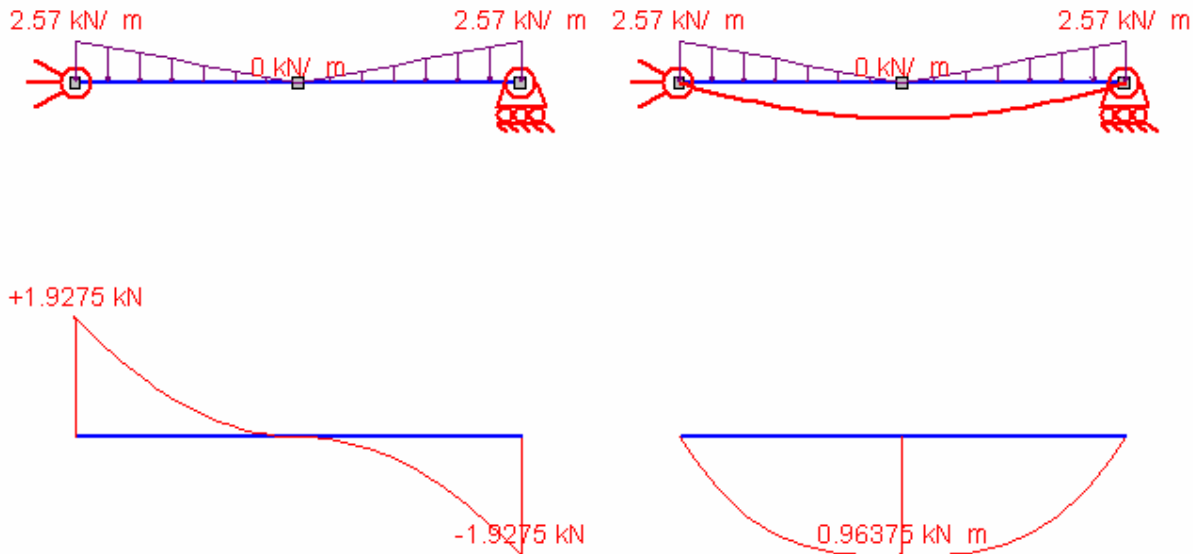


**TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA\_STAT022**

SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT022
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



**Problem description:**

Simply supported beam with two distributed linear loads

**Keywords (english):** validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

**Keywords (italian):** validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

**Editorial note:**

Picture are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely not been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

**Note:**

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

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**GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS**

Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]			Constraints
3000	1500	-	-	As shown

**LOAD**

Type	Value	Point of application
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	Left end-Dx1
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx1-Right end
		-
		-

**MATERIAL**
**Fe360**

$f_v$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	$f_u$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	E [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	$\nu$	$\alpha$	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

**CROSS-SECTION**
**IPE200**

A [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	$J_2$ [mm <sup>4</sup> ]	$J_3$ [mm <sup>4</sup> ]	$J_t$ [mm <sup>4</sup> ]	$W_2$ [mm <sup>3</sup> ]	$W_3$ [mm <sup>3</sup> ]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
$W_{pl2}$ [mm <sup>3</sup> ]	$W_{pl3}$ [mm <sup>3</sup> ]	$i_2$ [mm]	$i_3$ [mm]	$i_t$ [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

**OTHER DATA**


**TARGET VALUES**
**vs**
**COMPUTED VALUES**

Description	$T_v$	$T_{vK}$	$C_v$	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	1.9275e+003	Th	1.9275e+003	<b>-4.5475e-013</b>	<b>-0.0000</b>
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-9.0949e-013	<b>-9.0949e-013</b>	<b>-0.0000</b>
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	6.4028e-010	<b>6.4028e-010</b>	<b>0.0000</b>
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	9.6375e+005	Th	9.6375e+005	<b>1.1642e-009</b>	<b>0.0000</b>

$C_v$  computed value

$T_v$  target value

$T_{vK}$  target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).

Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

$100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$  relative error percentage

Computational notes:

**Authors:** Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli  
**Computed errors:** checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

