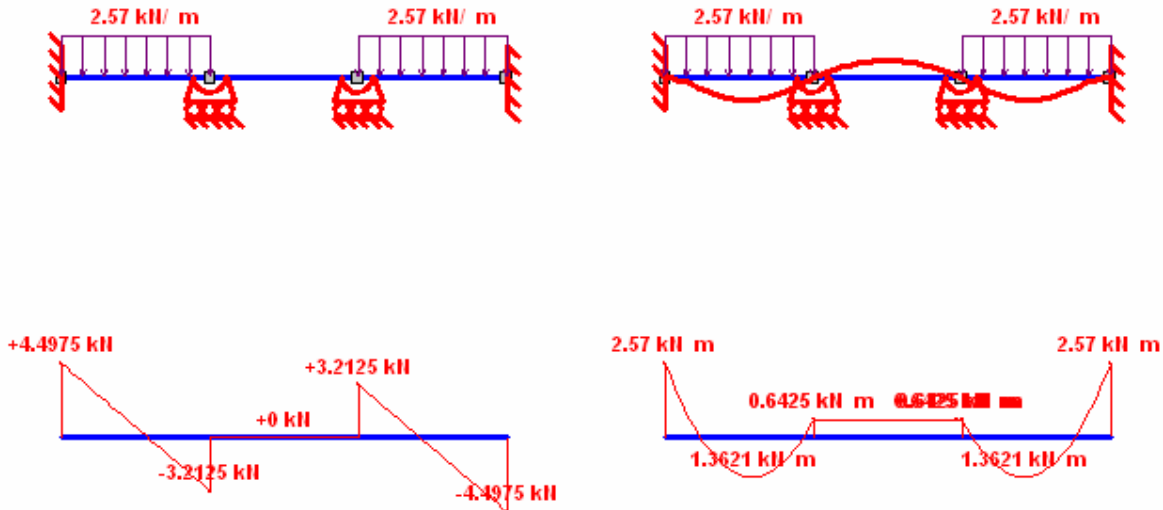
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT063

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT063
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Continuous beam (3 spans, ends fixed) with two internal distributed constant loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT063

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT063
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
9000=3x3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	First span
force distributed	2.570e+000	Third span
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	4.4975e+003	Th	4.4975e+003	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.1369e-013	-1.1369e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	6.4250e+005	Th	6.4250e+005	3.4925e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.5700e+006	Th	-2.5700e+006	-9.3132e-010	0.0000

 C_v computed value

 T_v target value

 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

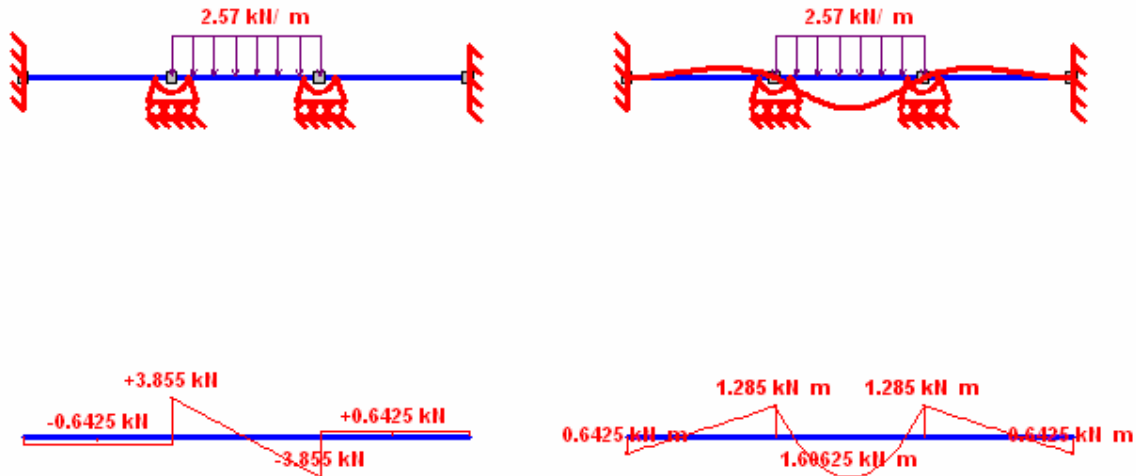
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT064		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT064
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Continuous beam (3 spans, ends fixed) with one internal distributed constant loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT064

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT064
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
9000=3x3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Central span
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-6.4250e+002	Th	-6.4250e+002	-2.2737e-013	0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.2850e+006	Th	1.2850e+006	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.4250e+005	Th	6.4250e+005	3.4925e-010	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

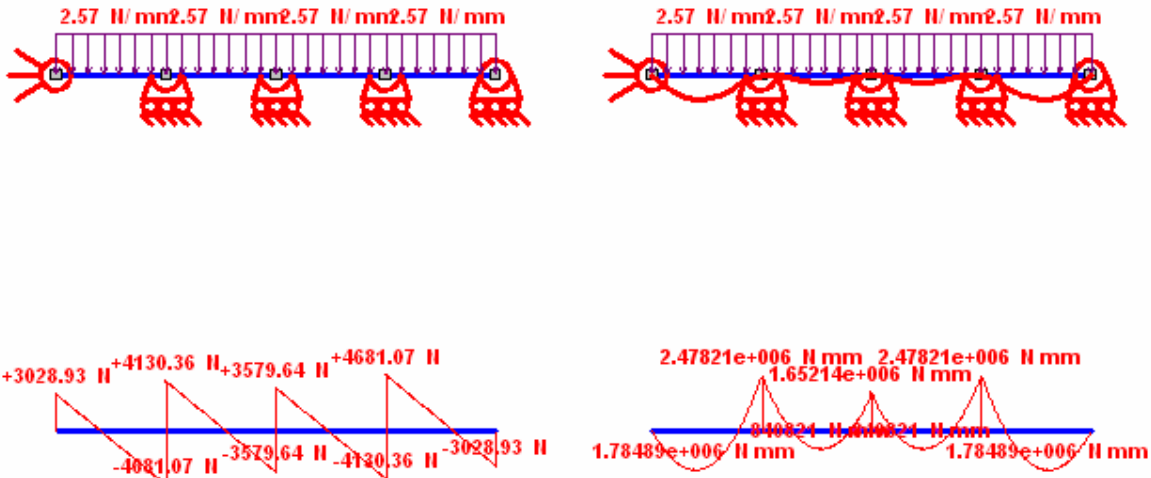
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT065

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT065
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Continuous beam (4 spans) with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT065

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT065
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
12000=4x3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione 1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	0.000e+000	1.000e+000	0.000e+000	0.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.0289e+003	Th	3.0289e+003	-4.2857e-004	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	4.1304e+003	Th	4.1304e+003	1.4286e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.6521e+006	Th	1.6521e+006	-1.4286e-001	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 4. Load case # 1	-2.4782e+006	Th	-2.4782e+006	-2.8571e-001	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

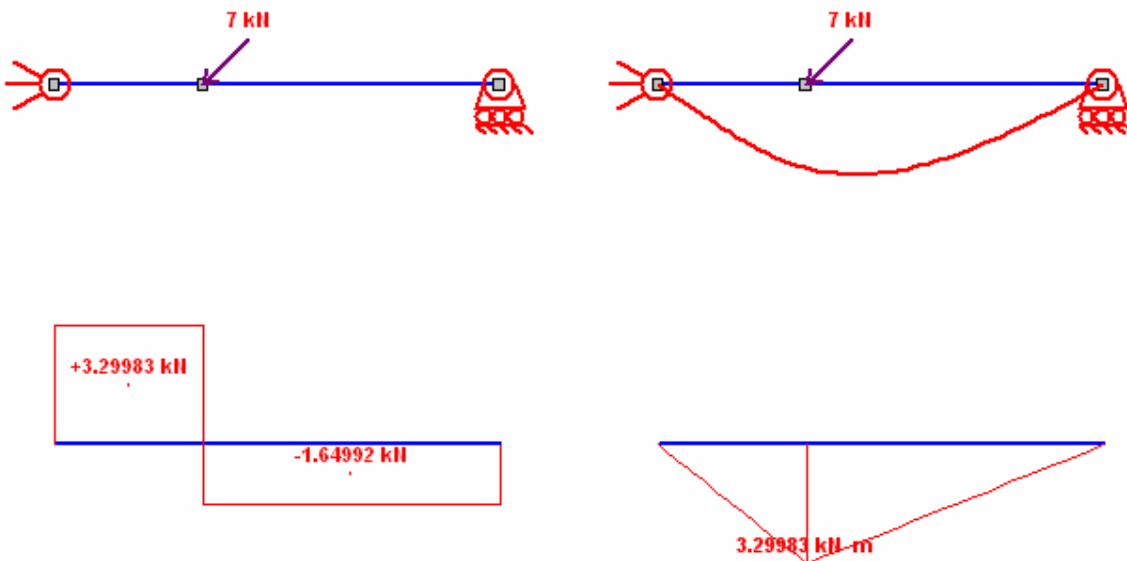
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT066

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT066
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with internal inclined force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT066

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT066
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	alpha [deg]	Dx1 [mm]		Constraints
3000	45°	1000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.2998e+003	Th	3.2998e+003	3.5400e-004	0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-1.6499e+003	Th	-1.6499e+003	-1.7700e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.3970e-009	-1.3970e-009	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	3.2998e+006	Th	3.2998e+006	3.5400e-001	0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

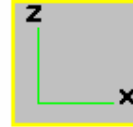
100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT066BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT066BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with internal inclined force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT066BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT066BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	alpha [deg]	Dx1 [mm]		Constraints
3000	45°	1000	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	4.950e+003	Dx1	
force concentrated	4.950e+003	Dx1	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.2998e+003	Th	3.2998e+003	5.1899e-004	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.6499e+003	Th	1.6499e+003	1.2008e-005	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-6.9849e-010	-6.9849e-010	-0.0000

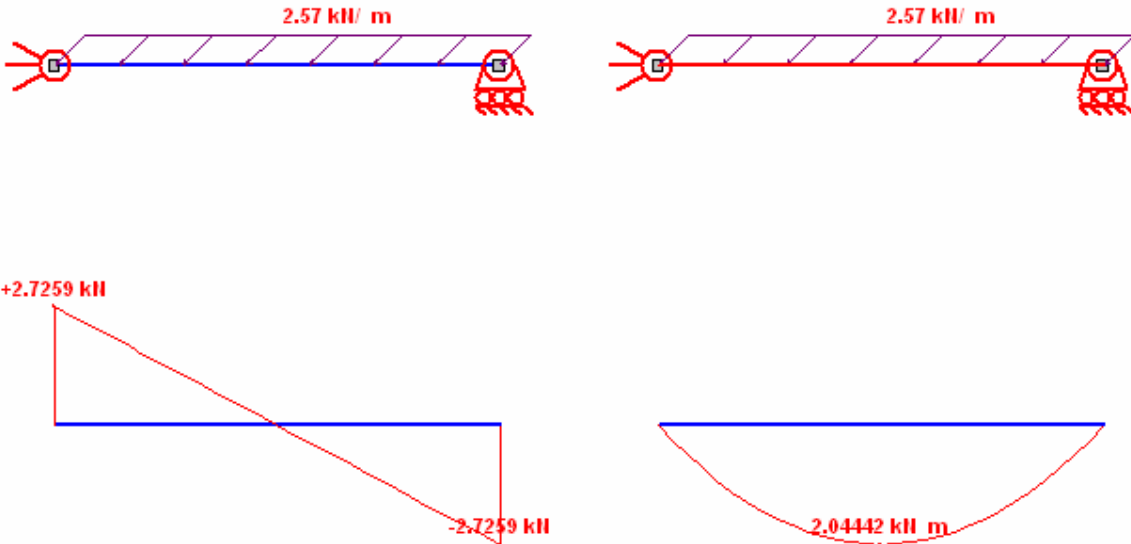
C_v computed value
 T_v target value
 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT067

