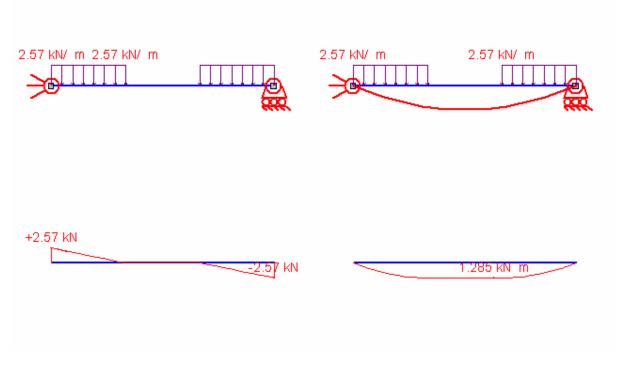


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CASTALIA_STAT015BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT015BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)



Problem description:

TECT COLEDUI E

Simply supported beam with two internal distributed constant loads

Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability,

quality control, beam, error measure

Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità,

controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Picture are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where "theoretical" values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that's why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.



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TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT015BIS		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT015BIS
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

			GE	OMETRY 8	& CON	STRAIN	ITS				
Full Length	[mm]	m] Dx1 [mm]				Dx2 [mm]				Constraints	
3000				1000			2000		_		As shown
LOAD]										
	Туре	rpe Value				Po	Point of application				
force line	early distr	distributed 2.			2.570e+000- 2.570e+000			Left end-Dx1			
force line	arly distributed 2.570e+000- 2.570e+000			Dx2-Right end							
					-						
	Ī								-		
MATERIAL					1			ı			Fe360
f _y [N/mm ²]	f _u [N/n			[N/mm²]			α				
2.350e+002	3.6006	+002	2.0	060e+005	3.000	0e-001	1.200e-005				
CROSS-SECTION	ON										IPE200
A [mm ²]		J ₂ [mm ⁶	⁴]	J ₃ [mm ⁴]		J _t [mm ⁴]		W ₂ [mm ³]		٧	V_3 [mm 3]
2.981e+003	3 2	051e+007		1.5406	1.540e+006				051e+005	3.	081e+004
$W_{pl2} [mm^3]$	V	$W_{pl3}[mm^3]$		i ₂ [m	i ₂ [mm]		₃ [mm]		i _t [mm]		
2.597e+00	5 4	.776e+	004	8.296e+001 2.2		73e+001 2.887e+001					
OTHER DATA											

TARGET VALUES VS COMPUTED VALUES

Description	Τ _ν	T_{vK}	C _v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100\frac{T_{v}-C_{v}}{C_{v}}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.5700e+003	Th	2.5700e+003	-2.5700e-004	-0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	2.5700e+003	Th	2.5700e+003	-2.5700e-004	-0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.1642e-010	-1.1642e-010	-0.0000
Bending M2, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-2.3283e-010	-2.3283e-010	-0.0000

Cv Tv TvK computed value

target value target value kind (theoretical, cross check, accepted).

Th theoretical value

Cr cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different

program are used as target values).

accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).

Ac 100(Tv - Cv) / Cv relative error percentage

Computational notes:

Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl. Authors: Computed errors:

