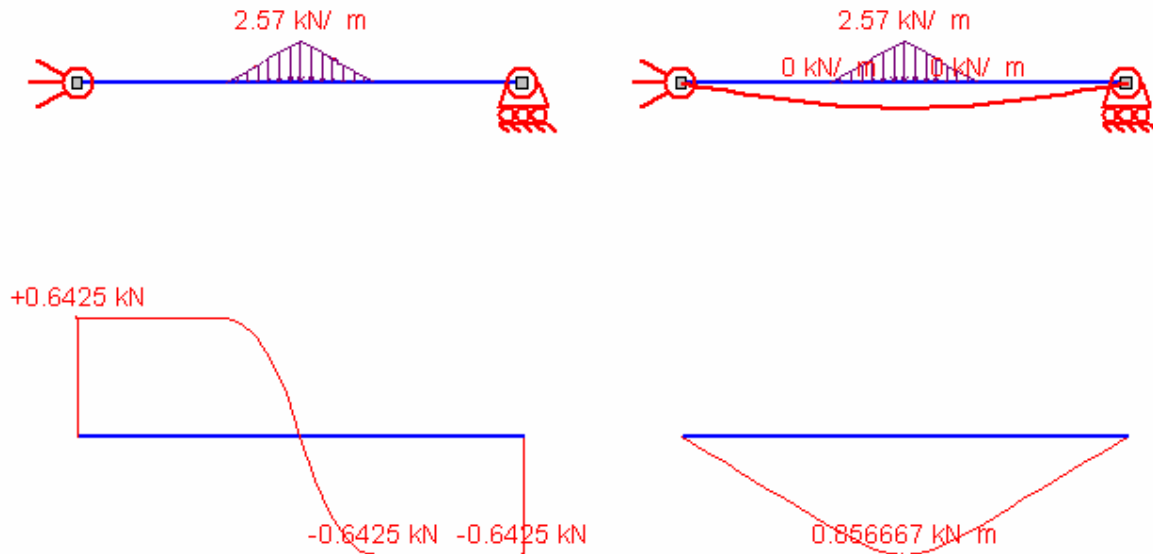


TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT021BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT021BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



**Problem description:**

Simply supported beam with two internal distributed linear loads

**Keywords (english):** validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure

**Keywords (italian):** validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

**Editorial note:**

Picture are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where “theoretical” values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that’s why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

**Note:**

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.

TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT021BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT021BIS
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GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS				
Full Length [mm]	Dx1 [mm]	Dx2 [mm]	Dx3 [mm]	Constraints
3000	1000	1500	2000	As shown

LOAD			
Type	Value	Point of application	
force linearly distributed	0.000e+000- 2.570e+000	Dx1-Dx2	
force linearly distributed	2.570e+000- 0.000e+000	Dx2-Dx3	
		-	
		-	

MATERIAL					Fe360
$f_y$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	$f_u$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	E [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	$\nu$	$\alpha$	
2.350e+002	3.600e+002	2.060e+005	3.000e-001	1.200e-005	

CROSS-SECTION					IPE200
A [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	$J_2$ [mm <sup>4</sup> ]	$J_3$ [mm <sup>4</sup> ]	$J_t$ [mm <sup>4</sup> ]	$W_2$ [mm <sup>3</sup> ]	$W_3$ [mm <sup>3</sup> ]
2.981e+003	2.051e+007	1.540e+006	6.254e+004	2.051e+005	3.081e+004
$W_{pl2}$ [mm <sup>3</sup> ]	$W_{pl3}$ [mm <sup>3</sup> ]	$i_2$ [mm]	$i_3$ [mm]	$i_t$ [mm]	
2.597e+005	4.776e+004	8.296e+001	2.273e+001	2.887e+001	

OTHER DATA					

TARGET VALUES	vs	COMPUTED VALUES
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Description	$T_v$	$T_{vK}$	$C_v$	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100 \frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.4250e+002	Th	6.4250e+002	<b>1.2850e-004</b>	<b>0.0000</b>
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	6.4250e+002	Th	6.4250e+002	<b>1.2850e-004</b>	<b>0.0000</b>
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	1.7462e-010	<b>1.7462e-010</b>	<b>0.0000</b>
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.1642e-010	<b>-1.1642e-010</b>	<b>-0.0000</b>

$C_v$  computed value  
 $T_v$  target value  
 $T_{vK}$  target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).  
     Th theoretical value  
     Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).  
     Ac accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).  
 $100(T_v - C_v) / C_v$  relative error percentage

Computational notes:

**Authors:** Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli  
**Computed errors:** checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