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT067
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Simply supported beam with inclined distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT067

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT067
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	alpha [deg]		Constraints
3000	45°	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_v [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
IPE200

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.7259e+003	Th	2.7259e+003	-6.4100e-004	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.7259e+003	Th	2.7259e+003	-6.4100e-004	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	4.6566e-010	4.6566e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

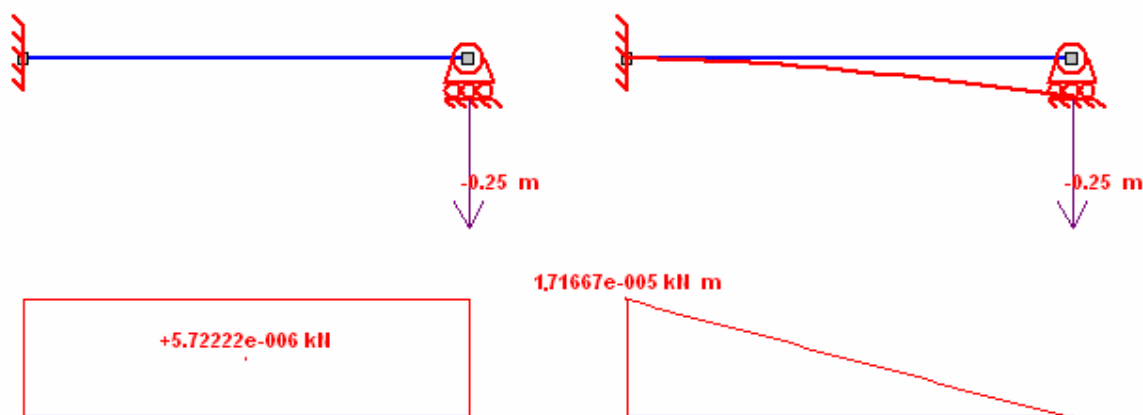
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT068		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT068
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Supported cantilever, right bearing translational settle

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT068

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT068
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
Settle	250mm	Right end
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	5.7222e-003	Th	5.7222e-003	2.9666e-010	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-5.7222e-003	Th	-5.7222e-003	-2.9666e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.7167e+001	Th	-1.7167e+001	-2.1999e-007	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	7.1054e-015	7.1054e-015	0.0000

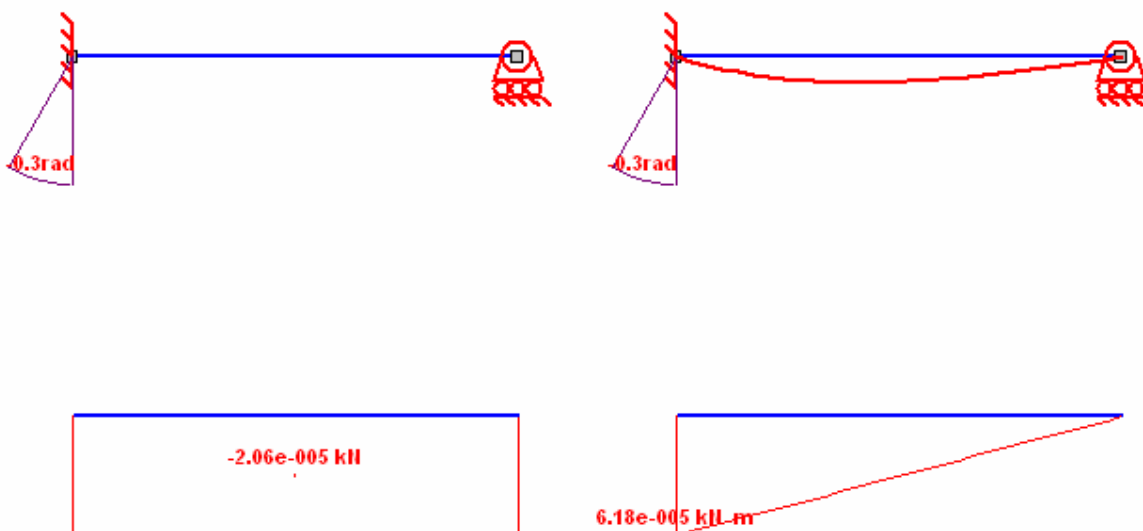
C_v computed value
T_v target value
T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
Th theoretical value
Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT069

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT069
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Supported cantilever, clamping rotational settle

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where "theoretical" values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that's why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT069

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT069
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
Settle	0,3rad	Left end
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.0600e-002	Th	-2.0600e-002	-2.6798e-010	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.0600e-002	Th	2.0600e-002	2.6798e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.1800e+001	Th	6.1800e+001	8.0394e-007	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

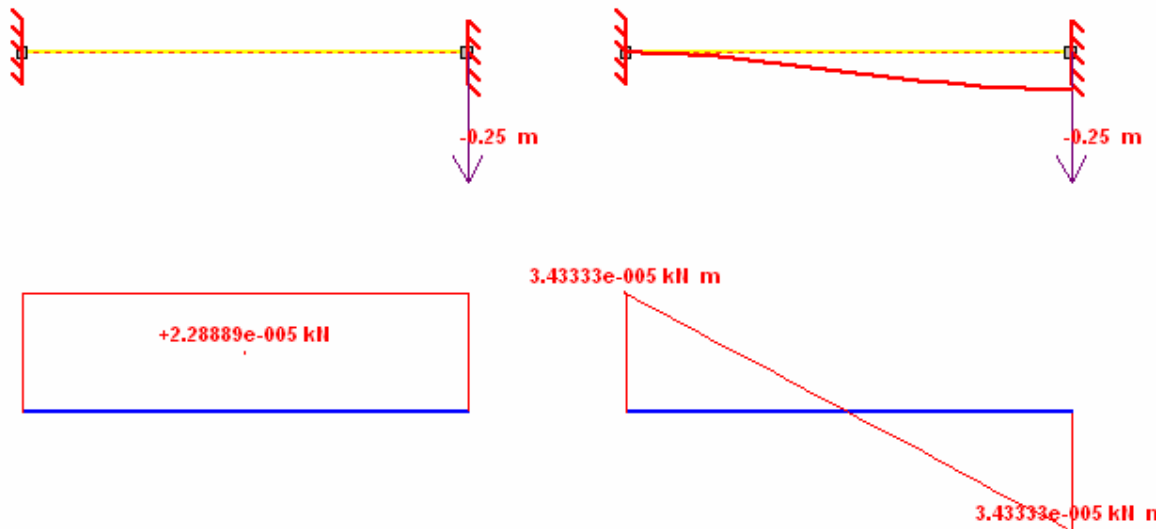
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT070		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT070
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Fully restrained beam. Left clamping translational settle.

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT070

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT070
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	-	-	-	Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
Settle	250mm	Right end
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.2889e-002	Th	2.2889e-002	-1.1132e-010	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.2889e-002	Th	-2.2889e-002	1.1132e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.4333e+001	Th	-3.4333e+001	-3.0190e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-3.4333e+001	Th	-3.4333e+001	-3.0190e-009	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

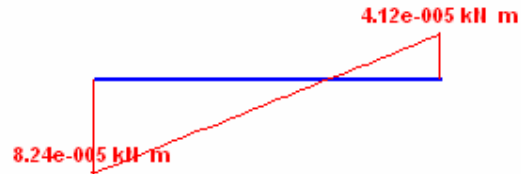
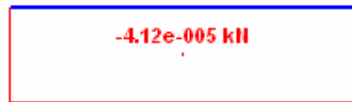
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT071

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT071
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Fully restrained beam. Right clamping rotational settle.

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT071

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT071
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]				Constraints
3000	-	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
Settle	0,3rad	Left end
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J_2 [mm ⁴]	J_3 [mm ⁴]	J_t [mm ⁴]	W_2 [mm ³]	W_3 [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W_{pl2} [mm ³]	W_{pl3} [mm ³]	i_2 [mm]	i_3 [mm]	i_t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T_v	T_{vK}	C_v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-4.1200e-002	Th	-4.1200e-002	-5.3596e-010	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	4.1200e-002	Th	4.1200e-002	5.3596e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	8.2400e+001	Th	8.2400e+001	1.0719e-006	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	4.1200e+001	Th	4.1200e+001	5.3596e-007	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

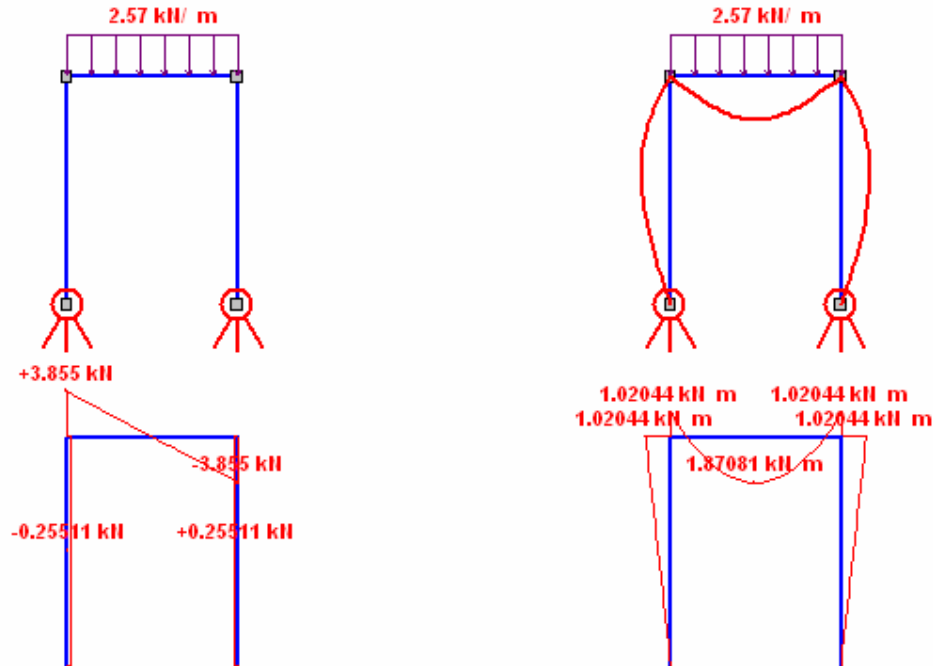
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT072

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT072
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Hinged frame with constant distributed load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT072

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT072
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.5511e+002	Th	-2.5511e+002	8.4235e-006	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.0204e+006	Th	1.0204e+006	-3.3294e-002	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

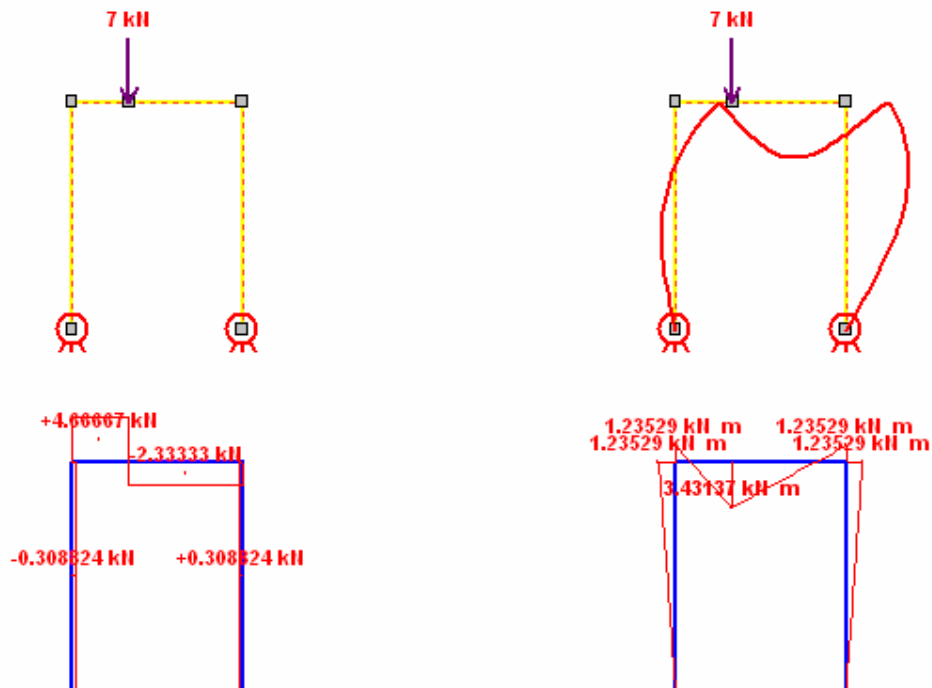
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT073

