



Problem description:

Cantilever with internal shear force

- Keywords (english): validation, benchmark, statics, finite elements, fem, solver, precision, reliability, quality control, beam, error measure
- Keywords (italian): validazione, benchmark, statica, elementi finiti, fem, solutore, precisione, affidabilità, controllo qualità, travi, misura di errore

Editorial note:

Picture are from program CESCOPLUS, a plane frame program by Castalia srl. CESCOPLUS uses its own solver to compute displacement and stresses. Target values are based on theoretical values, cross check values or accepted values. Where "theoretical" values are used, target values have been computed using well known formulae and/or published results, they have absolutely *not* been taken equal to those shown in pictures, which have been obtained by CESCOPLUS (since this schedule tests Sargon, the check would have otherwise been a cross check between CESCOPLUS and SARGON). Target values equalness with picture values – if shown - is thus a consequence of CESCOPLUS precision, the assessment of which is not the main goal of this schedule. CESCOPLUS results are shown to easy the careful cheking of stress state and the understanding of the test itself. Since Sargon is a 3D program its graphical conventions about constraints are not as easy to understand as those of CESCOPLUS, that's why CESCOPLUS pictures have been used to describe the problem.

Note:

Shear area is not used, that is shear energy neglected. Dxi and Dzi are the offsets from lower Z alignment leftmost available node.



TEST SCHEDULE CASTALIA_STAT008		
SOLVING	BEAM PROBLEM	SOL.SAR.STAT008
FINITE ELEMENT	SOLVER	CLEVER (SARGON ©)

GEOMETRY & CONSTRAINTS										
Full Length [n	nm]	Dx.	l [mm]						Constraints	
3000			2000		-			-	As shown	
LOAD										
T	уре		Value			Point of application				
NODAL	NODAL FORCE			7.000e+003			Dx1			
							-			
							-			
				-						
MATERIAL	MATERIAL								Fe360	
f _v [N/mm ²]	f _u [N/mm ²]	Ε[V/mm^2] V		α					
2.350e+002	3.600e+00	2 2.0	60e+005 3.000e-001		1.200e-0	05				
CROSS-SECTION IPE200										
A [mm ²]	A $[mm^2]$ J ₂ $[mm^4]$ J ₃ $[mm^4]$		m⁴]	J _t [mm ⁴]		W ₂ [mm ³]		W_3 [mm ³]		
2.981e+003		e+007	1.540e+006		6.254e+004		2.051e+00	05	3.081e+004	
W _{pl2} [mm ³]	W _{pl2} [mm ³] W _{pl3} [mm ³] i ₂ [mm]		m]	i₃ [mm]		i _t [mm]				
2.597e+005	2.597e+005 4.776e+004 8.296e+001		+001	2.273e+001		2.887e+00	01			
OTHER DATA										

TARGET VALUES

COMPUTED VALUES

Description	T _v	Т _{vК}	C _v	$(C_v - T_v)$	$100\frac{T_v - C_v}{C_v}$
Shear T3, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	7.0000e+003	Th	7.0000e+003	3.6380e-011	0.0000
Shear T3, J extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-7.0000e+003	Th	-7.0000e+003	-3.6380e-011	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 1. Load case # 1	-1.4000e+007	Th	-1.4000e+007	-1.0803e-007	0.0000
Bending M2, I extreme. Beam # 2. Load case # 1	0.0000e+000	Th	-1.8626e-008	-1.8626e-008	-0.0000

vs

Cv Tv	computed value target value				
TvK		aratical grass shack assented)			
IVIX	···· 3··· ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Th th	heoretical value			
		cross check value (theoretical target value is not known, results obtained with a different program are used as target values).			
	Ac a	accepted value (a value which, on the basis of some argument, can be considered acceptable).			
100(Tv - Cv) / Cv	relative error percentage				

Computational notes:

Authors: Computed errors: Ing. Marco Croci, Ing. Paolo Rugarli checksolvers.exe, by Castalia srl.