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT073
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Hinged frame with shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT073

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT073
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]	Dx1 [mm]		Constraints
3000	4000	1000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_v [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.0882e+002	Th	-3.0882e+002	1.0260e-005	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 4. Load case # 1	3.0882e+002	Th	3.0882e+002	-1.0153e-005	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-1.2353e+006	Th	-1.2353e+006	4.1441e-002	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	3.4314e+006	Th	3.4314e+006	4.0965e-002	0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

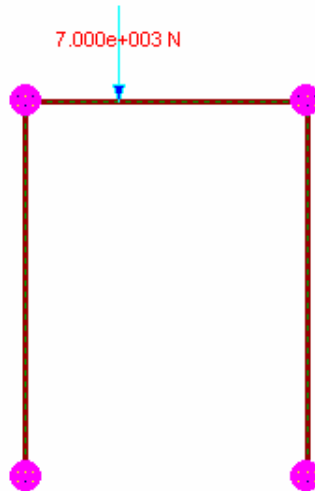
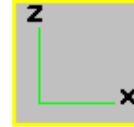
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT073BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT073BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Hinged frame with shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT073BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT073BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]	Dx1 [mm]		Constraints
3000	4000	1000	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.0882e+002	Th	-3.0882e+002	2.5701e-005	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	3.0882e+002	Th	3.0882e+002	-2.5594e-005	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	-1.2353e+006	Th	-1.2353e+006	1.0321e-001	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000

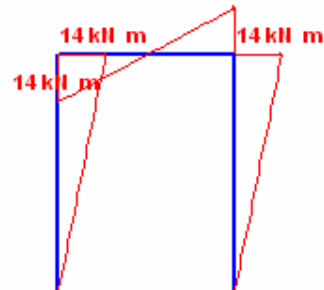
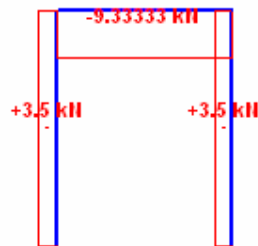
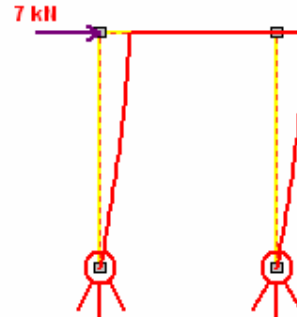
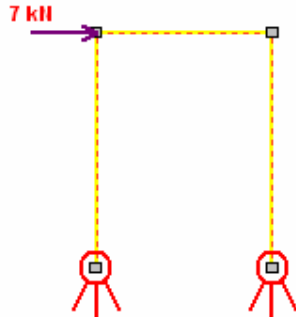
Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT074

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT074
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Hinged frame with horizontal force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where "theoretical" values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that's why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT074

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT074
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]		Constraints
3000	4000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_v [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	3.5000e+003	Th	3.5000e+003	-1.1227e-004	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.4000e+007	Th	-1.4000e+007	-4.7739e-001	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.4000e+007	Th	1.4000e+007	-4.4908e-001	-0.0000

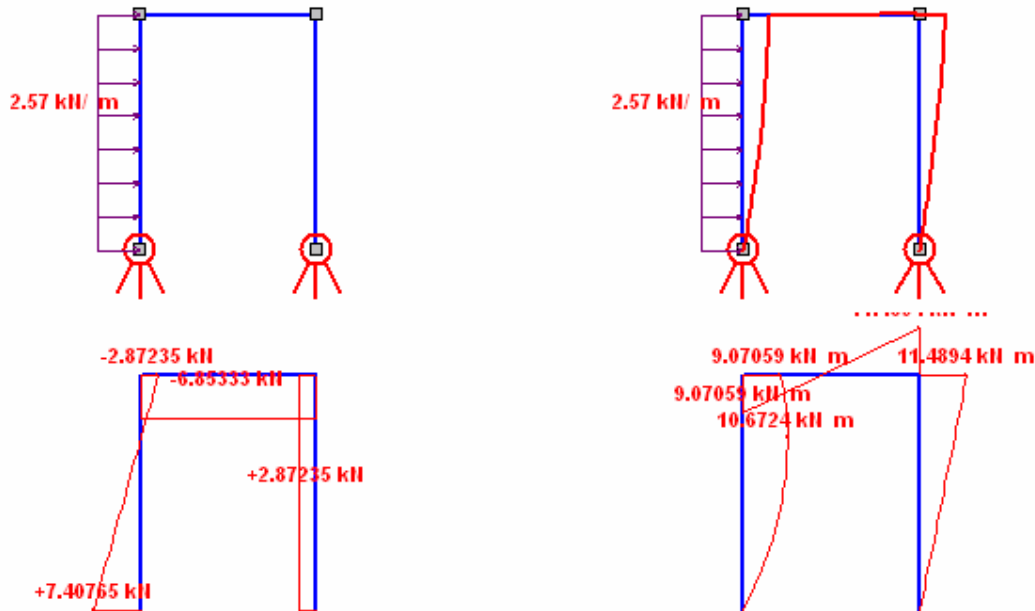
C_v computed value
T_v target value
T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
Th theoretical value
Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT075

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT075
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Hinged frame with constant distributed load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT075

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT075
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.4076e+003	Th	7.4076e+003	9.7936e-005	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	3.2596e-009	3.2596e-009	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-9.0706e+006	Th	-9.0706e+006	-3.9274e-001	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.1489e+007	Th	1.1489e+007	-3.6317e-001	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

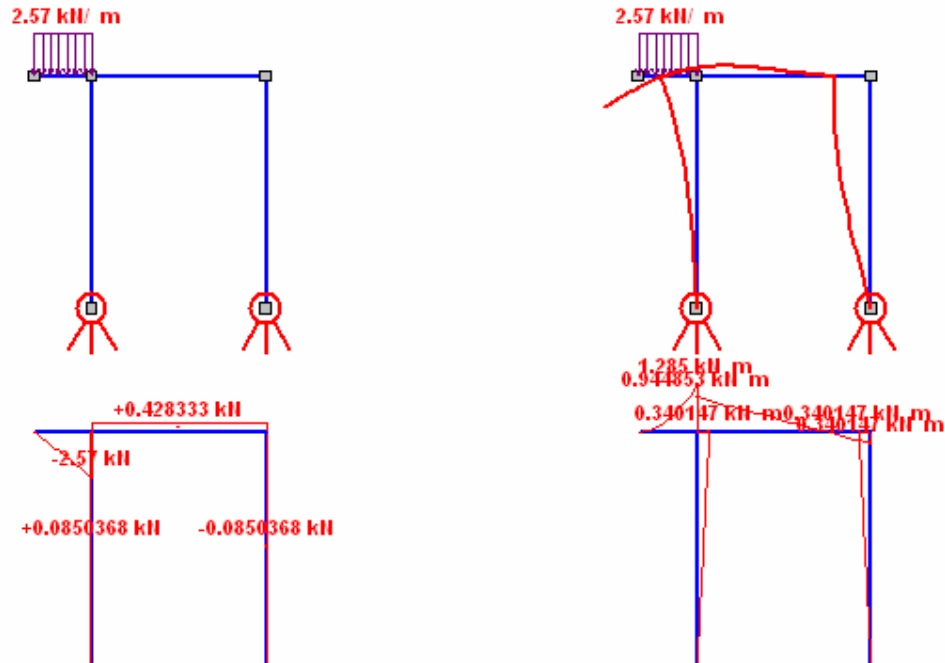
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT076

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT076
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Hinged portal frame, projecting beam. Constant distributed load.

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT076

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT076
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]	Projecting beam [mm]		Constraints
3000	4000	1000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Projecting beam
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	8.5037e+001	Th	8.5037e+001	-2.7735e-006	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.4015e+005	Th	-3.4015e+005	1.1054e-002	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-9.4485e+005	Th	-9.4485e+005	-1.1054e-002	0.0000

 C_v computed value

 T_v target value

 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

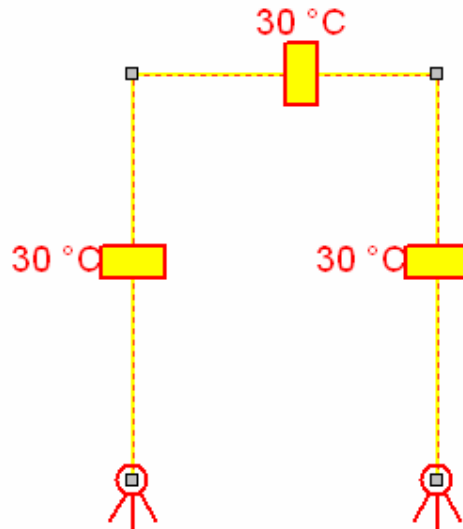
 100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT077		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT077
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Hinged frame with temperature increase

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT077

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT077
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
temperature	3.000e+001	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-2.4538e-006	Th	-2.4538e-006	4.6237e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	9.5410e-018	9.5410e-018	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	9.8153e-003	Th	9.8153e-003	1.5050e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	9.8153e-003	Th	9.8153e-003	1.2960e-010	0.0000

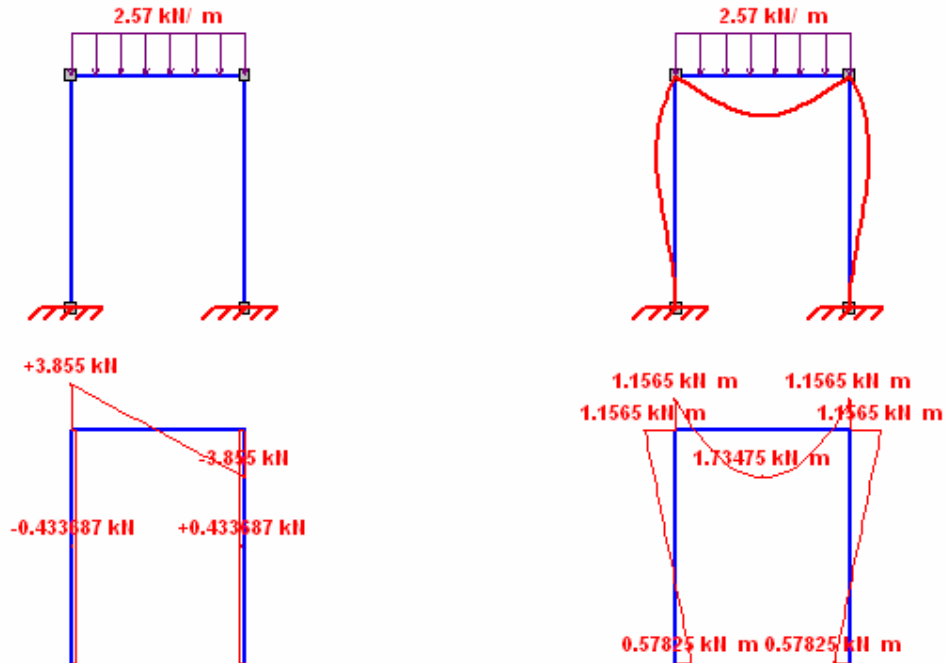
C_v computed value
T_v target value
T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
Th theoretical value
Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT078

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT078
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Fixed frame with constant distributed load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT078

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT078
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_v [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-4.3369e+002	Th	-4.3369e+002	6.7086e-005	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	4.3369e+002	Th	4.3369e+002	-6.7086e-005	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	5.7825e+005	Th	5.7825e+005	-1.7076e-001	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.1565e+006	Th	1.1565e+006	-9.7580e-002	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

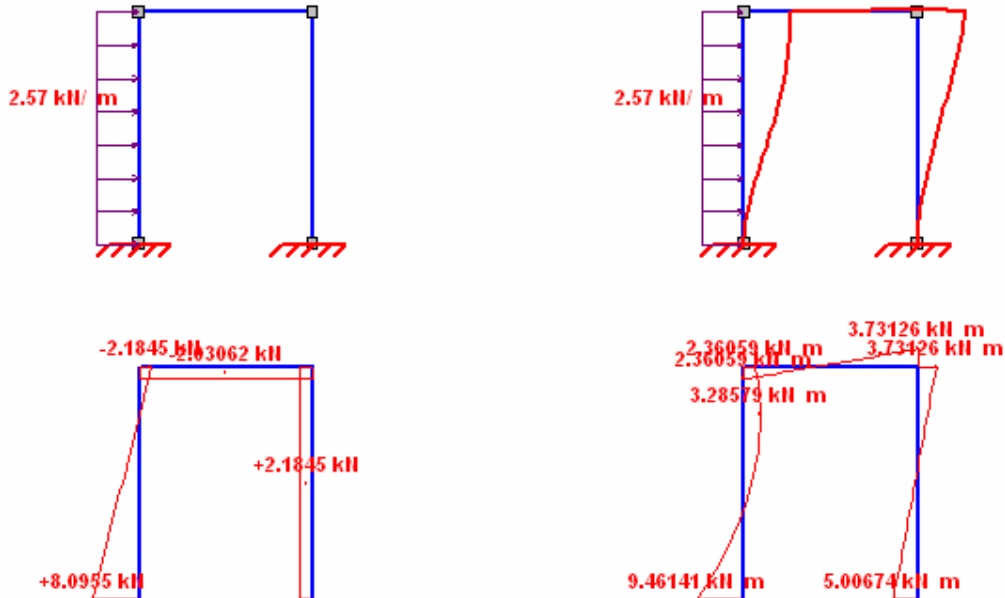
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT079

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT079
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Fixed frame with constant distributed load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT079

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT079
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_v [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	2.1845e+003	Th	2.1845e+003	-3.3716e-004	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	8.0955e+003	Th	8.0955e+003	3.3867e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-9.4614e+006	Th	-9.4614e+006	-2.0656e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	2.3606e+006	Th	2.3606e+006	-7.1089e-001	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

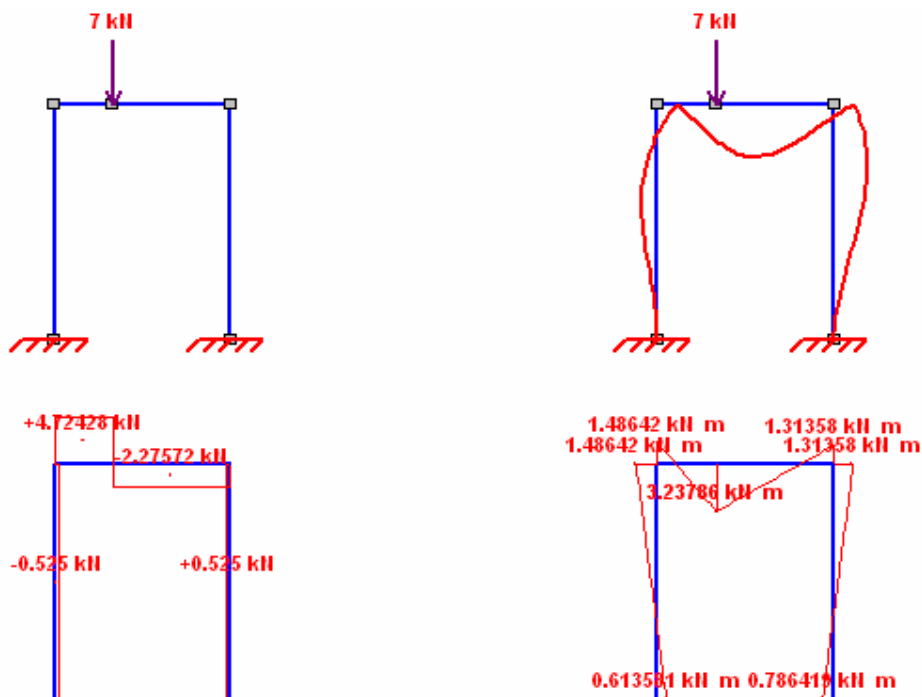
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT080

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT080
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Fixed frame with shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where "theoretical" values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that's why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT080

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT080
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]	Dx1 [mm]		Constraints
3000	4000	1000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-5.2500e+002	Th	-5.2500e+002	8.1147e-005	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	5.2500e+002	Th	5.2500e+002	-8.1275e-005	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.1358e+005	Th	6.1358e+005	5.1894e-001	0.0001
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-1.4864e+006	Th	-1.4864e+006	8.4342e-001	-0.0001

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

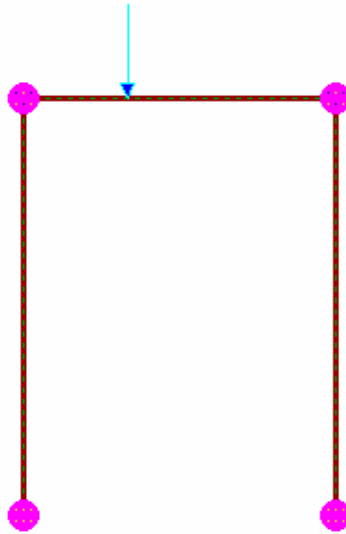
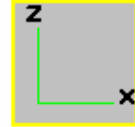
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT080BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT080BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Fixed frame with shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT080BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT080BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]	Dx1 [mm]		Constraints
3000	4000	1000	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-5.2500e+002	Th	-5.2500e+002	1.0749e-004	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	5.2500e+002	Th	5.2500e+002	-1.0743e-004	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.1358e+005	Th	6.1358e+005	4.7076e-001	0.0001
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	-1.4864e+006	Th	-1.4864e+006	9.0063e-001	-0.0001

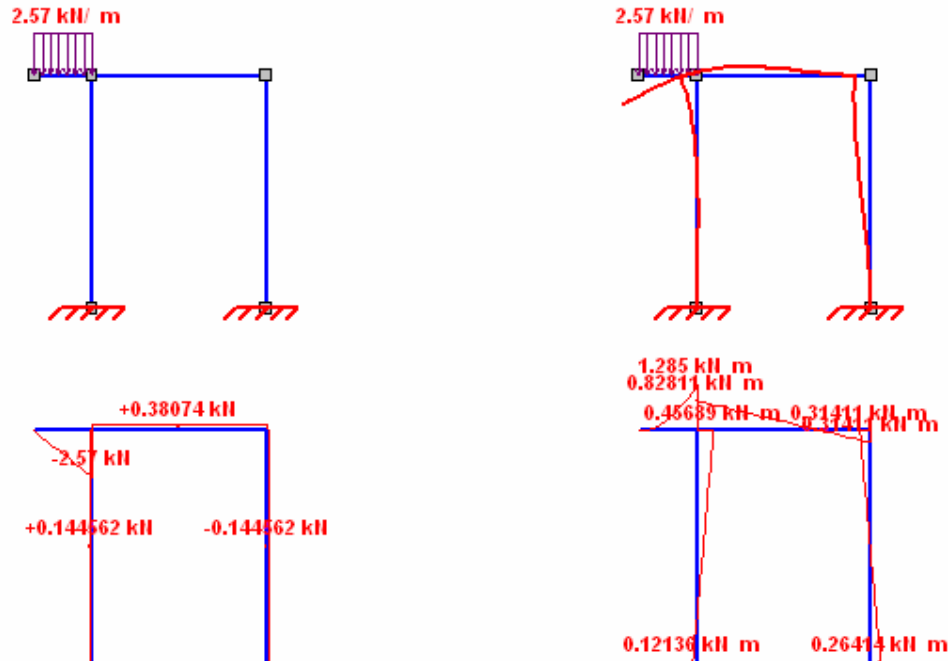
Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT081

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT081
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Fixed portal frame, projecting beam. Constant distributed load.

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT081

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT081
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]	Projecting beam [mm]		Constraints
3000	4000	1000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	Projecting beam
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.4456e+002	Th	1.4456e+002	-2.2388e-005	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	-1.4456e+002	Th	-1.4456e+002	2.2336e-005	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.2136e+005	Th	-1.2136e+005	1.0441e+000	-0.0009
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	2.6414e+005	Th	2.6414e+005	9.3023e-001	0.0004

 C_v computed value

 T_v target value

 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

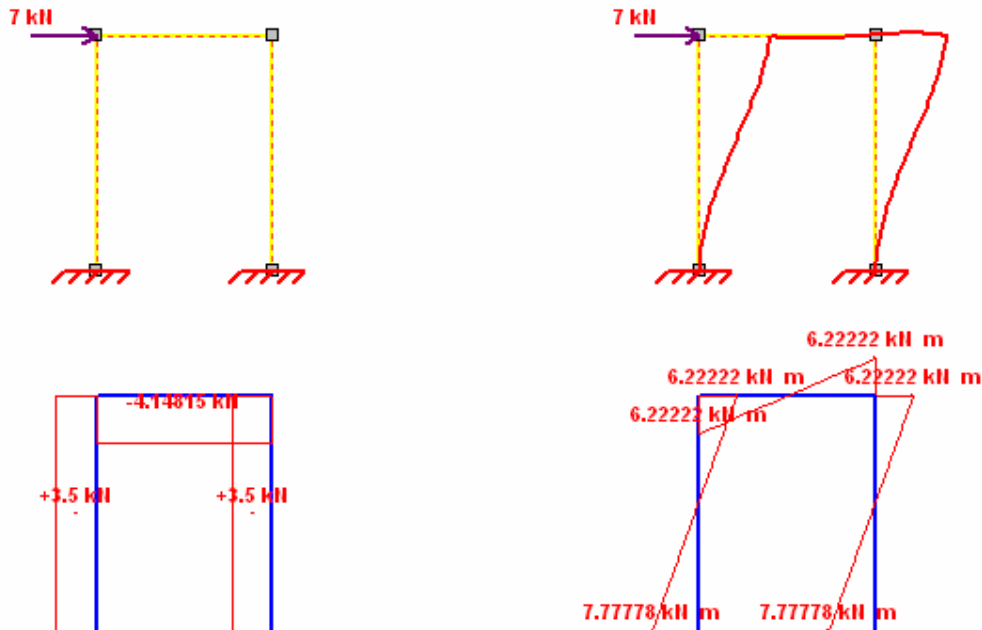
 100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT082		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT082
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Fixed frame with horizontal force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT082

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT082
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.5000e+003	Th	3.5000e+003	5.4252e-004	0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	3.5000e+003	Th	3.5000e+003	-5.4029e-004	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.7778e+006	Th	-7.7778e+006	-3.8385e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	6.2222e+006	Th	6.2222e+006	-1.6685e+000	-0.0000

 C_v computed value

 T_v target value

 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

 100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

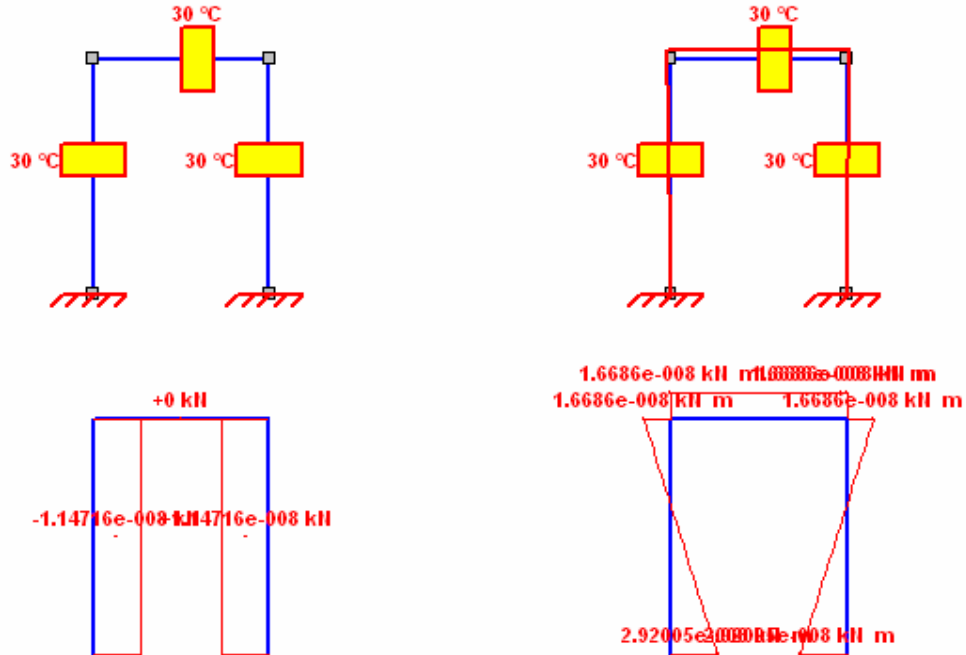
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT083

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT083
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Fixed frame with temperature increase

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT083

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT083
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
temperature	3.000e+001	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.1472e-005	Th	-1.1472e-005	6.3623e-012	-0.0001
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	1.1472e-005	Th	1.1472e-005	-6.3752e-012	-0.0001
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-1.6686e-002	Th	-1.6686e-002	1.9794e-009	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.9201e-002	Th	2.9200e-002	-3.4697e-009	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

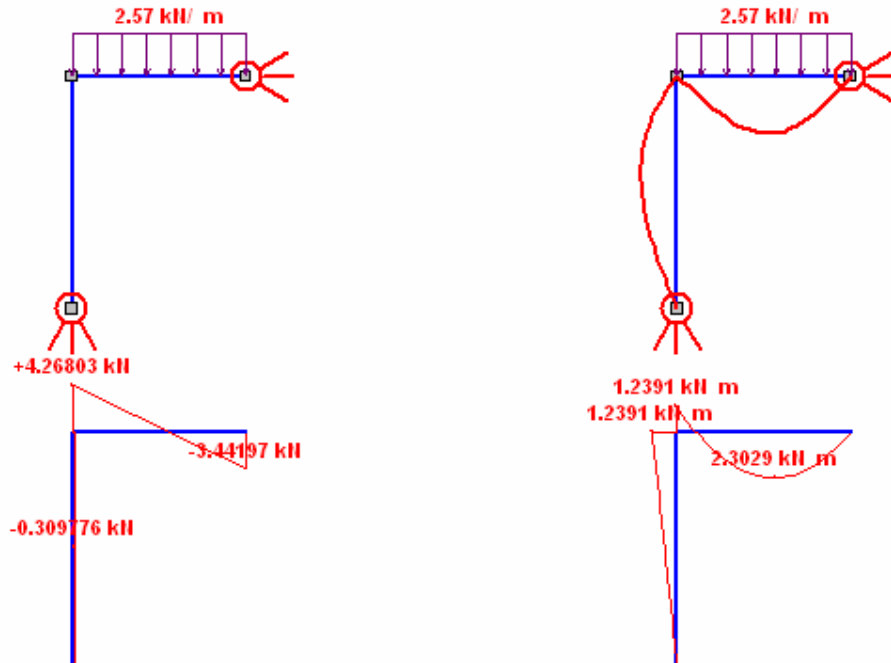
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT084

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT084
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Half portal frame (hinged) with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT084

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT084
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.0978e+002	Th	-3.0978e+002	6.3460e-004	-0.0002
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	3.4420e+003	Th	3.4420e+003	8.4586e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.2391e+006	Th	1.2391e+006	-2.5386e+000	-0.0002

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

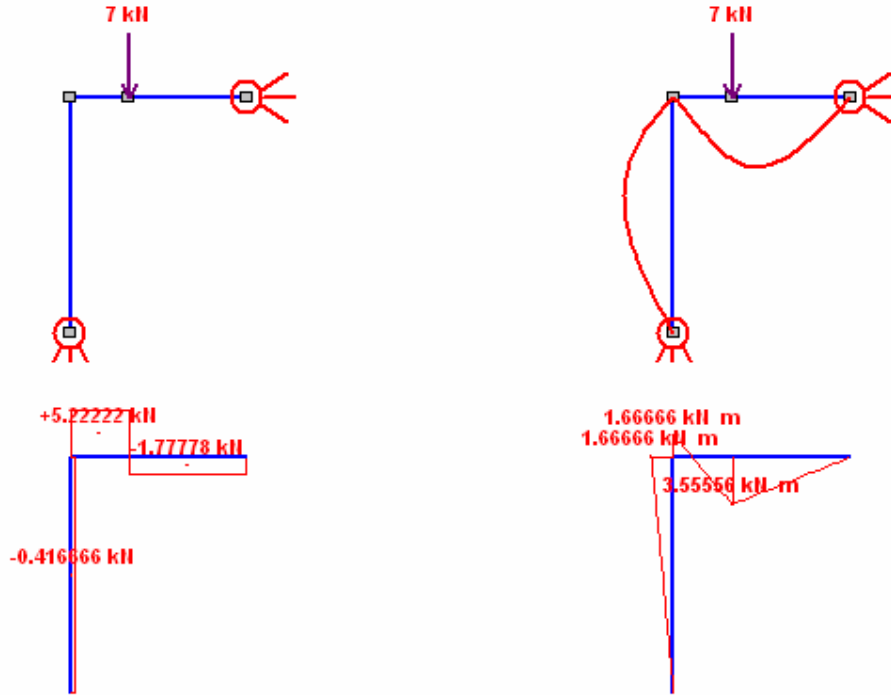
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT085		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT085
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Half portal frame (hinged) with shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT085

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT085
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]	Dx1 [mm]		Constraints
3000	4000	1000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-4.1667e+002	Th	-4.1667e+002	7.7955e-004	-0.0002
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.6667e+006	Th	1.6667e+006	-3.1184e+000	-0.0002
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-3.5556e+006	Th	-3.5556e+006	-2.0783e+000	0.0001

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

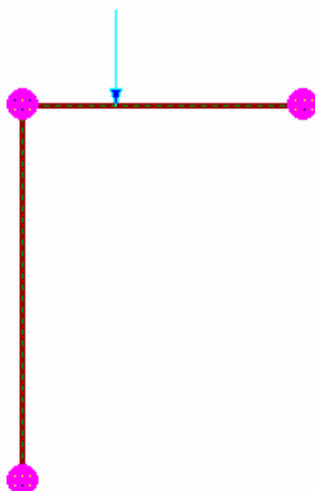
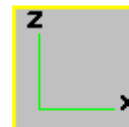
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT085BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT085BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Half portal frame (hinged) with shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT085BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT085BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]	Dx1 [mm]		Constraints
3000	4000	1000	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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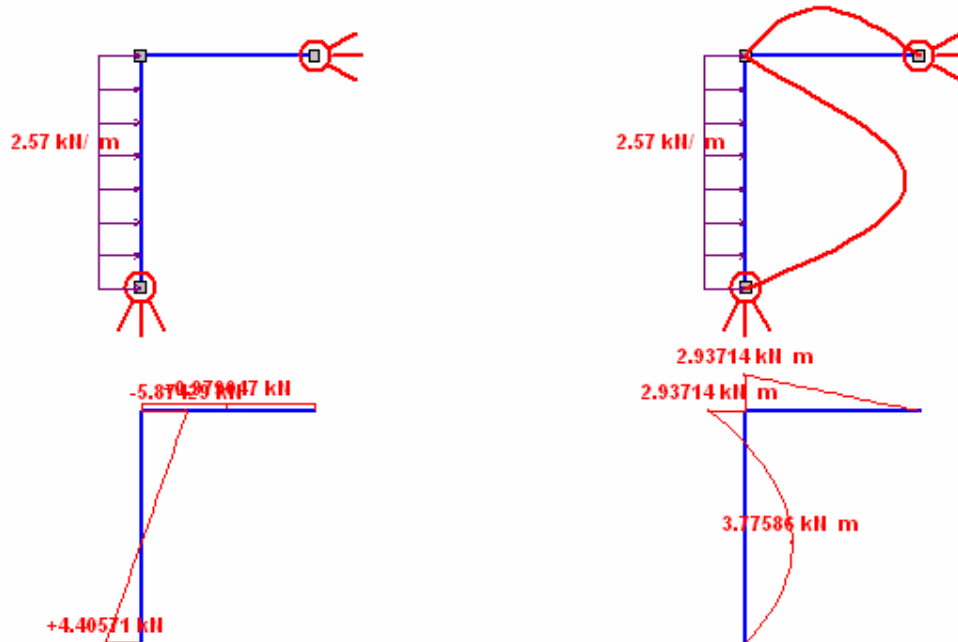
Description	T _v	T _{vk}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-4.1667e+002	Th	-4.1667e+002	7.9205e-004	-0.0002
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.7778e+003	Th	1.7778e+003	8.2246e-004	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.6667e+006	Th	1.6667e+006	-3.1684e+000	-0.0002

Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT086		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT086
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Half portal frame (hinged) with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT086

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT086
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]		Constraints
3000	4000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL**Fe360**

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005

CROSS-SECTION**Sezione1**

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	9.7905e+002	Th	9.7905e+002	-8.1583e-004	-0.0001
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-9.3132e-010	-9.3132e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-2.9371e+006	Th	-2.9371e+006	2.4475e+000	-0.0001
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	4.6566e-010	4.6566e-010	0.0000

C_v computed valueT_v target valueT_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

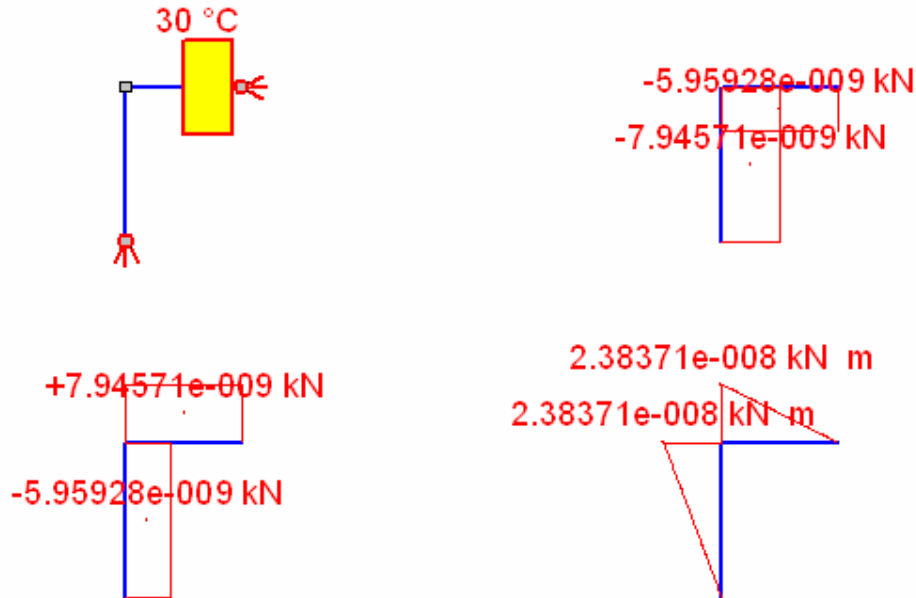
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli**Computed errors:** checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT087

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT087
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Half portal frame (hinge) with temperature increase

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT087

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT087
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
temperature	3.000e+001	Only Transverse
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-5.9593e-006	Th	-5.9593e-006	5.6889e-012	-0.0001
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-7.9457e-006	Th	-7.9457e-006	-2.4148e-012	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.7347e-017	-1.7347e-017	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.3837e-002	Th	2.3837e-002	-2.7556e-009	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

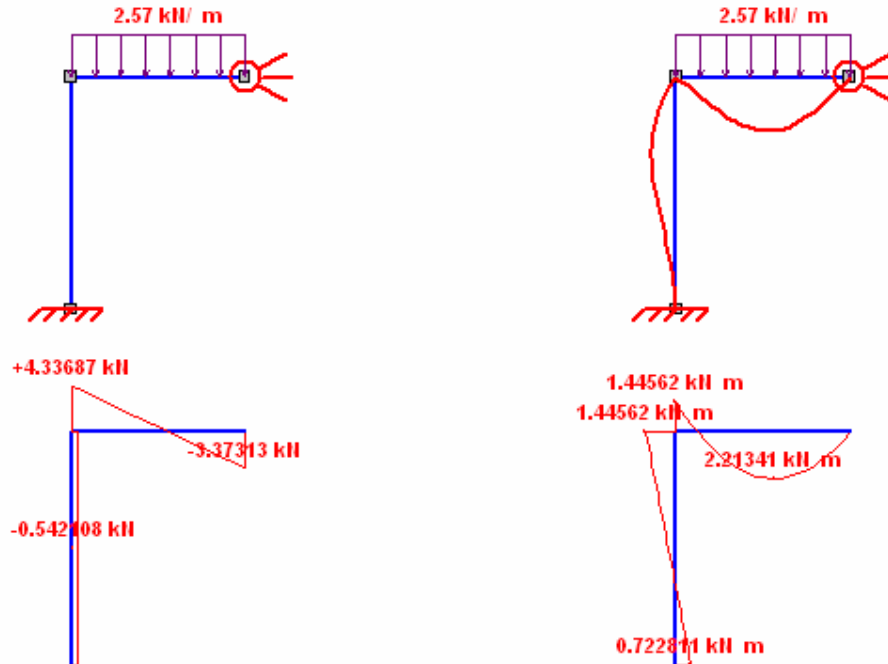
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT088

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT088
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Half portal frame (clamped-hinge) with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT088

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT088
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-5.4211e+002	Th	-5.4211e+002	1.2748e-003	-0.0002
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.2281e+005	Th	7.2281e+005	-1.9030e+000	-0.0003
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-1.4456e+006	Th	-1.4456e+006	3.1962e+000	-0.0002
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

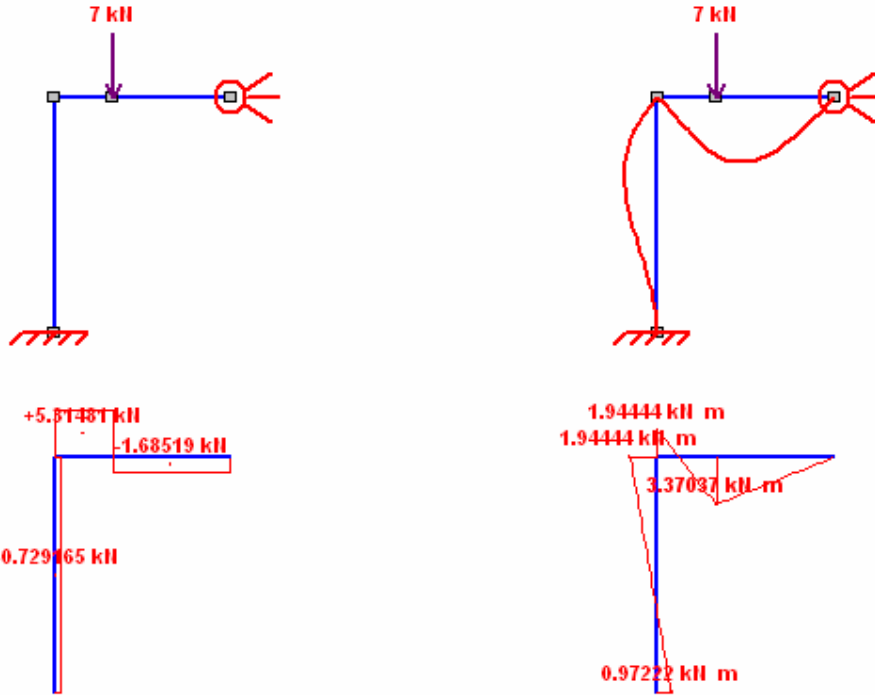
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT089

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT089
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Half portal frame (clamped-hinge) frame with shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT089

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT089
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]	Dx1 [mm]		Constraints
3000	4000	1000	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	Dx1
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_v [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.2917e+002	Th	-7.2917e+002	1.5851e-003	-0.0002
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.9444e+006	Th	1.9444e+006	-3.9529e+000	-0.0002
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	9.7222e+005	Th	9.7222e+005	-2.3868e+000	-0.0002
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

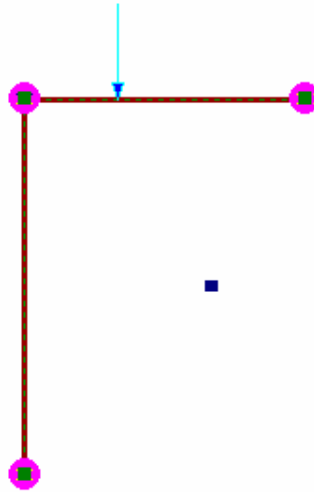
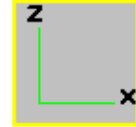
100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT089BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT089BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Half portal frame (clamped-hinge) with shear force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT089BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT089BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]	Dx1 [mm]		Constraints
3000	4000	1000	-	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force concentrated	7.000e+003	Dx1	
		-	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
---------------	----	-----------------

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.2917e+002	Th	-7.2917e+002	1.6070e-003	-0.0002
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.9444e+006	Th	1.9444e+006	-4.0113e+000	-0.0002
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	9.7222e+005	Th	9.7222e+005	-2.4160e+000	-0.0002
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-6.9849e-010	-6.9849e-010	-0.0000

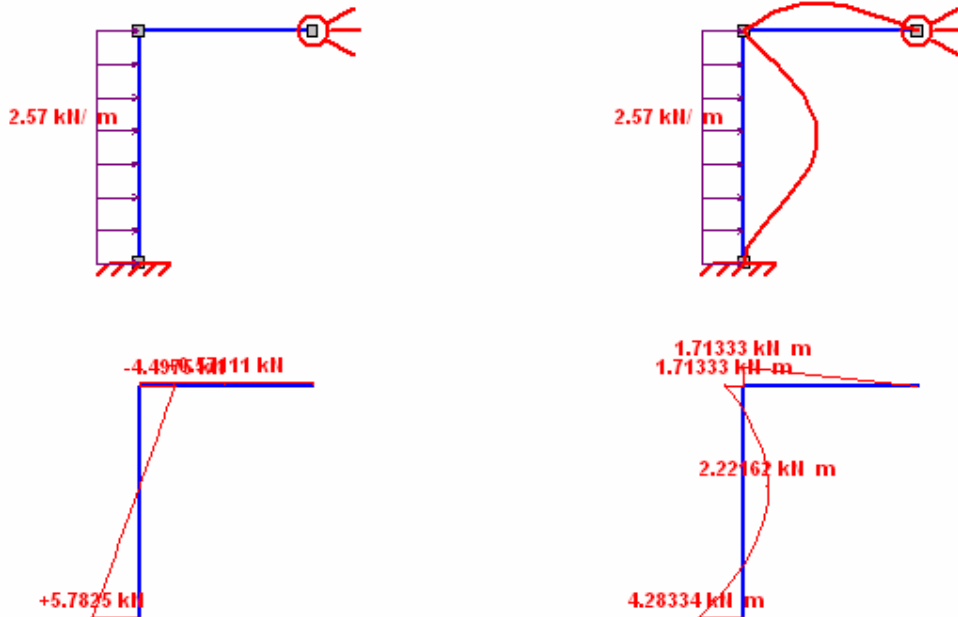
Cv computed value
 Tv target value
 TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
 Th theoretical value
 Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
 Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT090

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT090
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Half portal frame (clamped-hinge) with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT090

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT090
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	5.7825e+003	Th	5.7825e+003	1.7239e-003	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-4.2833e+006	Th	-4.2833e+006	-3.9855e+000	0.0001
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.7133e+006	Th	1.7133e+006	-2.9102e+000	-0.0002
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000

 C_v computed value

 T_v target value

 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

 100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

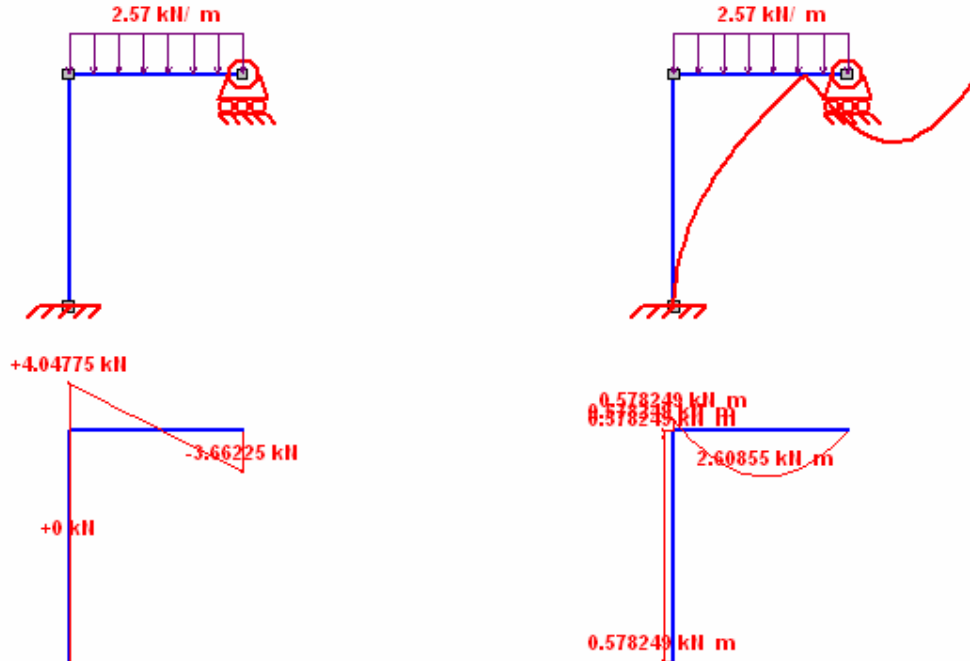
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT091

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT091
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Half portal frame (clamped, support) with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where "theoretical" values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that's why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT091

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT091
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	2.7517e-007	2.7517e-007	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-5.7825e+005	Th	-5.7825e+005	1.0787e+000	-0.0002
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-5.7825e+005	Th	-5.7825e+005	1.0798e+000	-0.0002
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-4.6566e-010	-4.6566e-010	-0.0000

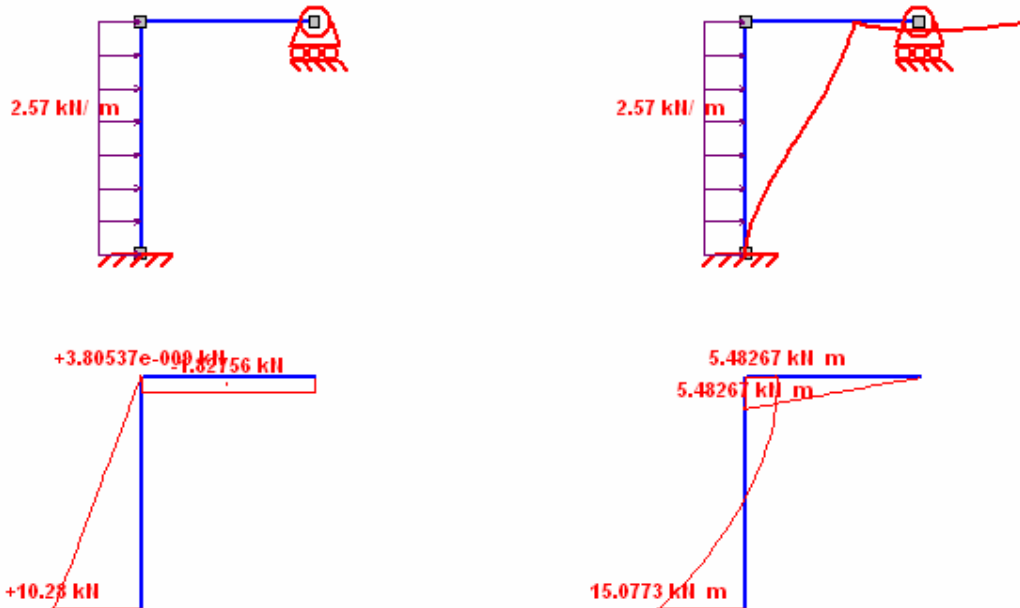
C_v computed value
T_v target value
T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
Th theoretical value
Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT092

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT092
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Half portal frame (clamped, support) with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT092

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT092
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.0280e+004	Th	1.0280e+004	2.2829e-006	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	1.8276e+003	Th	1.8276e+003	-1.6168e-004	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.5077e+007	Th	-1.5077e+007	-4.9616e-001	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-5.4827e+006	Th	-5.4827e+006	4.8403e-001	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

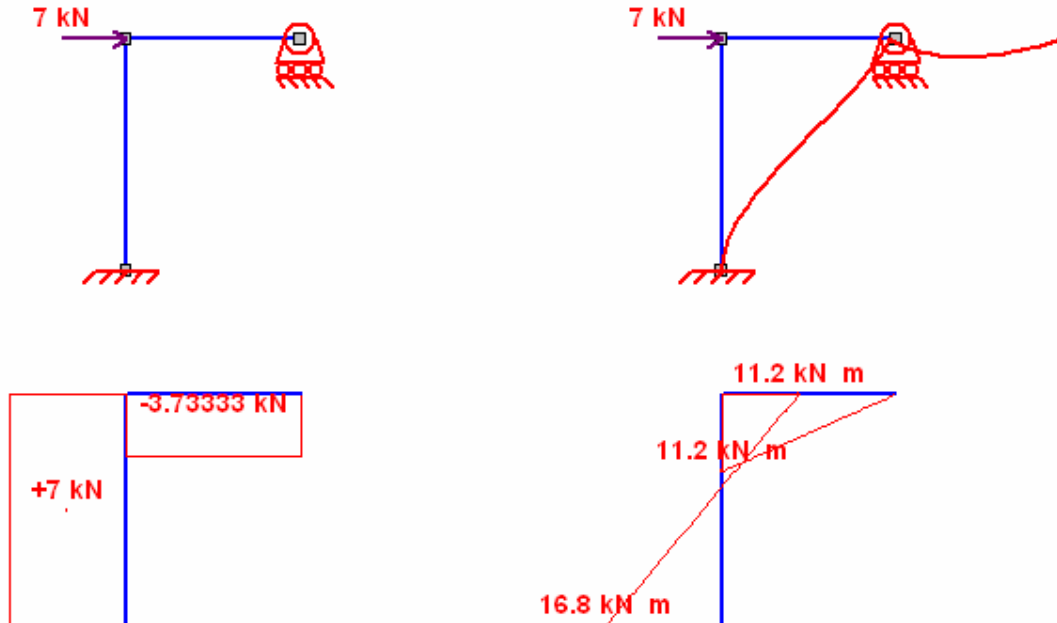
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT093		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT093
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Half portal frame (clamped, support) with horizontal force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT093

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT093
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.0000e+003	Th	7.0000e+003	3.5532e-006	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.1200e+007	Th	-1.1200e+007	9.8987e-001	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.6800e+007	Th	-1.6800e+007	-1.0041e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-9.3132e-010	-9.3132e-010	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

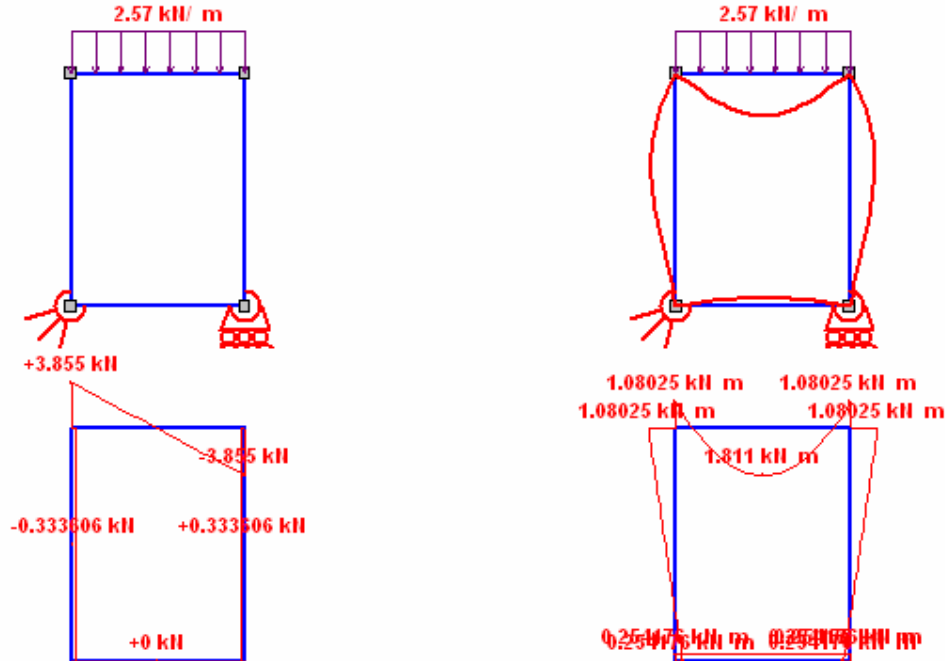
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT094

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT094
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Closed rectangular Frame with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT094

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT094
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	-9.0949e-013	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.5418e+005	Th	2.5418e+005	-1.1550e-001	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	-2.5418e+005	Th	-2.5418e+005	1.1550e-001	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-1.0802e+006	Th	-1.0802e+006	1.1573e-001	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

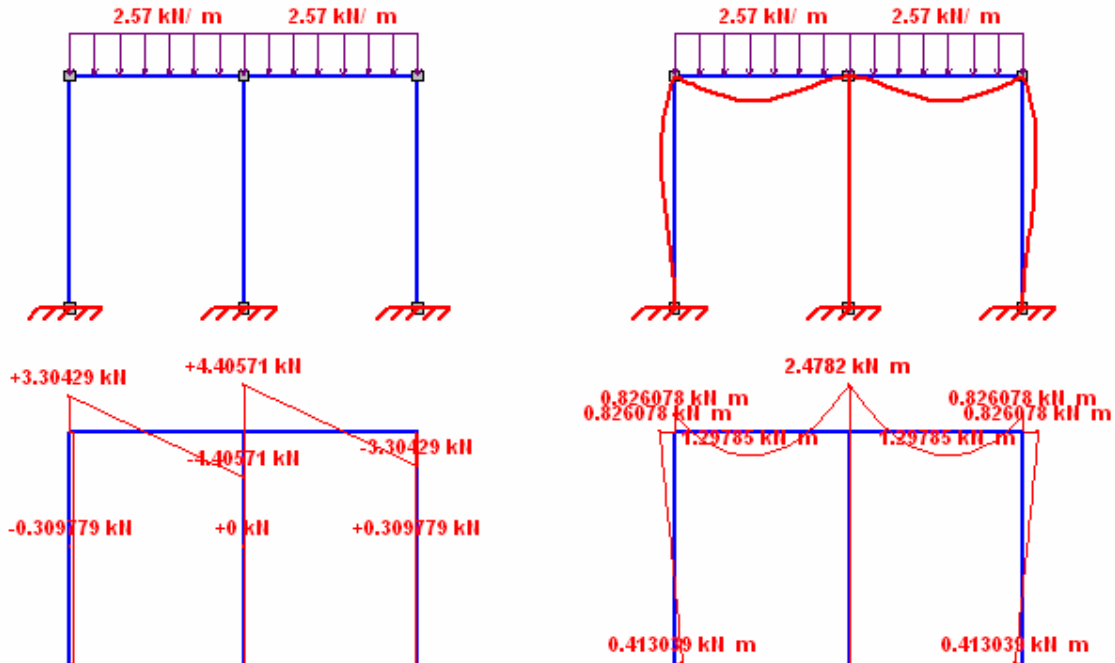
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT095

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT095
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Two-spans frame with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT095

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT095
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
6000=3000+3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-3.0978e+002	Th	-3.0978e+002	-2.2420e-003	0.0007
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 5. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-2.3548e-010	-2.3548e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	4.1304e+005	Th	4.1304e+005	2.8731e+000	0.0007
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	8.2607e+005	Th	8.2608e+005	6.0947e+000	0.0007

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

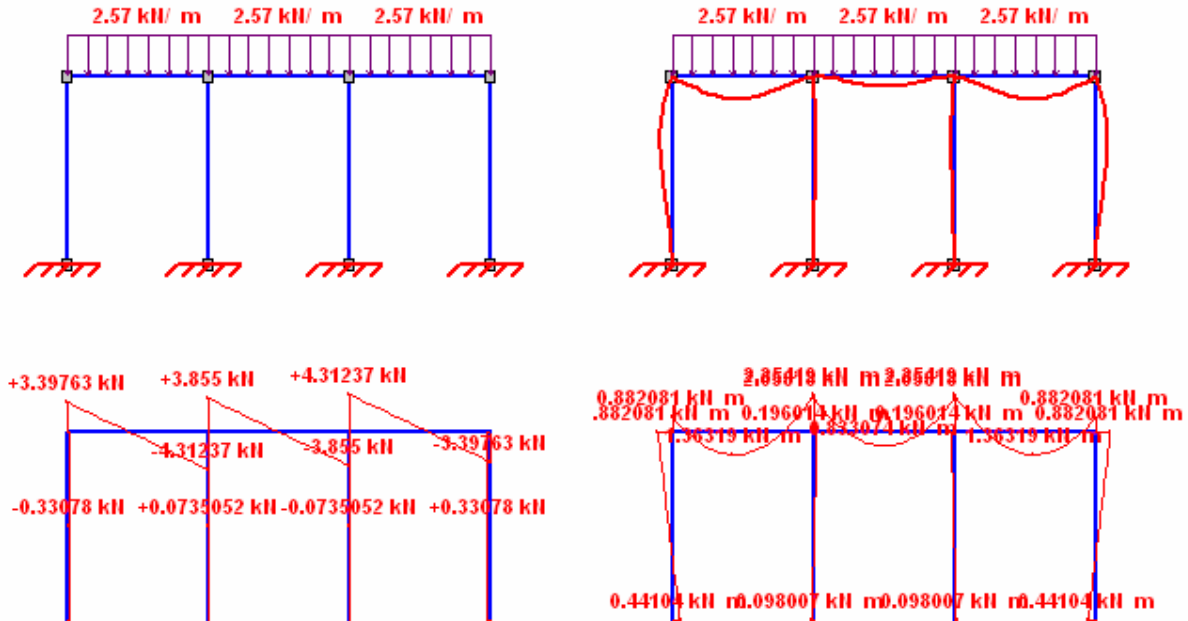
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT096

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT096
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

Three-spans frame with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Pictures are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT096

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT096
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
9000=3x3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_u [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 7. Load case # 1	3.3078e+002	Th	3.3078e+002	1.5225e-003	0.0005
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 4. Load case # 1	8.8208e+005	Th	8.8208e+005	4.2322e+000	0.0005
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	4.4104e+005	Th	4.4104e+005	1.8577e+000	0.0004
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	8.8208e+005	Th	8.8208e+005	4.2322e+000	0.0005

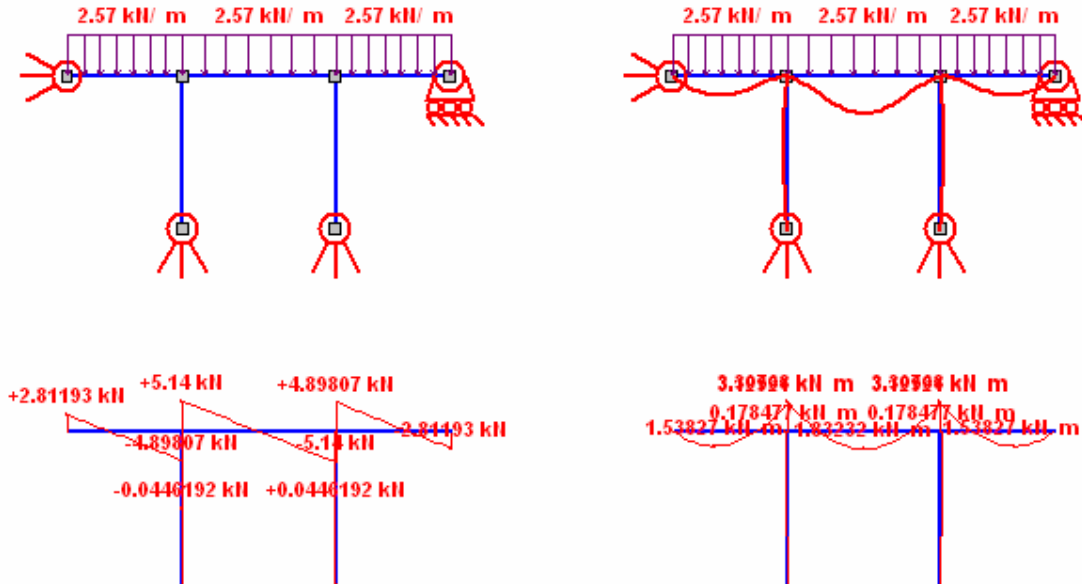
C_v computed value
T_v target value
T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
Th theoretical value
Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT097

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT097
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Hinged portal frame, double supported cantilever, distributed constant load.

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT097

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT097
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
9000=3x3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 4. Load case # 1	-4.4618e+001	Th	-4.4619e+001	-1.1158e-003	0.0025
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.1292e+006	Th	3.1292e+006	-7.4334e+000	-0.0002
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-3.3077e+006	Th	-3.3077e+006	2.9701e+000	-0.0001

 C_v computed value

 T_v target value

 T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

 100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

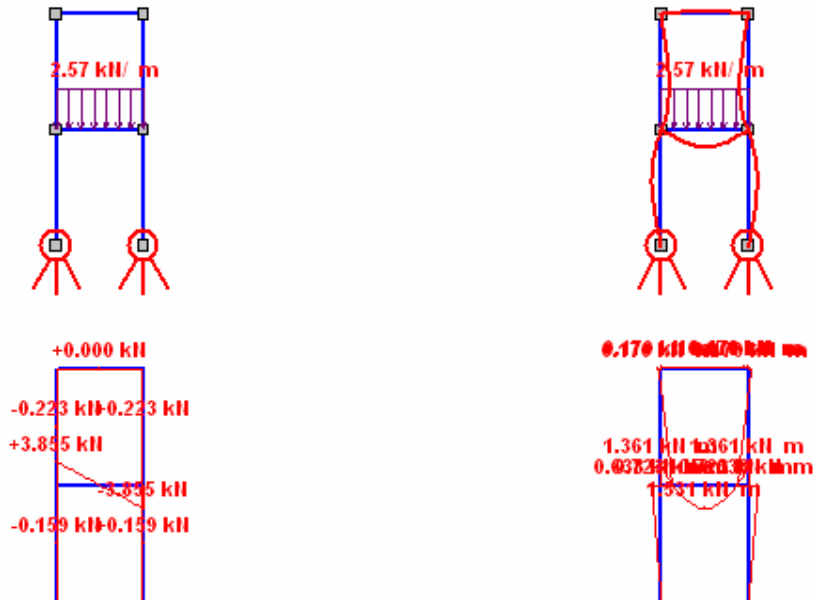
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT098

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT098
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

Two-floors frame with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT098

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT098
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	8000=4000+4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL**Fe360**

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION**Sezione1**

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.5944e+002	Th	-1.5944e+002	-1.2372e-005	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	7.2281e+005	Th	7.2281e+005	-7.7355e-002	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 5. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	0.0000e+000	0.0000e+000	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.3778e+005	Th	6.3778e+005	4.9388e-002	0.0000

C_v computed valueT_v target valueT_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli**Computed errors:** checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT099

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT099
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	8000=4000+4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_y [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	4.7833e+001	Th	4.7833e+001	-4.4954e-005	-0.0001
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	3.6141e+005	Th	3.6141e+005	-2.3599e-001	-0.0001
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 5. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.4552e-011	-1.4552e-011	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.9133e+005	Th	-1.9133e+005	1.7981e-001	-0.0001

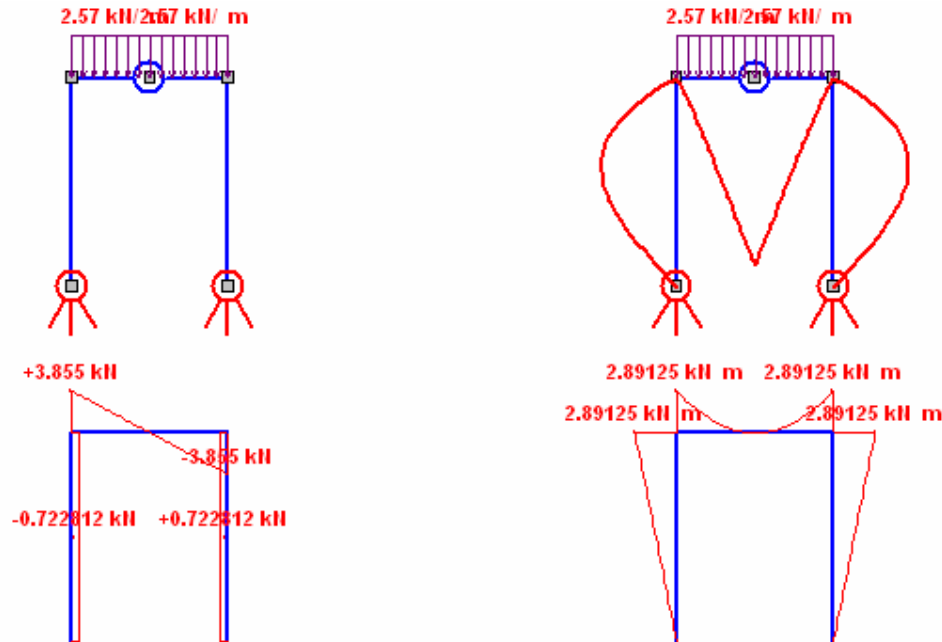
C_v computed value
T_v target value
T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).
Th theoretical value
Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).
Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).
100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli
Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT100

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT100
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

3 hinges portal with distributed constant load

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT100

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT100
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
force distributed	2.570e+000	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL
Fe360

f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION
Sezione1

A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.2281e+002	Th	-7.2281e+002	4.5475e-013	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	3.8550e+003	Th	3.8550e+003	-3.6380e-012	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-2.3283e-010	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 4. Load case # 1	2.8913e+006	Th	2.8912e+006	-9.3132e-010	-0.0000

C_v computed value

T_v target value

T_{vK} target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

100(T_v - C_v) / C_v relative error percentage

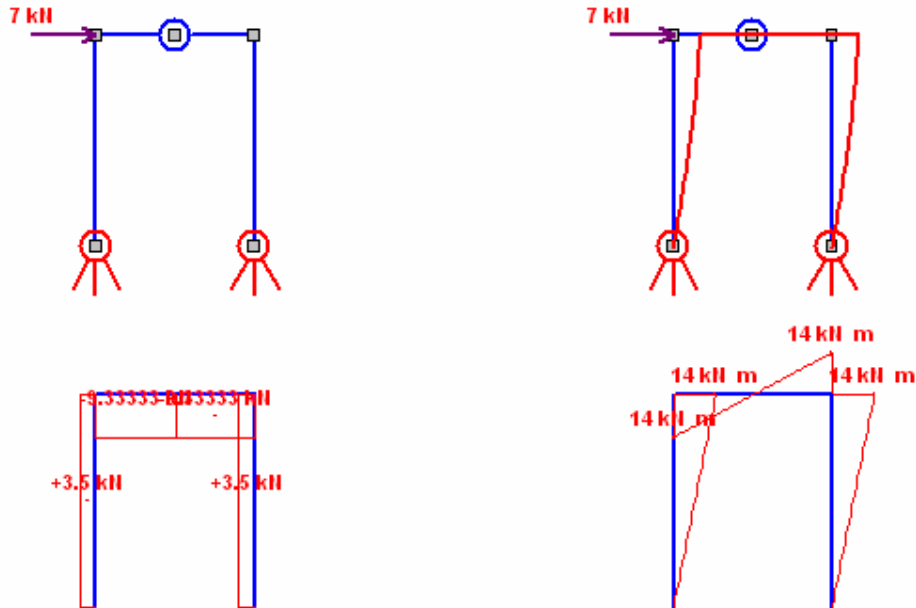
Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT101

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT101
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)


Problem description:

3 hinges portal with horizontal force

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

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Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT101

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT101
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS

Full Length [mm]	Full Height [mm]			Constraints
3000	4000	-	-	As shown

LOAD

Type	Value	Point of application
NODAL FORCE	7.000e+003	-
		-
		-
		-

MATERIAL

					Fe360
f_y [N/mm ²]	f_{yk} [N/mm ²]	E [N/mm ²]	ν	α	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION

					Sezione1
A [mm ²]	J ₂ [mm ⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]	W ₂ [mm ³]	W ₃ [mm ³]
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl3} [mm ³]	i ₂ [mm]	i ₃ [mm]	i _t [mm]	
1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	1.000e+000	

OTHER DATA

TARGET VALUES vs COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	T _{vK}	C _v	(C _v - T _v)	100 $\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	3.5000e+003	Th	3.5000e+003	-5.2418e-006	-0.0000
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	-9.3333e+003	Th	-9.3333e+003	1.3645e-005	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 3. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	4.6566e-010	4.6566e-010	0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 4. Load case # 1	1.4000e+007	Th	1.4000e+007	-2.0967e-002	-0.0000

Cv computed value

Tv target value

TvK target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$ relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Authors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli

Computed errors: checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.



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